

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 14.782, 216.998)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 14.782, 216.998)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 14.747, 216.369)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002F36
RGB	0, 47, 54
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 21%
CMY	0.9999, 0.8156, 0.7881
CMYK	1.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	188°, 100%, 11%
HSV	188°, 100%, 21%
XYZ	1.6847, 2.3023, 3.8495
YIQ	33.7450, -30.2590, -7.7870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

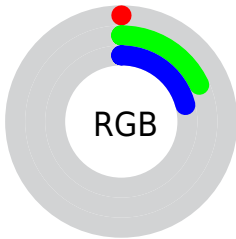
Format	Color
RYB	0, 25, 54
Decimal	12086
CIELab	17.00, -11.87, -8.74
CIELCh	17, 14.747, 216.369
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2150, 0.2938
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202166 (0xFF002F36)
YUV	33.7450, 9.9857, -29.5944
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -6.7344, -4.4204

Details

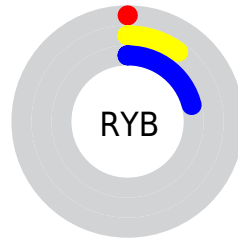
The CIELCh color **17, 14.747, 216.369** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **8, 26.245, 30.181**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 14.754, 217.515**, and **0, 3.629, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 14.752, 216.373**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 13.891, 215.534**.

Distribution



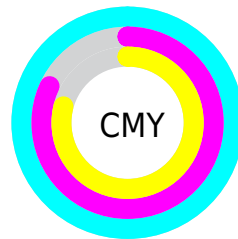
- Red (0%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 14.747, 216.369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 14.747, 216.369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 14.747,
216.369

 17, 14.747,
216.369


 100, 14.747,
216.369


 7, 14.747, 216.369

 37, 14.747,
216.369

 0, 14.747, 216.369

 47, 14.747,
216.369


 57, 14.747,
216.369


 67, 14.747,
216.369


 77, 14.747,
216.369


 87, 14.747,


216.369


 97, 14.747,
216.369


 17, 14.747,
216.369


 17, 14.747,
216.369

 17, 14.752,
216.373

 17, 13.891,
215.534

 18, 13.080,
214.525

 18, 12.129,
213.605

 19, 10.942,
212.904

 19, 9.533, 212.389

■ 20, 7.924, 212.033

■ 21, 6.139, 211.812

■ 21, 4.205, 211.707

■ 22, 2.147, 211.725

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 14.747, 216.369



8, 26.245, 30.181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 14.747, 216.369



17, 14.747, 266.369



17, 14.747, 36.369



17, 14.747, 86.369

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 14.747, 216.368



28, 7.729, 211.840



19, 36.274, 140.299



12, 5.152, 211.858



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 14.747, 216.368



23, 17.631, 217.578



7, 25.254, 286.321



10, 1.239, 211.746



31, 20.875, 218.495



71, 39.109, 220.617

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 35.266, 333.194



14, 42.129, 333.493



15, 22.985, 73.437



9, 2.319, 328.572



19, 49.830, 333.720



51, 93.064, 334.246

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 14.747, 216.369 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

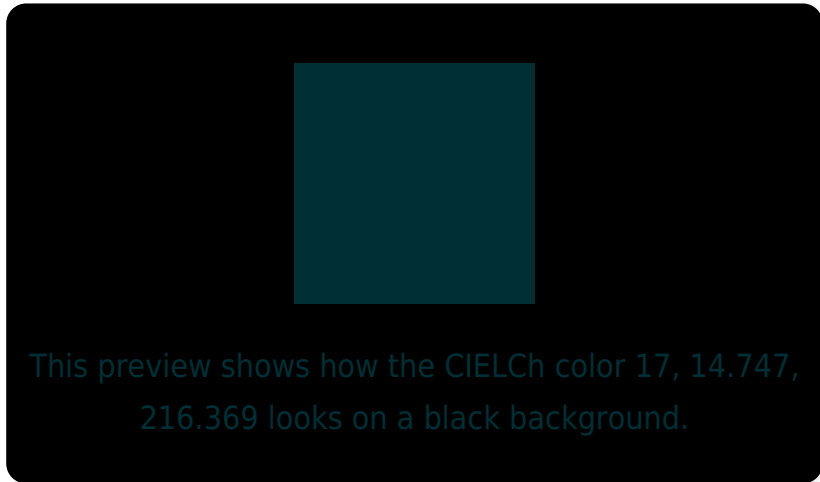
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

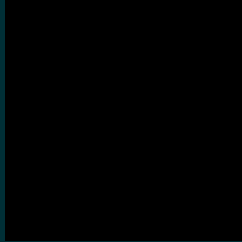
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 14.747, 216.369

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 14.747, 216.369.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 14.747, 216.369.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 14.747, 216.369

Protanopia

17, 6.259, 287.731

Deuteranopia

17, 9.044, 287.079



Tritanopia
17, 14.784, 207.635

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 14.747, 216.369

Protanomaly
17, 8.860, 237.559

Deuteranomaly
17, 10.286, 246.963

Tritanomaly
17, 14.737, 210.539

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 14.747, 216.369

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 7.322, 209.139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 14.747, 216.369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 47, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 47, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 47, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 47, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 14.747, 216.369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 47, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 47, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 47, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 47, 54); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 47, 54); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 47, 54) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 14.747, 216.369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 47, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 47,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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