

Converting Colors

CIELCh(16, 88.948, 306.426)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(16, 88.948, 306.426)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 88.677, 306.340)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	010093
RGB	1, 0, 147
RGB Percent	0%, 0%, 58%
CMY	0.9959, 1.0000, 0.4246
CMYK	0.99, 1.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	240°, 100%, 29%
HSV	240°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	5.2550, 2.0993, 27.6187
YIQ	17.0570, -46.5910, 45.9290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

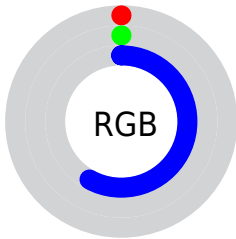
Format	Color
RYB	1, 0, 147
Decimal	65683
CIELab	16.00, 52.55, -71.43
CIELCh	16, 88.677, 306.340
Yxy	2.0993, 0.1503, 0.0600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255763 (0xFF010093)
YUV	17.0570, 64.0619, -14.0820
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 39.3837, -102.8753

Details

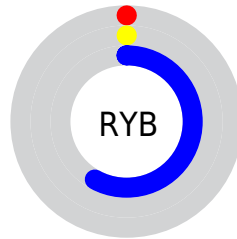
The CIELCh color **16, 88.677, 306.340** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **59, 64.193, 103.283**, and the grayscale version is **5, 0.001, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 88.425, 306.309**, and **7, 64.918, 306.260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 88.592, 306.315**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 83.094, 305.158**.

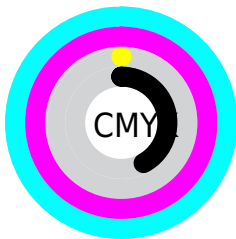
Distribution



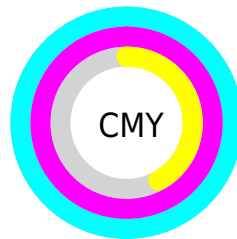
- Red (0%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 88.677, 306.340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 88.677, 306.340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 88.677,
306.340

■ 16, 88.677,
306.340

■ 100, 88.677,
306.340

■ 6, 88.677, 306.340

■ 36, 88.677,
306.340

■ 0, 88.677, 306.340

■ 46, 88.677,
306.340


■ 56, 88.677,
306.340


■ 66, 88.677,
306.340


■ 76, 88.677,
306.340


■ 86, 88.677,


306.340


 96, 88.677,
306.340


 16, 88.677,
306.340


 16, 88.677,
306.340


 16, 88.592,
306.315

 18, 83.094,
305.158

 21, 75.470,
303.547

 25, 65.991,
301.529

 30, 55.837,
299.407

 35, 45.676,
297.386

■ 40, 35.798,
295.567

■ 45, 26.294,
293.978

■ 50, 17.174,
292.615

■ 56, 8.421, 291.453

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 88.677, 306.340



59, 64.193, 103.283

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 88.677, 306.340



16, 88.677, 356.340



16, 88.677, 126.340



16, 88.677, 176.340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 88.592, 306.315



58, 32.679, 294.071



55, 33.194, 196.386



28, 22.652, 294.657



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 88.592, 306.315



23, 107.745, 306.307



22, 82.491, 312.104



28, 4.781, 291.370



15, 84.588, 306.317



0, 4.114, 290.456

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 76.131, 328.510



45, 92.569, 328.515



54, 72.046, 127.744



29, 5.747, 325.099



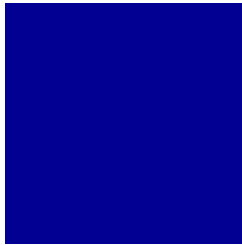
32, 72.695, 328.508



1, 4.999, 324.626

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 88.677, 306.340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

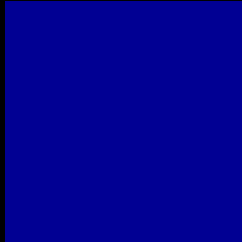
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 88.677, 306.340 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

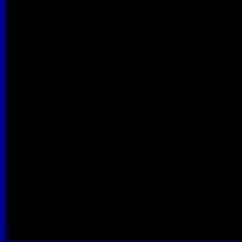
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 88.677, 306.340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 88.677, 306.340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 88.677, 306.340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 88.715, 306.314

Protanopia

18, 32.840, 282.671

Deuteranopia

18, 22.616, 266.211



Tritanopia
18, 15.376, 201.737

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 88.715, 306.314

Protanomaly
15, 57.619, 299.438

Deuteranomaly
15, 50.725, 297.163

Tritanomaly
14, 39.008, 291.819

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 88.715, 306.314

Achromatopsia
5, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
6, 38.841, 301.700

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 88.677, 306.340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 0, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 0, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 0, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 0, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 88.677, 306.340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 0, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 0, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 0, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 0, 147); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 0, 147); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 0, 147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 88.677, 306.340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 0, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 0,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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