

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 2.417, 19.899)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 2.417, 19.899) contains.

CIELCh(17, 2.439, 19.886)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(17, 2.439, 19.886)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E2929
RGB	46, 41, 41
RGB Percent	18%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.8206, 0.8402, 0.8402
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.11, 0.82
HSL	0°, 6%, 17%
HSV	0°, 11%, 18%
XYZ	2.2959, 2.3023, 2.3988
YIQ	42.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

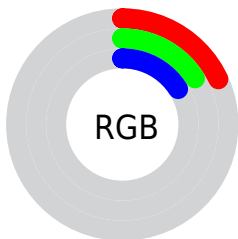
Format	Color
RYB	46, 41, 41
Decimal	3025193
CIELab	17.00, 2.29, 0.83
CIELCh	17, 2.439, 19.886
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3281, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281215273 (0xFF2E2929)
YUV	42.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 0.4550, 1.2482

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 2.439, 19.886** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18, 2.306, 199.020**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 2.583, 19.654**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 4.825, 20.576**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 0.199, 18.468**.

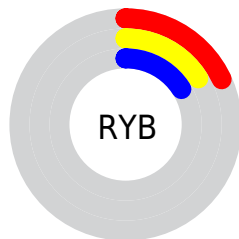
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (16%)

Blue (16%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (16%)

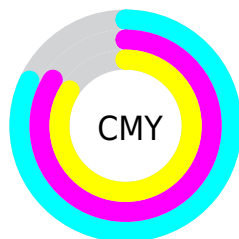


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 2.439, 19.886 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 2.439, 19.886 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 2.439, 19.886 ■ 17, 2.439, 19.886

■ 100, 2.439, 19.886 ■ 7, 2.439, 19.886

■ 37, 2.439, 19.886 ■ 0, 2.439, 19.886

■ 47, 2.439, 19.886

■ 57, 2.439, 19.886

■ 67, 2.439, 19.886

■ 77, 2.439, 19.886

■ 87, 2.439, 19.886

■ 97, 2.439, 19.886

■ 17, 2.439, 19.886 ■ 17, 2.439, 19.886

■ 15, 4.825, 20.576

■ 19, 0.199, 18.468

■ 14, 7.360, 21.373

■ 20, 1.901, 199.150

■ 12, 10.041, 22.355

■ 22, 3.873, 198.748

■ 11, 12.850, 23.558

■ 24, 5.726, 198.442

■ 9, 15.585, 23.647

■ 25, 7.472, 198.191

■ 8, 18.086, 22.611

■ 27, 9.123, 197.981

■ 7, 20.199, 21.509

■ 29, 10.687,
197.805

■ 6, 22.093, 20.752

■ 31, 12.174,
197.654

■ 5, 23.733, 20.242

■ 32, 13.593,
197.525

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 2.439, 19.886



18, 2.306, 199.020

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 2.439, 19.886



17, 2.439, 69.886



17, 2.439, 199.886



17, 2.439, 249.886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 2.438, 19.902



24, 0.806, 19.286



17, 4.214, 324.907



11, 0.619, 19.341



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 2.438, 19.902



22, 3.612, 20.083



18, 2.103, 74.275



7, 1.112, 19.316



16, 43.794, 33.543



45, 91.680, 40.002

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 2.306, 199.020



24, 3.364, 198.884



17, 2.060, 256.635



7, 1.112, 199.539



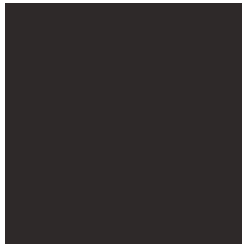
33, 22.832, 196.410



78, 43.926, 196.413

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 2.439, 19.886 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

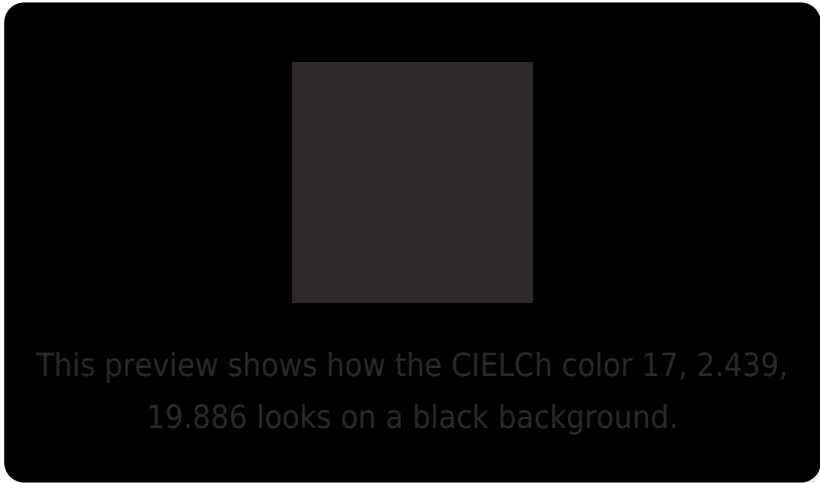
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

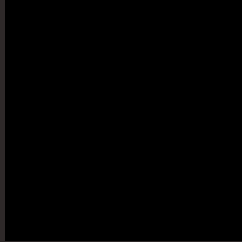
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

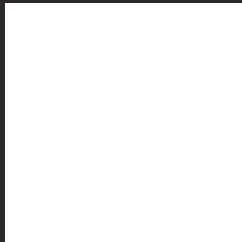
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 2.439, 19.886

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 2.439, 19.886.

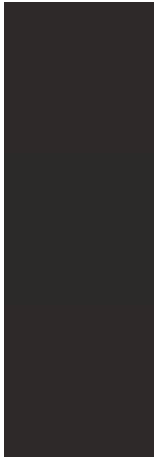


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 2.439, 19.886.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 2.439, 19.886

Protanopia

17, 0.839, 74.817

Deuteranopia

17, 2.439, 19.886



Tritanopia
17, 3.570, 344.506

Trichromacy



Original Color

17, 2.439, 19.886

Protanomaly

17, 1.185, 55.118

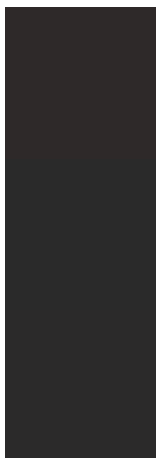
Deuteranomaly

17, 2.439, 19.886

Tritanomaly

17, 3.227, 354.651

Monochromacy



Original Color

17, 2.439, 19.886

Achromatopsia

17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

17, 0.480, 19.119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 2.439, 19.886 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 41, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 41, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 41, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 41, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 2.439, 19.886 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 41, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 41, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 41, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 41, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 41, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 41, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 2.439, 19.886 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 41, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 41,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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