

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 14.655, 209.225)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 14.655, 209.225)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 14.544, 210.759)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	012F34
RGB	1, 47, 52
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 20%
CMY	0.9954, 0.8151, 0.7955
CMYK	0.98, 0.10, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	186°, 96%, 10%
HSV	186°, 98%, 20%
XYZ	1.6607, 2.3023, 3.6242
YIQ	33.8160, -29.0210, -8.1970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 25, 52
Decimal	77620
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, -12.50, -7.44
CIE _{LCh}	17, 14.544, 210.759
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2189, 0.3035
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278267700 (0xFF012F34)
YUV	33.8160, 8.9647, -28.7796
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -7.0174, -3.5399

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 14.544, 210.759** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **8, 25.395, 27.703**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 14.552, 210.040**, and **0, 2.016, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 14.742, 210.863**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 13.683, 210.214**.

Distribution



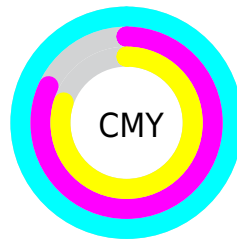
- Red (0%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 14.544, 210.759 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 14.544, 210.759 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 14.544,
210.759

■ 17, 14.544,
210.759

■ 100, 14.544,
210.759

■ 7, 14.544, 210.759

■ 37, 14.544,
210.759

■ 0, 14.544, 210.759

■ 47, 14.544,
210.759


■ 57, 14.544,
210.759


■ 67, 14.544,
210.759


■ 77, 14.544,
210.759


■ 87, 14.544,


210.759


 97, 14.544,
210.759


 17, 14.544,
210.759


 17, 14.544,
210.759

 17, 14.742,
210.863

 17, 13.683,
210.214

 18, 12.854,
209.553

 18, 11.851,
208.995

 19, 10.616,
208.599

 19, 9.166, 208.342

■ 19, 7.522, 208.206

■ 20, 5.709, 208.173

■ 21, 3.753, 208.234

■ 21, 1.678, 208.415

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 14.544, 210.759



8, 25.395, 27.703

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 14.544, 210.759



17, 14.544, 260.759



17, 14.544, 30.759



17, 14.544, 80.759

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



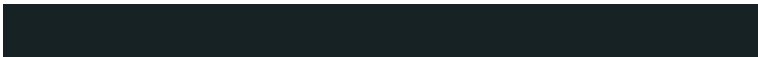
17, 14.544, 210.758



27, 7.463, 208.173



18, 35.305, 140.033



12, 5.152, 208.175



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 14.544, 210.758



23, 17.577, 211.741



8, 22.681, 283.055



9, 1.171, 208.402



31, 20.897, 212.435



72, 39.507, 214.012

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 34.580, 331.758



13, 42.060, 332.061



14, 21.468, 70.222



8, 2.182, 327.575



19, 50.018, 332.230



50, 94.578, 332.617

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 14.544, 210.759 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

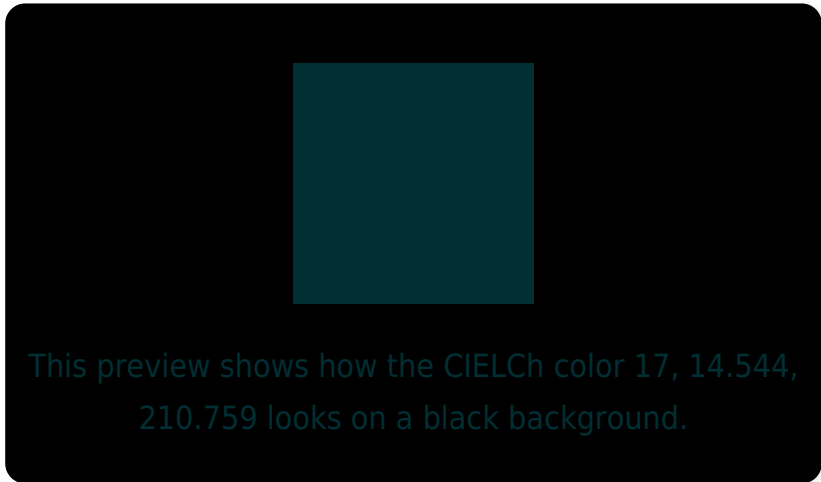
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

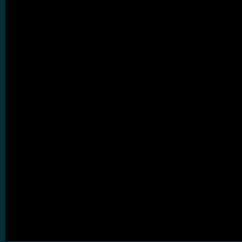
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

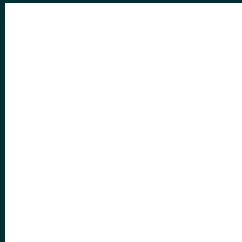
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 14.544, 210.759

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 14.544, 210.759.

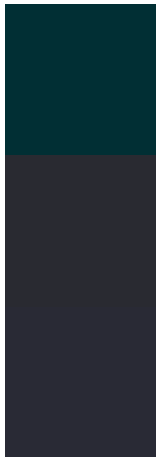


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 14.544, 210.759.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
17, 14.544, 210.759

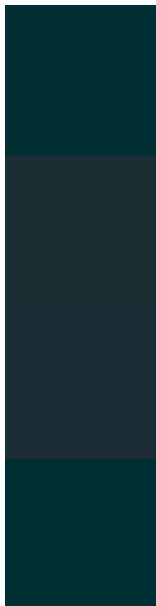
Protanopia
17, 4.877, 286.147

Deuteranopia
17, 7.642, 288.862



Tritanopia
17, 14.784, 207.635

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 14.544, 210.759

Protanomaly
17, 7.948, 230.178

Deuteranomaly
17, 8.987, 242.956

Tritanomaly
17, 14.784, 207.635

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 14.544, 210.759

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 7.322, 209.139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 14.544, 210.759 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 47, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 47, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 47, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 47, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 14.544, 210.759 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 47, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 47, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 47, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 47, 52); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 47, 52); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 47, 52) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 14.544, 210.759 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 47, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 47,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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