

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 22.188, 310.119)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 22.188, 310.119)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 22.406, 310.629)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	322342
RGB	50, 35, 66
RGB Percent	20%, 14%, 26%
CMY	0.8027, 0.8616, 0.7399
CMYK	0.24, 0.47, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	269°, 31%, 20%
HSV	269°, 47%, 26%
XYZ	2.9331, 2.3023, 5.4932
YIQ	43.0190, -1.0110, 12.8210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

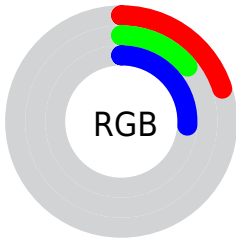
Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 35, 66
Decimal	3285826
CIE Lab	17.00, 14.59, -17.00
CIE LCh	17, 22.406, 310.629
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2734, 0.2146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281475906 (0xFF322342)
YUV	43.0190, 11.3296, 6.1223
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 7.9514, -10.8433

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 22.406, 310.629** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **26, 21.060, 126.568**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 22.122, 310.438**, and **1, 11.384, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 27.343, 311.118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 17.463, 310.133**.

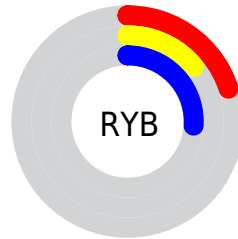
Distribution



 Red (20%)

 Green (14%)

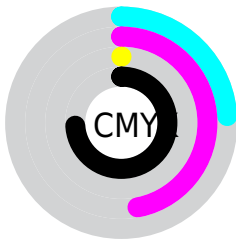
 Blue (26%)





 Red (20%)

 Yellow (14%)

 Blue (26%)

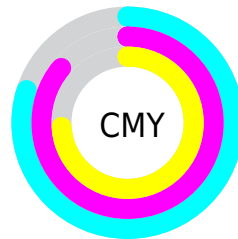


 Cyan (24%)

 Magenta (47%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (74%)



 Cyan (80%)

 Magenta (86%)

 Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 22.406, 310.629 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 22.406, 310.629 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 22.406,
310.629

■ 17, 22.406,
310.629

■ 100, 22.406,
310.629

■ 7, 22.406, 310.629

■ 37, 22.406,
310.629

■ 0, 22.406, 310.629

■ 47, 22.406,
310.629

■ 57, 22.406,
310.629


■ 67, 22.406,
310.629


■ 77, 22.406,
310.629


■ 87, 22.406,


310.629


 97, 22.406,
310.629


 17, 22.406,
310.629


 17, 22.406,
310.629

 15, 27.343,
311.118

 19, 17.463,
310.133

 13, 32.174,
311.568

 22, 12.578,
309.651

 11, 36.744,
311.931

 24, 7.786, 309.193

 9, 40.859, 312.153

 26, 3.109, 308.761

 7, 45.149, 312.506

 29, 1.447, 128.427

 6, 46.509, 312.587

 31, 5.878, 128.050

■ 34, 10.185,
127.732

■ 36, 14.371,
127.450

■ 38, 18.441,
127.200

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 22.406, 310.629



26, 21.060, 126.568

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 22.406, 310.629



17, 22.406, 0.629



17, 22.406, 130.629



17, 22.406, 180.629

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 22.405, 310.629



33, 8.093, 309.097



21, 11.594, 260.707



15, 5.506, 309.139



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 22.405, 310.629



20, 33.710, 311.194



19, 24.398, 326.141



11, 2.553, 308.835



12, 61.226, 312.247



35, 113.841, 311.400

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 17.831, 346.851



23, 26.348, 348.256



25, 24.423, 140.929



12, 2.084, 343.358



19, 42.149, 357.793



48, 77.076, 1.072

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 22.406, 310.629 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 22.406, 310.629 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

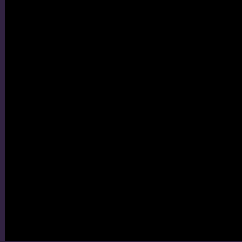
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 22.406, 310.629

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 22.406, 310.629.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 22.406, 310.629.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 22.406, 310.629

Protanopia

17, 21.686, 284.927

Deuteranopia

17, 16.279, 279.967



Tritanopia
17, 3.181, 339.260

Trichromacy



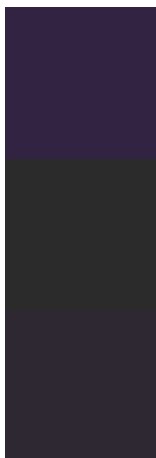
Original Color
17, 22.406, 310.629

Protanomaly
17, 21.557, 293.576

Deuteranomaly
17, 17.388, 292.002

Tritanomaly
17, 9.955, 316.376

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 22.406, 310.629

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 8.159, 311.438

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 22.406, 310.629 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 35, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 35, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 35, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 35, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 22.406, 310.629 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 35, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 35, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 35, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 35, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 35, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 35, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 22.406, 310.629 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 35, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 35,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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