

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 22.941, 197.292)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 22.941, 197.292)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 15.719, 198.993)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 15.719, 198.993)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003233
RGB	0, 50, 51
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8040, 0.8001
CMYK	1.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	181°, 100%, 10%
HSV	181°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.7365, 2.5180, 3.5240
YIQ	35.1640, -30.1210, -10.2890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

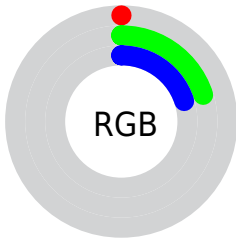
Format	Color
RYB	0, 25, 51
Decimal	12851
CIELab	18.00, -14.86, -5.12
CIELCh	18, 15.719, 198.993
Yxy	2.5180, 0.2232, 0.3237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202931 (0xFF003233)
YUV	35.1640, 7.8071, -30.8388
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -8.2361, -2.0591

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 15.719, 198.993** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7, 26.716, 22.737**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 15.902, 197.432**, and **0, 1.613, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 15.715, 198.993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 14.770, 199.053**.

Distribution



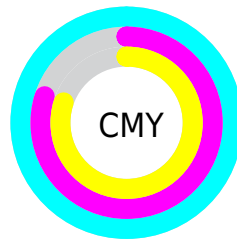
- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 15.719, 198.993 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 15.719, 198.993 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 15.719,
198.993


 18, 15.719,
198.993


 100, 15.719,
198.993


 8, 15.719, 198.993


 38, 15.719,
198.993

 0, 15.719, 198.993

 48, 15.719,
198.993


 58, 15.719,
198.993


 68, 15.719,
198.993


 78, 15.719,
198.993


 88, 15.719,


198.993


 98, 15.719,
198.993


 18, 15.719,
198.993


 18, 15.719,
198.993


 18, 15.715,
198.993

 18, 14.770,
199.053

 18, 13.857,
199.087

 19, 12.828,
199.146

 19, 11.558,
199.271

 19, 10.063,
199.457

■ 19, 8.361, 199.701

■ 20, 6.478, 199.998

■ 20, 4.439, 200.347

■ 21, 2.272, 200.764

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 15.719, 198.993



7, 26.716, 22.737

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 15.719, 198.993



18, 15.719, 248.993



18, 15.719, 18.993



18, 15.719, 68.993

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 15.715, 198.993



26, 8.037, 199.948



17, 36.443, 139.116



12, 5.353, 199.927



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 15.715, 198.993



24, 18.592, 199.134



8, 20.351, 277.027



9, 1.260, 200.853



33, 22.707, 199.267



77, 43.110, 199.525

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8, 36.621, 328.900



13, 43.347, 328.936



12, 20.927, 62.447



8, 2.303, 325.316



19, 52.966, 328.969



51, 100.651, 329.035

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 15.719, 198.993 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

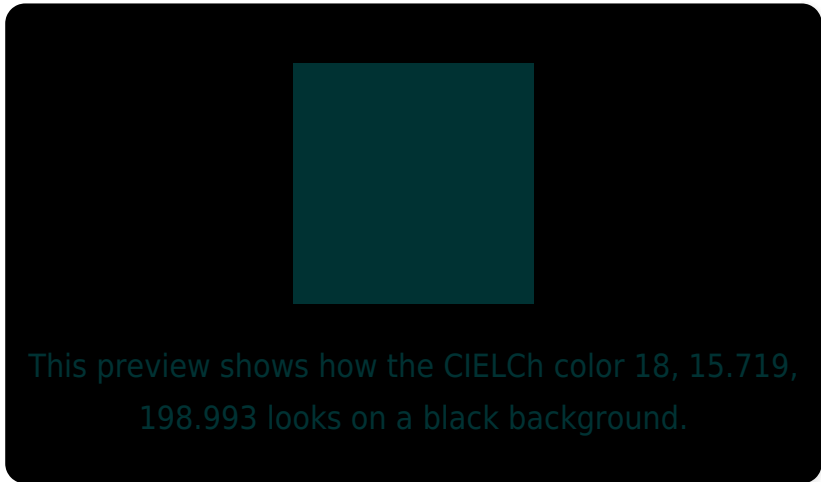
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

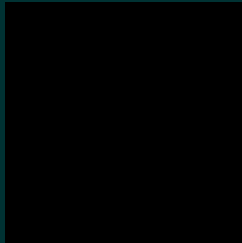
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

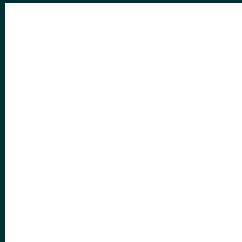
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 15.719, 198.993

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 15.719, 198.993.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 15.719, 198.993.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
18, 15.719, 198.993

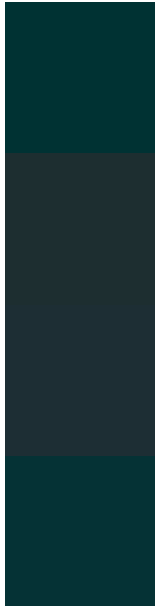
Protanopia
18, 2.130, 303.324

Deuteranopia
18, 5.544, 296.174



Tritanopia
18, 13.934, 208.431

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 15.719, 198.993

Protanomaly
18, 7.279, 209.060

Deuteranomaly
18, 7.934, 230.016

Tritanomaly
18, 14.530, 205.015

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 15.719, 198.993

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 7.678, 203.083

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 15.719, 198.993 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 50, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 50, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 50, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 50, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 15.719, 198.993 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 50, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 50, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 50, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 50, 51); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 51); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 15.719, 198.993 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 50, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 50,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor