

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 8.625, 302.974)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 8.625, 302.974) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 8.647, 304.246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A2632
RGB	42, 38, 50
RGB Percent	16%, 15%, 20%
CMY	0.8357, 0.8514, 0.8043
CMYK	0.16, 0.24, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	260°, 14%, 17%
HSV	260°, 24%, 20%
XYZ	2.2140, 2.0993, 3.2943
YIQ	40.5640, -1.4680, 4.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

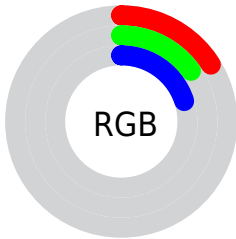
Format	Color
R_{YB}	42, 38, 50
Decimal	2762290
CIE Lab	16.00, 4.87, -7.15
CIE LCh	16, 8.647, 304.246
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2910, 0.2759
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280952370 (0xFF2A2632)
YUV	40.5640, 4.6519, 1.2594
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 1.9207, -3.3381

Details

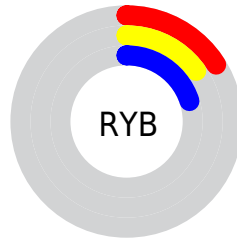
The CIELCh color **16, 8.647, 304.246** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20, 8.333, 121.951**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 8.273, 302.841**, and **0, 0.403, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 12.414, 304.835**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 4.979, 303.706**.

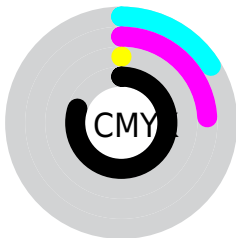
Distribution



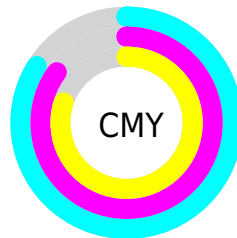
- Red (16%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 8.647, 304.246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 8.647, 304.246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 8.647, 304.246

■ 16, 8.647, 304.246

■ 100, 8.647,
304.246

■ 6, 8.647, 304.246

■ 36, 8.647, 304.246

■ 0, 8.647, 304.246

■ 46, 8.647, 304.246

■ 56, 8.647, 304.246

■ 66, 8.647, 304.246

■ 76, 8.647, 304.246

■ 86, 8.647, 304.246

■ 96, 8.647, 304.246

■ 16, 8.647, 304.246

■ 16, 8.647, 304.246

■ 14, 12.414,
304.835

■ 18, 4.979, 303.706

■ 12, 16.273,
305.474

■ 20, 1.414, 303.211

■ 10, 20.200,
306.153

■ 22, 2.048, 122.804

■ 8, 24.156, 306.854

■ 26, 8.677, 122.066

■ 7, 27.683, 307.070

■ 28, 11.852,
121.761

■ 5, 30.230, 306.384

■ 30, 14.940,
121.492

■ 4, 32.444, 305.440

■ 32, 17.945,
121.255

■ 3, 33.690, 304.851

■ 33, 20.872,
121.047

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 8.647, 304.246



20, 8.333, 121.951

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 8.647, 304.246



16, 8.647, 354.246



16, 8.647, 124.246



16, 8.647, 174.246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 8.646, 304.245



25, 3.022, 303.373



18, 4.393, 235.539



12, 1.984, 303.365



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 8.646, 304.245



20, 12.930, 304.618



17, 9.527, 320.199



8, 1.978, 303.390



9, 59.483, 309.520



30, 114.335, 308.683

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 7.959, 337.107



21, 11.815, 337.536



19, 9.445, 138.304



8, 1.846, 336.095



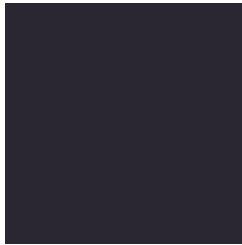
18, 42.649, 345.619



48, 79.848, 347.685

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 8.647, 304.246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

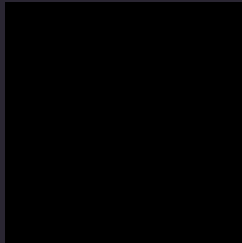
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 8.647, 304.246

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 8.647, 304.246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 8.647, 304.246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 8.647, 304.246

Protanopia

16, 8.447, 286.567

Deuteranopia

16, 7.720, 292.215



Tritanopia
16, 2.323, 314.879

Trichromacy



Original Color

16, 8.647, 304.246

Protanomaly

16, 8.420, 292.392

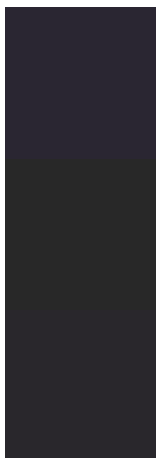
Deuteranomaly

16, 7.739, 295.473

Tritanomaly

16, 4.327, 303.657

Monochromacy



Original Color

16, 8.647, 304.246

Achromatopsia

16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

16, 3.646, 305.957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 8.647, 304.246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 38, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 38, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 38, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 38, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 8.647, 304.246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 38, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 38, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 38, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 38, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 38, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 38, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 8.647, 304.246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 38, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 38,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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