

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 11.362, 150.096)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 11.362, 150.096)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 11.325, 150.141)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E2E22
RGB	30, 46, 34
RGB Percent	12%, 18%, 13%
CMY	0.8840, 0.8213, 0.8683
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.26, 0.82
HSL	135°, 21%, 15%
HSV	135°, 35%, 18%
XYZ	1.7656, 2.3023, 1.8330
YIQ	39.8480, -5.6840, -7.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

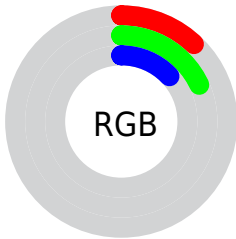
Format	Color
RYB	30, 43, 46
Decimal	1977890
CIELab	17.00, -9.82, 5.64
CIElCh	17, 11.325, 150.141
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2992, 0.3902
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280167970 (0xFF1E2E22)
YUV	39.8480, -2.8831, -8.6367
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -5.7833, 3.4590

Details

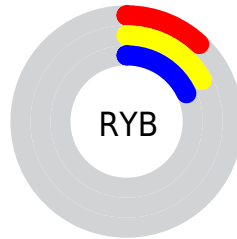
The CIELCh color **17, 11.325, 150.141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 11.405, 334.294**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 11.607, 150.057**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 14.499, 149.316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 8.101, 150.875**.

Distribution



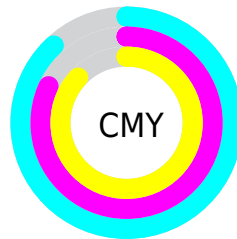
- Red (12%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 11.325, 150.141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 11.325, 150.141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 11.325,
150.141

■ 17, 11.325,
150.141

■ 100, 11.325,
150.141

■ 7, 11.325, 150.141

■ 37, 11.325,
150.141

■ 0, 11.325, 150.141

■ 47, 11.325,
150.141


■ 57, 11.325,
150.141


■ 67, 11.325,
150.141


■ 77, 11.325,
150.141


■ 87, 11.325,

150.141


 97, 11.325,
150.141

 17, 11.325,
150.141


 17, 11.325,
150.141

 17, 14.499,
149.316


 17, 8.101, 150.875

 16, 17.582,
148.390


 18, 4.860, 151.533

 16, 20.534,
147.353

 18, 1.628, 152.158


 16, 23.309,
146.199

 19, 1.571, 332.529

 16, 25.872,
145.216

 20, 4.720, 333.041

 20, 7.808, 333.468

 21, 10.826,

■ 15, 28.280,
144.907

333.850

■ 15, 29.412,
144.951

■ 22, 13.767,
334.196

■ 22, 16.630,
334.511

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 11.325, 150.141



13, 11.405, 334.294

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 11.325, 150.141



17, 11.325, 200.141



17, 11.325, 330.141



17, 11.325, 20.141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 11.326, 150.141



24, 4.379, 151.748



18, 11.068, 118.111



11, 2.976, 151.745



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 11.326, 150.141



22, 16.718, 149.382



17, 7.764, 176.766



7, 1.664, 152.086



31, 48.126, 141.325



75, 96.460, 139.563

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 11.405, 334.294



17, 16.835, 334.858



13, 8.588, 2.678



7, 1.648, 332.632



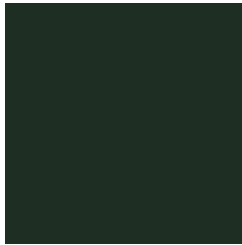
17, 44.057, 340.166



48, 83.514, 341.555

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 11.325, 150.141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

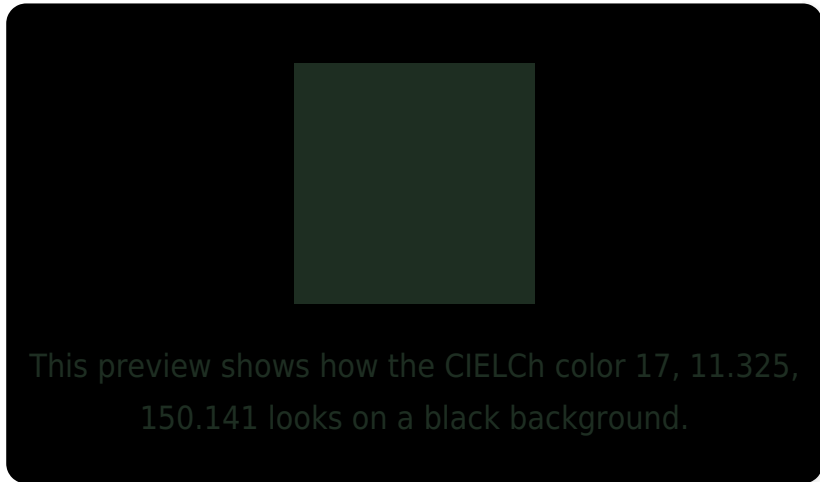
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

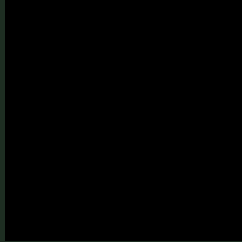
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 11.325, 150.141

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 11.325, 150.141.

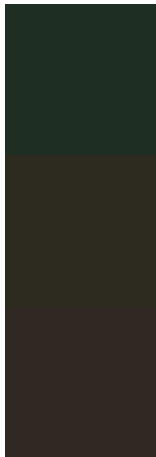


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 11.325, 150.141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


17, 11.325, 150.141

Protanopia

17, 7.079, 95.698

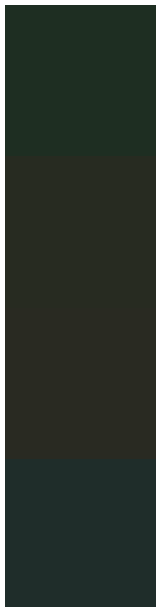
Deuteranopia

17, 5.392, 59.857



Tritanopia
17, 5.558, 220.608

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 11.325, 150.141

Protanomaly
17, 7.202, 124.570

Deuteranomaly
17, 5.563, 113.902

Tritanomaly
17, 6.710, 179.826

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 11.325, 150.141

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 3.723, 149.925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 11.325, 150.141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 46, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 46, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 46, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 46, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 11.325, 150.141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 46, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 46, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 46, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 46, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 46, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 46, 34)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 11.325, 150.141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 46, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 46,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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