

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 84.386, 305.591)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 84.386, 305.591)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 84.349, 305.622)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01068E
RGB	1, 6, 142
RGB Percent	0%, 2%, 56%
CMY	0.9942, 0.9760, 0.4426
CMYK	0.99, 0.96, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	238°, 98%, 28%
HSV	238°, 99%, 56%
XYZ	4.9769, 2.0993, 25.7856
YIQ	20.0090, -46.6360, 41.2360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

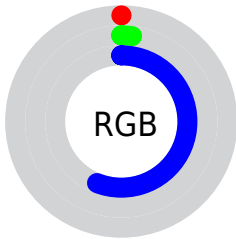
Format	Color
RYB	1, 6, 142
Decimal	67214
CIELab	16.00, 49.13, -68.57
CIELCh	16, 84.349, 305.622
Yxy	2.0993, 0.1515, 0.0639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278257294 (0xFF01068E)
YUV	20.0090, 60.1416, -16.6709
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 35.9588, -95.3743

Details

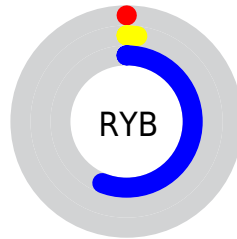
The CIELCh color **16, 84.349, 305.622** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **56, 61.001, 100.815**, and the grayscale version is **6, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 84.248, 305.622**, and **7, 62.251, 306.103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 84.902, 305.742**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 78.550, 304.280**.

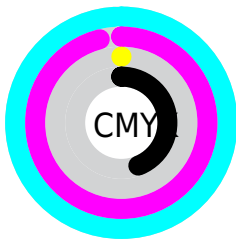
Distribution



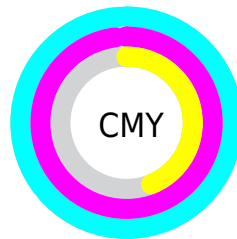
- Red (0%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 84.349, 305.622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 84.349, 305.622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 84.349,
305.622

■ 16, 84.349,
305.622

■ 100, 84.349,
305.622

■ 6, 84.349, 305.622

■ 36, 84.349,
305.622

■ 0, 84.349, 305.622

■ 46, 84.349,
305.622

■ 56, 84.349,
305.622

■ 66, 84.349,
305.622

■ 76, 84.349,
305.622

■ 86, 84.349,

305.622


 96, 84.349,
305.622


 16, 84.349,
305.622


 16, 84.349,
305.622


 16, 84.902,
305.742

 18, 78.550,
304.280

 21, 70.474,
302.334

 25, 61.142,
300.104

 30, 51.469,
297.862

 35, 41.924,
295.775

■ 40, 32.689,
293.918

■ 45, 23.813,
292.306

■ 50, 15.289,
290.924

■ 55, 7.095, 289.748

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 84.349, 305.622



56, 61.001, 100.815

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 84.349, 305.622



16, 84.349, 355.622



16, 84.349, 125.622



16, 84.349, 175.622

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 84.351, 305.623



56, 30.493, 292.556



53, 33.200, 191.545



26, 20.885, 293.137



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 84.351, 305.623



22, 103.041, 305.886



21, 80.649, 311.417



28, 4.486, 289.772



15, 81.754, 305.709



0, 2.983, 288.830

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 65.234, 37.577



38, 80.240, 38.660



53, 69.276, 126.476



28, 3.246, 17.206



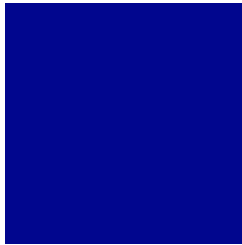
27, 63.080, 37.483



0, 2.125, 16.652

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 84.349, 305.622 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

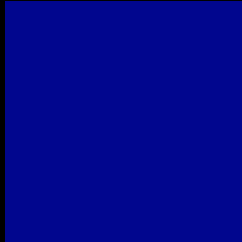
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 84.349, 305.622 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

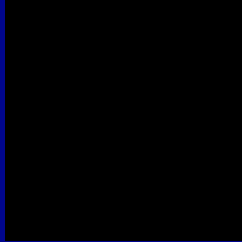
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 84.349, 305.622

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 84.349, 305.622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 84.349, 305.622.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 84.349, 305.622

Protanopia

17, 31.637, 281.954

Deuteranopia

17, 22.042, 265.562



Tritanopia
17, 15.176, 201.825

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 84.349, 305.622

Protanomaly
15, 53.782, 298.115

Deuteranomaly
15, 47.353, 295.602

Tritanomaly
14, 36.165, 289.596

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 84.349, 305.622

Achromatopsia
6, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
7, 36.319, 300.426

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 84.349, 305.622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 6, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 6, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 6, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 6, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 84.349, 305.622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 6, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 6, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 6, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 6, 142); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 6, 142); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 6, 142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 84.349, 305.622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 6, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 6,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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