

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 16.272, 174.435)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 16.272, 174.435)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 16.477, 173.705)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	083027
RGB	8, 48, 39
RGB Percent	3%, 19%, 15%
CMY	0.9691, 0.8122, 0.8474
CMYK	0.84, 0.00, 0.19, 0.81
HSL	167°, 72%, 11%
HSV	167°, 84%, 19%
XYZ	1.5161, 2.3023, 2.2755
YIQ	35.0140, -20.9510, -11.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

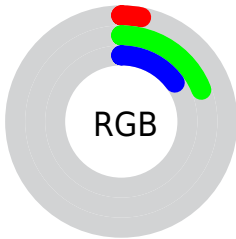
Format	Color
R_{YB}	8, 31, 48
Decimal	536615
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, -16.38, 1.81
CIE _{LCh}	17, 16.477, 173.705
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2488, 0.3778
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278726695 (0xFF083027)
YUV	35.0140, 1.9651, -23.6913
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -8.7180, 1.7297

Details

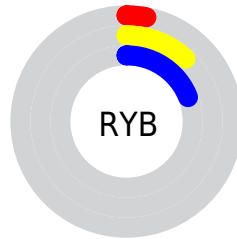
The CIELCh color **17, 16.477, 173.705** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **8, 21.432, 11.484**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 16.211, 174.794**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 17.919, 172.715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 15.055, 174.854**.

Distribution



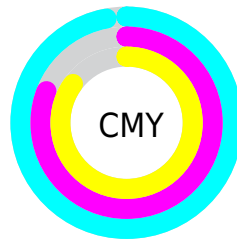
- Red (3%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 16.477, 173.705 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 16.477, 173.705 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 16.477,
173.705

■ 17, 16.477,
173.705

■ 100, 16.477,
173.705

■ 7, 16.477, 173.705

■ 37, 16.477,
173.705

■ 0, 16.477, 173.705

■ 47, 16.477,
173.705


■ 57, 16.477,
173.705


■ 67, 16.477,
173.705


■ 77, 16.477,
173.705


■ 87, 16.477,


173.705


 97, 16.477,
173.705


 17, 16.477,
173.705


 17, 16.477,
173.705

 17, 17.919,
172.715

 17, 15.055,
174.854

 17, 18.885,
172.172

 17, 13.455,
175.942

 18, 11.669,
176.949

 18, 9.721, 177.888

 18, 7.636, 178.771

 19, 5.443, 179.609

■ 19, 3.168, 180.422

■ 20, 0.834, 181.340

■ 20, 1.537, 1.718

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 16.477, 173.705



8, 21.432, 11.484

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 16.477, 173.705



17, 16.477, 223.705



17, 16.477, 353.705



17, 16.477, 43.705

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 16.477, 173.704



24, 7.078, 179.382



17, 28.925, 135.160



11, 4.712, 179.357



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 16.477, 173.704



22, 22.339, 171.172



13, 12.060, 237.521



7, 1.178, 180.892



32, 28.630, 170.023



77, 56.424, 168.197

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8, 21.432, 11.484



9, 30.873, 16.519



10, 18.178, 39.946



7, 1.172, 1.869



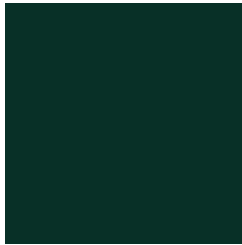
16, 40.277, 22.570



45, 80.573, 28.131

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 16.477, 173.705 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

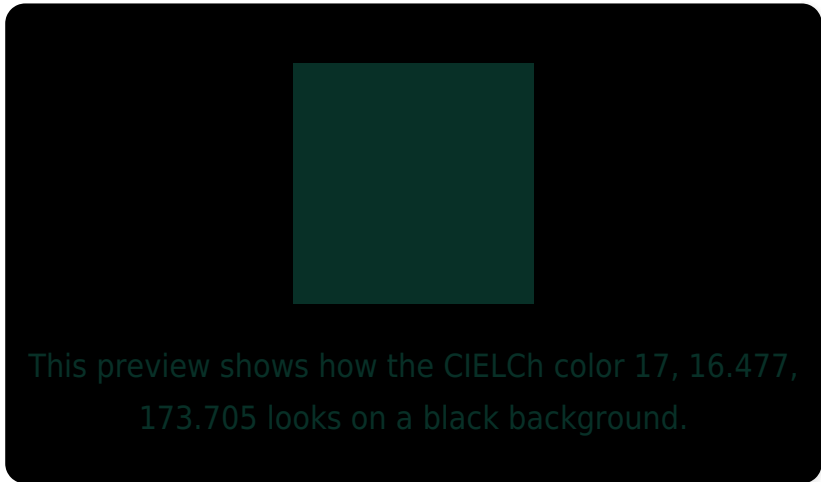
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

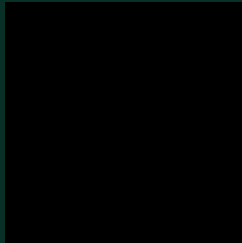
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 16.477, 173.705

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 16.477, 173.705.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 16.477, 173.705.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
17, 16.477, 173.705

Protanopia
17, 4.268, 95.472

Deuteranopia
17, 3.036, 33.122



Tritanopia
17, 11.325, 211.674

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 16.477, 173.705

Protanomaly
17, 7.886, 159.557

Deuteranomaly
17, 5.872, 169.814

Tritanomaly
17, 12.749, 193.688

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 16.477, 173.705

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 7.498, 175.428

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 16.477, 173.705 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 48, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 48, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 48, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 48, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 16.477, 173.705 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 48, 39) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 48, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 48, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 48, 39); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 48, 39); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 48, 39) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 16.477, 173.705 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 48, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 48,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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