

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 8.482, 324.421)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 8.482, 324.421) contains.

CIELCh(16, 8.191, 322.553)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(16, 8.191, 322.553)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E252F
RGB	46, 37, 47
RGB Percent	18%, 15%, 18%
CMY	0.8200, 0.8553, 0.8161
CMYK	0.02, 0.21, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	294°, 12%, 16%
HSV	294°, 21%, 18%
XYZ	2.2911, 2.0993, 2.9624
YIQ	40.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

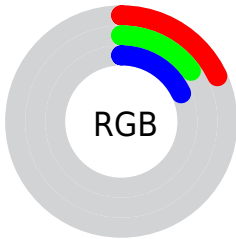
Format	Color
RYB	46, 37, 47
Decimal	3024175
CIELab	16.00, 6.50, -4.98
CIELCh	16, 8.191, 322.553
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3116, 0.2855
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281214255 (0xFF2E252F)
YUV	40.8310, 3.0413, 4.5332
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 2.8695, -1.9799

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 8.191, 322.553** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18, 8.155, 140.762**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 8.043, 322.489**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 12.061, 322.952**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 4.327, 322.143**.

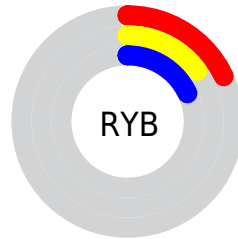
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (15%)

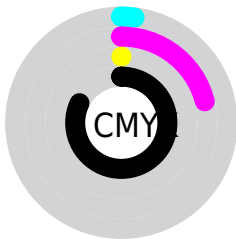
Blue (18%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (18%)

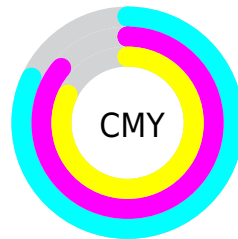


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (82%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 8.191, 322.553 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 8.191, 322.553 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16, 8.191, 322.553

 16, 8.191, 322.553

 100, 8.191,
322.553

 6, 8.191, 322.553

 36, 8.191, 322.553

 0, 8.191, 322.553

 46, 8.191, 322.553

 56, 8.191, 322.553

 66, 8.191, 322.553

 76, 8.191, 322.553

 86, 8.191, 322.553

 96, 8.191, 322.553

■ 16, 8.191, 322.553

■ 16, 8.191, 322.553

■ 14, 12.061,
322.952

■ 18, 4.327, 322.143

■ 13, 15.894,
323.337

■ 19, 0.503, 321.595

■ 12, 19.626,
323.696

■ 21, 3.260, 141.403

■ 10, 23.179,
324.017

■ 24, 10.549,
140.648

■ 9, 26.455, 324.285

■ 26, 14.064,
140.301

■ 8, 29.373, 324.489

■ 27, 17.490,
139.974

■ 7, 32.298, 324.678

■ 6, 34.807, 324.777

■ 29, 20.828,
139.666

■ 31, 24.079,
139.377

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 8.191, 322.553



18, 8.155, 140.762

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 8.191, 322.553



16, 8.191, 12.553



16, 8.191, 142.553



16, 8.191, 192.553

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 8.190, 322.553



25, 2.862, 321.929



15, 6.235, 287.082



11, 1.853, 321.925



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 8.190, 322.553



21, 12.522, 322.800



16, 6.460, 339.183



7, 1.913, 321.571



17, 52.981, 324.634



47, 102.011, 324.317

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 5.036, 12.690



20, 7.810, 13.268



18, 6.382, 156.495



7, 1.125, 11.373



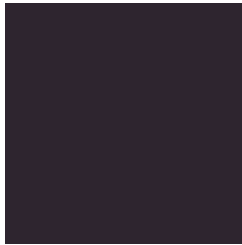
16, 42.245, 29.478



45, 87.392, 36.282

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 8.191, 322.553 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

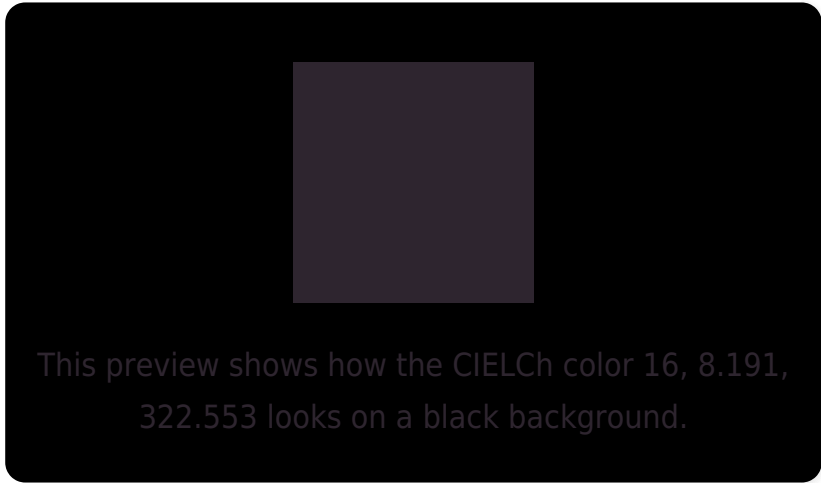
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

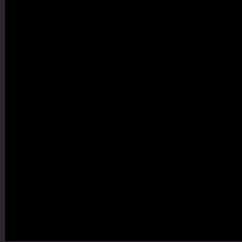
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 8.191, 322.553

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 8.191, 322.553.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 8.191, 322.553.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 8.191, 322.553

Protanopia

16, 7.027, 288.451

Deuteranopia

16, 5.703, 300.845



Tritanopia
16, 4.002, 348.795

Trichromacy



Original Color

16, 8.191, 322.553

Protanomaly

16, 7.187, 302.875

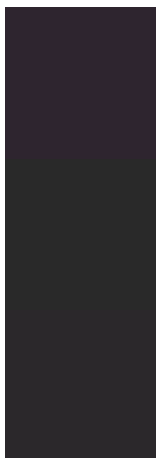
Deuteranomaly

16, 6.755, 311.667

Tritanomaly

16, 4.860, 334.549

Monochromacy



Original Color

16, 8.191, 322.553

Achromatopsia

17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

17, 2.550, 324.713

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 16, 8.191, 322.553 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 37, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 37, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 37, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 37, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 8.191, 322.553 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 37, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 37, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 37, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 37, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 37, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 37, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 8.191, 322.553 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 37, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 37,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor