

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 24.924, 80.805)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 24.924, 80.805) contains.

CIELCh(17, 24.959, 81.312)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(17, 24.959, 81.312)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	382700
RGB	56, 39, 0
RGB Percent	22%, 15%, 0%
CMY	0.7800, 0.8466, 0.9994
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 1.00, 0.78
HSL	42°, 99%, 11%
HSV	42°, 100%, 22%
XYZ	2.3670, 2.3023, 0.3242
YIQ	39.6370, 22.6510, -8.5250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

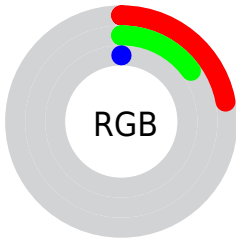
Format	Color
RYB	24, 56, 0
Decimal	3680000
CIELab	17.00, 3.77, 24.67
CIELCh	17, 24.959, 81.312
Yxy	2.3023, 0.4740, 0.4611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281870080 (0xFF382700)
YUV	39.6370, -19.5410, 14.3504
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 1.2913, 9.3544

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 24.959, 81.312** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **6, 29.212, 291.371**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 25.013, 81.777**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 25.007, 81.280**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 23.305, 82.633**.

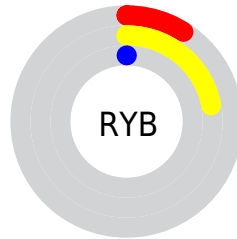
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (15%)

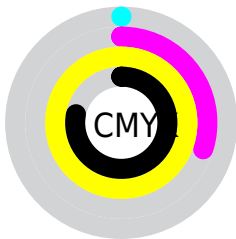
Blue (0%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (0%)

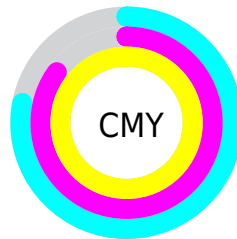


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 24.959, 81.312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 24.959, 81.312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 24.959, 81.312

 17, 24.959, 81.312

 100, 24.959,
81.312

 7, 24.959, 81.312

 37, 24.959, 81.312

 0, 24.959, 81.312

 47, 24.959, 81.312

 57, 24.959, 81.312

 67, 24.959, 81.312

 77, 24.959, 81.312

 87, 24.959, 81.312

 97, 24.959, 81.312

■ 17, 24.959, 81.312

■ 17, 24.959, 81.312

■ 17, 25.007, 81.280

■ 18, 23.305, 82.633

■ 18, 21.636, 84.140

■ 19, 19.444, 85.530

■ 19, 16.690, 86.754

■ 20, 13.861, 87.938

■ 21, 11.019, 89.093

■ 21, 8.191, 90.219

■ 22, 5.395, 91.314

■ 23, 2.636, 92.366

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 24.959, 81.312



6, 29.212, 291.371

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 24.959, 81.312



17, 24.959, 131.312



17, 24.959, 261.312



17, 24.959, 311.312

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 24.959, 81.315



29, 10.430, 90.017



8, 28.683, 9.266



13, 7.191, 89.860



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 24.959, 81.315



23, 32.816, 80.796



22, 32.348, 113.215



10, 1.501, 92.506



29, 39.273, 80.284



68, 73.839, 78.097

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 29.212, 291.371



10, 37.631, 294.391



3, 38.271, 303.015



9, 1.506, 274.344



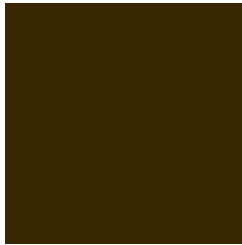
13, 45.119, 295.626



36, 92.390, 298.548

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 24.959, 81.312 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

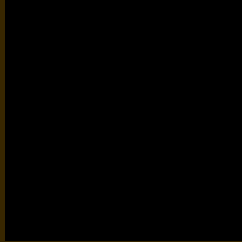
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 24.959, 81.312

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 24.959, 81.312.

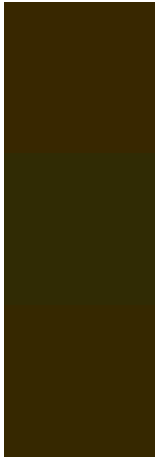


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 24.959, 81.312.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 24.959, 81.312

Protanopia

17, 23.443, 97.627

Deuteranopia

17, 24.749, 85.430



Tritanopia
17, 11.233, 11.816

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 24.959, 81.312

Protanomaly
17, 23.748, 92.038

Deuteranomaly
17, 24.992, 84.183

Tritanomaly
17, 14.097, 56.654

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 24.959, 81.312

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 10.247, 89.172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 24.959, 81.312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 39, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 39, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 39, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 39, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 24.959, 81.312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 39, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 39, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 39, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 39, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 39, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 39, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 24.959, 81.312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 39, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 39,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor