

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 15.522, 349.246)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 15.522, 349.246)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 15.149, 350.800)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D222E
RGB	61, 34, 46
RGB Percent	24%, 13%, 18%
CMY	0.7621, 0.8679, 0.8209
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.25, 0.76
HSL	333°, 29%, 18%
HSV	333°, 44%, 24%
XYZ	2.9536, 2.3023, 2.8408
YIQ	43.4410, 12.2400, 9.4560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

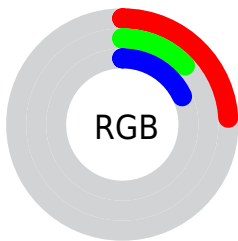
Format	Color
R_YB	61, 34, 46
Decimal	4006446
CIE Lab	17.00, 14.95, -2.42
CIE LCh	17, 15.149, 350.800
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3648, 0.2844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282196526 (0xFF3D222E)
YUV	43.4410, 1.2616, 15.3992
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 8.1923, -0.4790

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 15.149, 350.800** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 14.248, 162.871**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 15.079, 349.935**, and **0, 1.941, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 18.476, 352.080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 11.715, 349.691**.

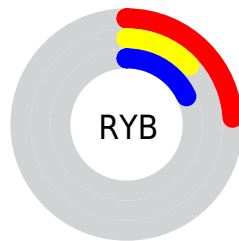
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (13%)

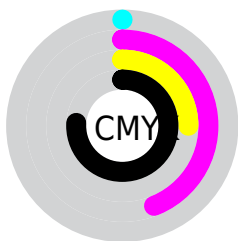
Blue (18%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (18%)

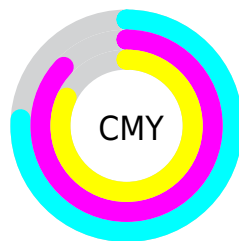


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 15.149, 350.800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 15.149, 350.800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 15.149,
350.800

■ 17, 15.149,
350.800

■ 100, 15.149,
350.800

■ 7, 15.149, 350.800

■ 37, 15.149,
350.800

■ 0, 15.149, 350.800

■ 47, 15.149,
350.800

■ 57, 15.149,
350.800

■ 67, 15.149,
350.800

■ 77, 15.149,
350.800

■ 87, 15.149,

350.800

97, 15.149,
350.800

17, 15.149,
350.800

17, 15.149,
350.800

15, 18.476,
352.080

19, 11.715,
349.691

14, 21.595,
353.580

21, 8.258, 348.710

12, 24.378,
355.374

23, 4.832, 347.822

25, 1.474, 346.948

11, 26.697,
357.551

27, 1.797, 166.456

10, 29.020,
359.641

29, 4.968, 165.731

■ 9, 30.482, 0.605

■ 31, 8.036, 165.108

■ 33, 11.001,
164.536

■ 35, 13.868,
164.006

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 15.149, 350.800



23, 14.248, 162.871

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 15.149, 350.800



17, 15.149, 40.800



17, 15.149, 170.800



17, 15.149, 220.800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 15.148, 350.802



30, 5.412, 347.748



16, 19.887, 312.599



14, 3.826, 347.839



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 15.148, 350.802



21, 22.404, 352.213



17, 13.490, 26.637



10, 1.855, 347.312



18, 40.845, 3.923



47, 76.017, 7.967

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 15.148, 350.802



21, 22.404, 352.213



23, 10.200, 202.776



10, 1.855, 347.312



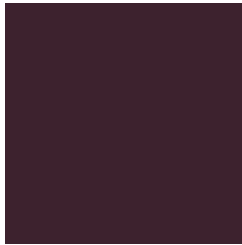
18, 40.845, 3.923



47, 76.017, 7.967

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 15.149, 350.800 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

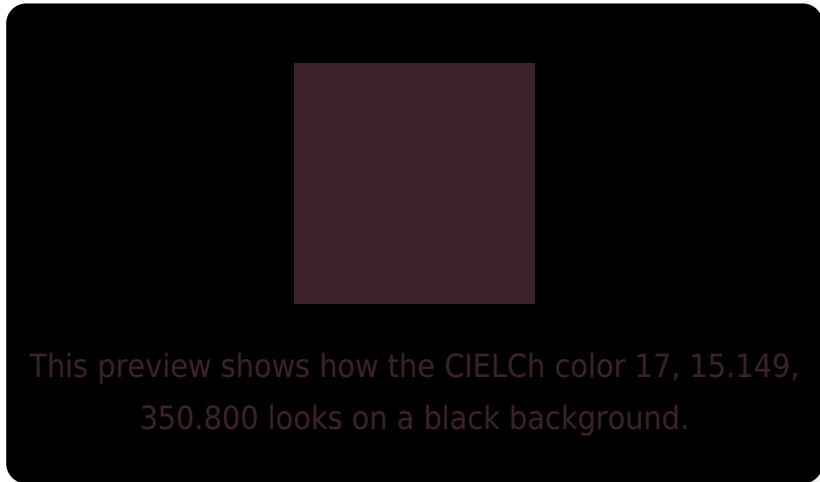
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

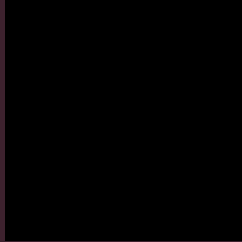
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 15.149, 350.800

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 15.149, 350.800.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 15.149, 350.800.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 15.149, 350.800

Protanopia

17, 6.296, 283.758

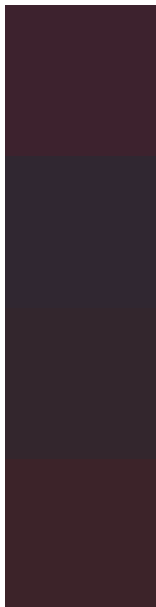
Deuteranopia

17, 3.181, 339.260



Tritanopia
17, 12.797, 13.610

Trichromacy



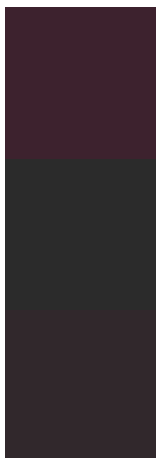
Original Color
17, 15.149, 350.800

Protanomaly
17, 8.136, 322.525

Deuteranomaly
17, 7.887, 343.433

Tritanomaly
17, 12.982, 4.533

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 15.149, 350.800

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 5.146, 348.107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 15.149, 350.800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 34, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 34, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 34, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 34, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 15.149, 350.800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 34, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 34, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 34, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 34, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 34, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 34, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 15.149, 350.800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 34, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 34,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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