

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 66.078, 301.571)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 66.078, 301.571)
contains.

CIELCh(16, 66.474, 301.715)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(16, 66.474, 301.715)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01187B
RGB	1, 24, 123
RGB Percent	0%, 9%, 48%
CMY	0.9947, 0.9055, 0.5172
CMYK	0.99, 0.80, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	229°, 98%, 24%
HSV	229°, 99%, 48%
XYZ	3.9286, 2.0993, 18.9786
YIQ	28.4090, -45.4870, 25.9130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

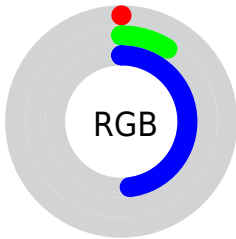
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 20, 123
Decimal	71803
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 34.95, -56.55
CIE _{LCh}	16, 66.474, 301.715
Yxy	2.0993, 0.1571, 0.0840
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278261883 (0xFF01187B)
YUV	28.4090, 46.6334, -24.0377
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 23.0429, -67.5195

Details

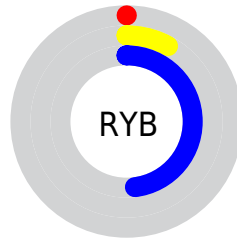
The CIELCh color **16, 66.474, 301.715** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **43, 50.016, 89.686**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 66.849, 301.855**, and **4, 51.274, 304.193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 67.179, 301.948**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 59.668, 299.199**.

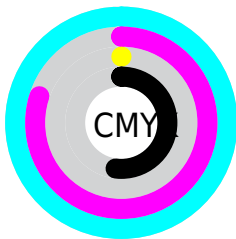
Distribution



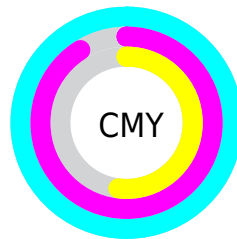
- Red (0%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 66.474, 301.715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 66.474, 301.715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 66.474,
301.715

■ 16, 66.474,
301.715

■ 100, 66.474,
301.715

■ 6, 66.474, 301.715

■ 36, 66.474,
301.715

■ 0, 66.474, 301.715

■ 46, 66.474,
301.715


■ 56, 66.474,
301.715


■ 66, 66.474,
301.715


■ 76, 66.474,
301.715


■ 86, 66.474,

301.715


 96, 66.474,
301.715


 16, 66.474,
301.715


 16, 66.474,
301.715

 16, 67.179,
301.948

 19, 59.668,
299.199

 22, 52.401,
296.385

 25, 45.067,
293.617

 29, 37.883,
291.046

 33, 30.927,
288.744

■ 37, 24.205,
286.729

■ 40, 17.705,
284.986

■ 44, 11.409,
283.487

■ 48, 5.299, 282.205

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 66.474, 301.715



43, 50.016, 89.686

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 66.474, 301.715



16, 66.474, 351.715



16, 66.474, 121.715



16, 66.474, 171.715

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 66.475, 301.716



52, 22.912, 285.286



46, 35.773, 171.711



25, 15.839, 285.880



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 66.475, 301.716



22, 83.265, 302.591



15, 74.812, 308.588



24, 3.338, 282.224



16, 67.984, 301.989



36, 119.622, 303.319

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 53.220, 27.893



33, 65.986, 29.803



47, 59.119, 119.325



24, 2.936, 4.989



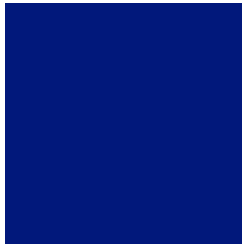
25, 54.316, 28.433



53, 94.006, 31.539

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 66.474, 301.715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 66.474, 301.715 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

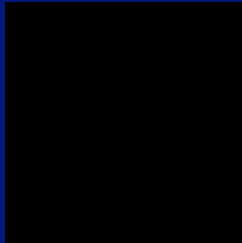
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 66.474, 301.715

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 66.474, 301.715.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 66.474, 301.715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


16, 66.474, 301.715

Protanopia

16, 31.115, 282.342

Deuteranopia

16, 21.433, 265.539



Tritanopia
16, 14.775, 202.010

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 66.474, 301.715

Protanomaly
16, 44.498, 293.421

Deuteranomaly
15, 37.857, 289.292

Tritanomaly
15, 26.781, 278.373

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 66.474, 301.715

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 26.173, 292.479

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 66.474, 301.715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 24, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 24, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 24, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 24, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 66.474, 301.715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 24, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 24, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 24, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 24, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 24, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 24, 123)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 66.474, 301.715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 24, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 24,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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