

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 10.917, 106.252)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(17, 10.917, 106.252)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(17, 10.951, 107.289)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B2B1B
RGB	43, 43, 27
RGB Percent	17%, 17%, 11%
CMY	0.8321, 0.8321, 0.8948
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.37, 0.83
HSL	60°, 23%, 14%
HSV	60°, 37%, 17%
XYZ	2.0415, 2.3023, 1.3632
YIQ	41.1760, 5.1360, -4.9760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

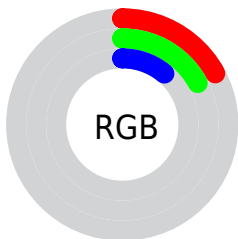
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	27, 43, 27
Decimal	2829083
CIELab	17.00, -3.25, 10.46
CIELCh	17, 10.951, 107.289
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3577, 0.4034
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281019163 (0xFF2B2B1B)
YUV	41.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -2.5373, 5.2948

# Details

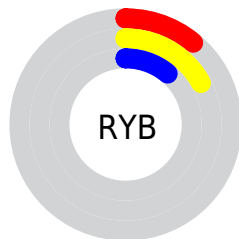
The CIELCh color **17, 10.951, 107.289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **10, 11.779, 293.879**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 11.039, 106.001**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 13.787, 106.534**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 8.057, 108.066**.

# Distribution



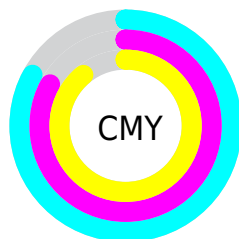
- Red (17%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 10.951, 107.289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 10.951, 107.289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17, 10.951,  
107.289

■ 17, 10.951,  
107.289

■ 100, 10.951,  
107.289

■ 7, 10.951, 107.289

■ 37, 10.951,  
107.289

■ 0, 10.951, 107.289

■ 47, 10.951,  
107.289


■ 57, 10.951,  
107.289


■ 67, 10.951,  
107.289


■ 77, 10.951,  
107.289


■ 87, 10.951,

107.289


 97, 10.951,  
107.289

 17, 10.951,  
107.289


 17, 10.951,  
107.289


 17, 13.787,  
106.534


 17, 8.057, 108.066

 17, 16.521,  
105.812


 17, 5.126, 108.844

 17, 18.885,  
105.320


 17, 2.173, 109.614

 17, 20.795,  
105.020

 17, 0.790, 290.419

 17, 22.520,  
104.803

 18, 3.755, 291.147

 18, 6.717, 291.876

 18, 9.671, 292.584

■ 17, 24.247,  
104.627

■ 18, 12.614,  
293.267

■ 17, 24.705,  
104.587

■ 18, 15.543,  
293.923

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 10.951, 107.289



10, 11.779, 293.879

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 10.951, 107.289



17, 10.951, 157.289



17, 10.951, 287.289



17, 10.951, 337.289

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 10.952, 107.293



23, 4.087, 109.282



12, 8.558, 21.908



10, 2.675, 109.296



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 10.952, 107.293



23, 16.456, 106.500



16, 11.759, 127.674



6, 1.302, 110.178



35, 43.265, 102.867



82, 84.202, 102.868



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 11.779, 293.879



13, 18.156, 295.270



11, 12.263, 310.528



6, 1.305, 290.196



6, 58.802, 305.719

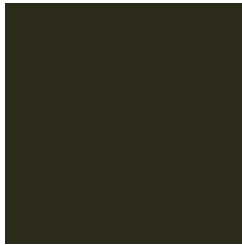


26, 116.267, 306.288



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 10.951, 107.289 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

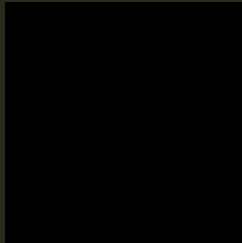
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

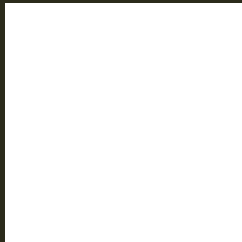
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 17, 10.951, 107.289**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 10.951, 107.289.

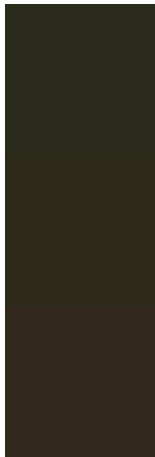


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 10.951, 107.289.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17, 10.951, 107.289

### Protanopia

17, 11.202, 96.226

### Deuteranopia

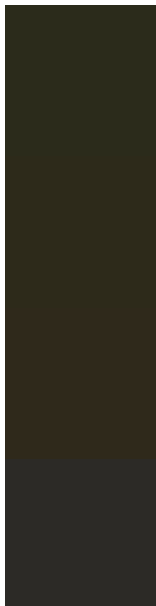
17, 10.574, 77.104





**Tritanopia**  
17, 2.838, 332.766

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
17, 10.951, 107.289

**Protanomaly**  
17, 11.106, 98.949

**Deuteranomaly**  
17, 10.210, 89.250

**Tritanomaly**  
17, 2.936, 89.727

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
17, 10.951, 107.289

**Achromatopsia**  
17, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
17, 4.155, 109.076

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 10.951, 107.289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 43, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 43, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 43, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 43, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 10.951, 107.289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 43, 27) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 43, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 43, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 43, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 43, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 43, 27)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 10.951, 107.289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 43, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 43,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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