

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 21.054, 332.715)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 21.054, 332.715)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 20.660, 332.194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Hex | 3D2038 |
| RGB | 61, 32, 56 |
| RGB Percent | 24%, 13%, 22% |
| CMY | 0.7611, 0.8748, 0.7807 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.48, 0.08, 0.76 |
| HSL | 310°, 31%, 18% |
| HSV | 310°, 48%, 24% |
| XYZ | 3.1447, 2.3023, 4.0087 |
| YIQ | 43.4070, 9.5800, 13.6120 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

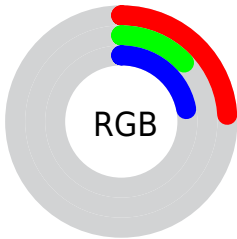
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 61, 32, 56 |
| Decimal | 4005944 |
| CIE Lab | 17.00, 18.27, -9.64 |
| CIE LCh | 17, 20.660, 332.194 |
| Yxy | 2.3023, 0.3326, 0.2435 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4282196024 (0xFF3D2038) |
| YUV | 43.4070, 6.2083, 15.4291 |
| Hunter-Lab | 15.1734, 10.4409, -5.0425 |

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 20.660, 332.194** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **23, 20.642, 146.191**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 20.635, 331.844**, and **1, 5.128, 319.294** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 24.622, 332.777**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 16.448, 331.620**.

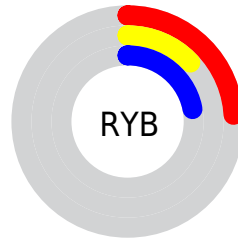
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (13%)

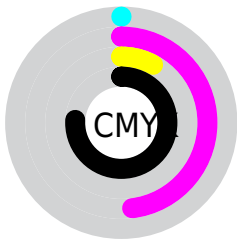
Blue (22%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (22%)

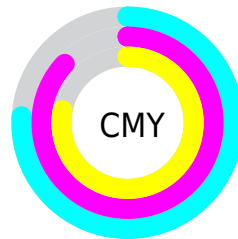


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 20.660, 332.194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 20.660, 332.194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 20.660,
332.194

■ 17, 20.660,
332.194

■ 100, 20.660,
332.194

■ 7, 20.660, 332.194

■ 37, 20.660,
332.194

■ 0, 20.660, 332.194

■ 47, 20.660,
332.194

■ 57, 20.660,
332.194


■ 67, 20.660,
332.194


■ 77, 20.660,
332.194


■ 87, 20.660,


332.194


 97, 20.660,
332.194


 17, 20.660,
332.194


 17, 20.660,
332.194

 15, 24.622,
332.777

 19, 16.448,
331.620

 14, 28.203,
333.369

 20, 12.099,
331.055


 13, 31.257,
333.977

 22, 7.698, 330.499

 12, 33.724,
334.599

 24, 3.307, 329.941

 26, 1.032, 149.586

 11, 36.286,
335.175

 28, 5.291, 148.984

■ 11, 36.946,
335.304

■ 30, 9.454, 148.491

■ 32, 13.511,
148.025

■ 34, 17.459,
147.582

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 20.660, 332.194



23, 20.642, 146.191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 20.660, 332.194



17, 20.660, 22.194



17, 20.660, 152.194



17, 20.660, 202.194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 20.659, 332.194



30, 7.601, 330.335



14, 20.754, 300.685



14, 5.298, 330.386



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 20.659, 332.194



21, 30.161, 332.892



16, 15.506, 358.650



10, 2.427, 329.989



20, 49.227, 335.900



51, 90.806, 336.639

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 20.659, 332.194



21, 30.161, 332.892



23, 13.915, 169.387



10, 2.427, 329.989



20, 49.227, 335.900



51, 90.806, 336.639

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 20.660, 332.194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 20.660, 332.194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

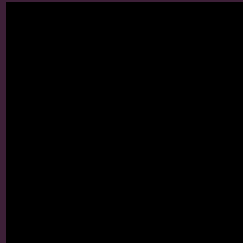
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 20.660, 332.194

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 20.660, 332.194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 20.660, 332.194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 20.660, 332.194

Protanopia

17, 15.381, 284.063

Deuteranopia

17, 8.357, 286.414



Tritanopia
17, 11.736, 15.760

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 20.660, 332.194

Protanomaly
17, 16.291, 302.768

Deuteranomaly
17, 12.683, 313.248

Tritanomaly
17, 13.754, 353.317

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 20.660, 332.194

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 8.109, 331.024

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 20.660, 332.194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 32, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 32, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 32, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 32, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 20.660, 332.194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 32, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 32, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 32, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 32, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 32, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 32, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 20.660, 332.194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 32, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 32,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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