

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 14.328, 86.751)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 14.328, 86.751) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 14.636, 86.609)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	322915
RGB	50, 41, 21
RGB Percent	20%, 16%, 8%
CMY	0.8046, 0.8398, 0.9182
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.58, 0.80
HSL	41°, 41%, 14%
HSV	41°, 58%, 20%
XYZ	2.2285, 2.3023, 1.0291
YIQ	41.4110, 11.7840, -4.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

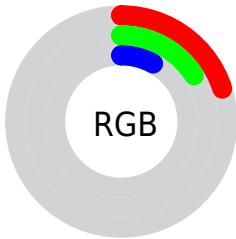
Format	Color
RYB	34, 50, 21
Decimal	3287317
CIELab	17.00, 0.87, 14.61
CIELCh	17, 14.636, 86.609
Yxy	2.3023, 0.4008, 0.4141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281477397 (0xFF322915)
YUV	41.4110, -10.0626, 7.5326
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -0.3375, 6.6001

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 14.636, 86.609** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11, 14.782, 281.559**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 14.494, 87.036**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 17.001, 85.386**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 12.076, 87.764**.

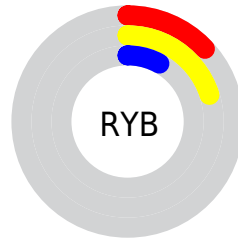
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (16%)

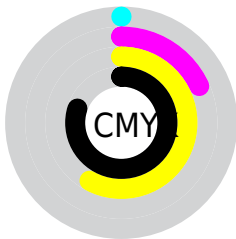
Blue (8%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (8%)

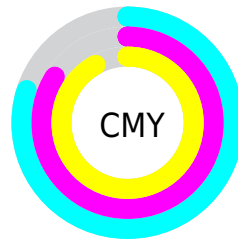


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (58%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (92%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 14.636, 86.609 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 14.636, 86.609 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 14.636, 86.609

 17, 14.636, 86.609

 100, 14.636,
86.609

 7, 14.636, 86.609

 37, 14.636, 86.609

 0, 14.636, 86.609

 47, 14.636, 86.609

 57, 14.636, 86.609

 67, 14.636, 86.609

 77, 14.636, 86.609

 87, 14.636, 86.609

 97, 14.636, 86.609

■ 17, 14.636, 86.609

■ 17, 14.636, 86.609

■ 16, 17.001, 85.386

■ 18, 12.076, 87.764

■ 16, 18.775, 83.947

■ 18, 9.514, 88.888

■ 15, 20.176, 82.416

■ 19, 6.973, 89.984

■ 15, 21.575, 81.084

■ 20, 4.462, 91.048

■ 15, 21.833, 80.858

■ 20, 1.987, 92.066

■ 21, 0.449, 273.310

■ 22, 2.848, 274.125

■ 22, 5.210, 275.053

■ 23, 7.536, 275.952

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 14.636, 86.609



11, 14.782, 281.559

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 14.636, 86.609



17, 14.636, 136.609



17, 14.636, 266.609



17, 14.636, 316.609

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 14.636, 86.613



26, 5.137, 91.080



11, 15.932, 1.138



12, 3.473, 91.064



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 14.636, 86.613



22, 21.641, 84.776



20, 19.216, 114.020



9, 1.370, 92.058



28, 38.363, 79.810



67, 73.135, 77.523

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 14.782, 281.559



13, 22.204, 285.082



9, 21.701, 302.076



8, 1.377, 273.846



13, 43.646, 295.129



36, 90.667, 298.211

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 14.636, 86.609 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

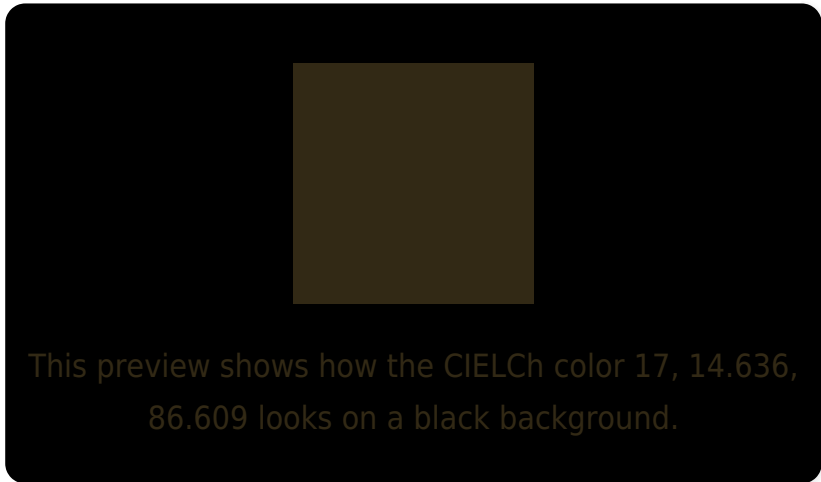
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

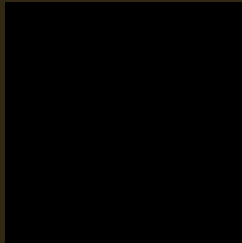
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 14.636, 86.609

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 14.636, 86.609.

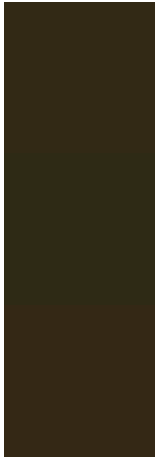


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 14.636, 86.609.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 14.636, 86.609

Protanopia

17, 14.476, 97.647

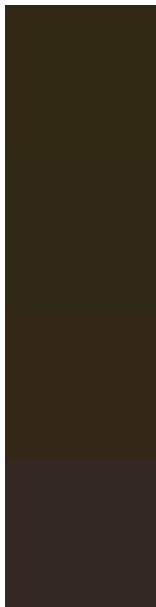
Deuteranopia

17, 14.798, 79.852



Tritanopia
17, 6.699, 3.088

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 14.636, 86.609

Protanomaly
17, 14.579, 95.507

Deuteranomaly
17, 14.531, 81.778

Tritanomaly
17, 7.112, 55.794

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 14.636, 86.609

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 5.092, 91.412

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 14.636, 86.609 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 41, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 41, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 41, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 41, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 14.636, 86.609 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 41, 21) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 41, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 41, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 41, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 41, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 41, 21)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 14.636, 86.609 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 41, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 41,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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