

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 15.433, 142.111)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 15.433, 142.111)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 15.204, 142.170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C2E1C
RGB	28, 46, 28
RGB Percent	11%, 18%, 11%
CMY	0.8895, 0.8189, 0.8895
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.39, 0.82
HSL	120°, 24%, 15%
HSV	120°, 39%, 18%
XYZ	1.6795, 2.3023, 1.4653
YIQ	38.5660, -4.9500, -9.4140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

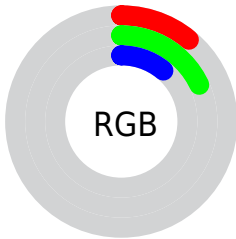
Format	Color
R_{YB}	28, 46, 46
Decimal	1846812
CIE Lab	17.00, -12.01, 9.32
CIE LCh	17, 15.204, 142.170
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3083, 0.4227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280036892 (0xFF1C2E1C)
YUV	38.5660, -5.2090, -9.2664
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -6.7955, 4.8959

Details

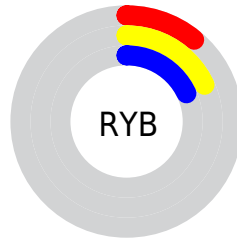
The CIELCh color **17, 15.204, 142.170** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 15.198, 326.155**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 15.099, 143.155**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 18.988, 141.392**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 11.326, 142.867**.

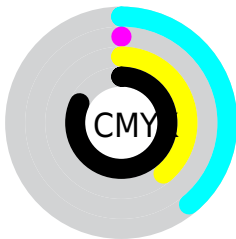
Distribution



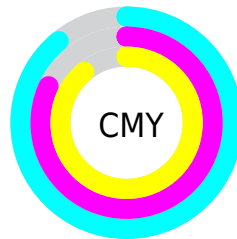
- Red (11%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 15.204, 142.170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 15.204, 142.170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 15.204,
142.170

■ 17, 15.204,
142.170

■ 100, 15.204,
142.170

■ 7, 15.204, 142.170

■ 37, 15.204,
142.170

■ 0, 15.204, 142.170

■ 47, 15.204,
142.170


■ 57, 15.204,
142.170


■ 67, 15.204,
142.170


■ 77, 15.204,
142.170


■ 87, 15.204,


142.170


 97, 15.204,
142.170

 17, 15.204,
142.170


 17, 15.204,
142.170

 17, 18.988,
141.392


 17, 11.326,
142.867

 16, 22.610,
140.538


 18, 7.408, 143.484

 16, 25.848,
140.000

 18, 3.492, 144.036

 16, 28.535,
139.859

 19, 0.389, 324.237

 16, 31.030,
139.911

 20, 7.952, 325.231

■ 15, 33.628,
140.112

■ 21, 11.606,
325.545

■ 15, 33.893,
140.140

■ 22, 15.164,
325.817

■ 23, 18.623,
326.055

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



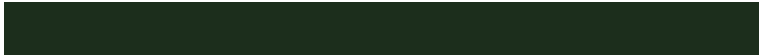
17, 15.204, 142.170



13, 15.198, 326.155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 15.204, 142.170



17, 15.204, 192.170



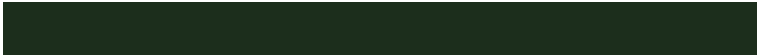
17, 15.204, 322.170



17, 15.204, 12.170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 15.205, 142.170



25, 5.914, 143.836



18, 11.990, 106.383



11, 3.829, 143.848



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 15.205, 142.170



23, 23.066, 141.322



17, 10.609, 159.798



7, 1.973, 144.463



31, 54.581, 136.013



75, 105.010, 136.015

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 15.198, 326.155



17, 23.015, 326.603



13, 10.996, 345.709



7, 1.977, 324.404



19, 52.664, 328.223



51, 101.320, 328.222

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 15.204, 142.170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

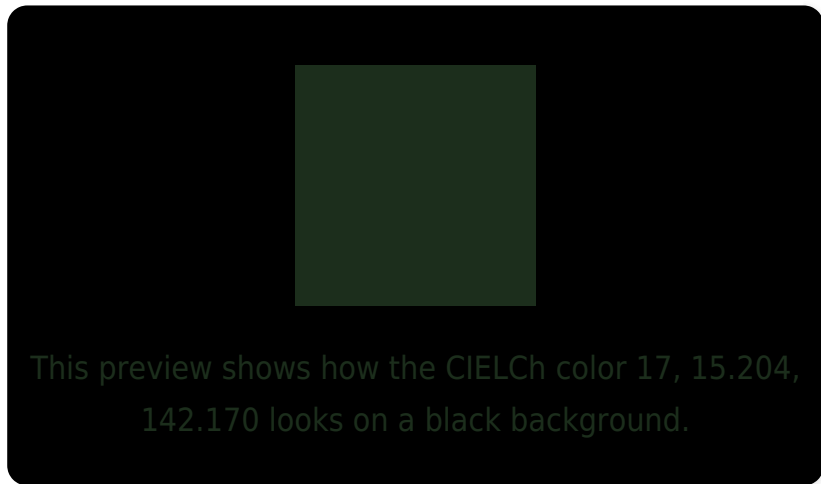
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

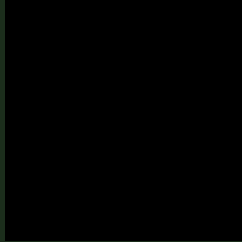
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 15.204, 142.170

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 15.204, 142.170.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 15.204, 142.170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


17, 15.204, 142.170

Protanopia

17, 11.202, 96.226

Deuteranopia

17, 8.800, 71.275



Tritanopia
17, 5.558, 220.608

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 15.204, 142.170

Protanomaly
17, 11.790, 117.335

Deuteranomaly
17, 8.959, 107.787

Tritanomaly
17, 7.374, 169.690

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 15.204, 142.170

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 5.989, 143.646

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 15.204, 142.170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 46, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 46, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 46, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 46, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 15.204, 142.170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 46, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 46, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 46, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 46, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 46, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 46, 28)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 15.204, 142.170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 46, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 46,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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