

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 28.404, 137.458)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 28.404, 137.458)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 28.406, 137.511)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	10310C
RGB	16, 49, 12
RGB Percent	6%, 19%, 5%
CMY	0.9385, 0.8091, 0.9545
CMYK	0.68, 0.00, 0.76, 0.81
HSL	113°, 62%, 12%
HSV	113°, 76%, 19%
XYZ	1.3569, 2.3023, 0.7078
YIQ	34.9150, -7.7910, -18.5030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

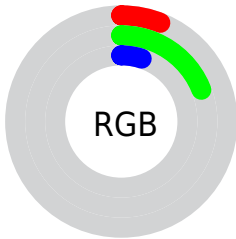
Format	Color
R_{YB}	12, 49, 45
Decimal	1061132
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, -20.95, 19.19
CIE _{LCh}	17, 28.406, 137.511
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3107, 0.5272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279251212 (0xFF10310C)
YUV	34.9150, -11.2971, -16.5885
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -10.5908, 7.8558

Details

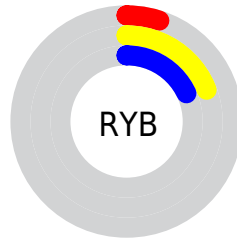
The CIELCh color **17, 28.406, 137.511** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **9, 28.733, 324.080**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 28.442, 137.977**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 30.964, 137.552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 25.383, 137.691**.

Distribution



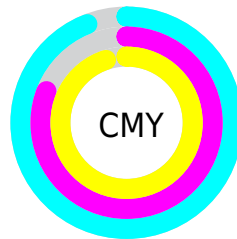
- Red (6%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (5%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 28.406, 137.511 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 28.406, 137.511 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 28.406,
137.511

■ 17, 28.406,
137.511

■ 100, 28.406,
137.511

■ 7, 28.406, 137.511

■ 37, 28.406,
137.511

■ 0, 28.406, 137.511

■ 47, 28.406,
137.511


■ 57, 28.406,
137.511


■ 67, 28.406,
137.511


■ 77, 28.406,
137.511


■ 87, 28.406,


137.511


 97, 28.406,
137.511


 17, 28.406,
137.511


 17, 28.406,
137.511


 17, 30.964,
137.552


 17, 25.383,
137.691


 17, 33.441,
137.443

 18, 21.858,
138.340

 17, 34.404,
137.433

 18, 18.115,
139.016

 18, 14.247,
139.645

 19, 10.313,
140.217

■ 19, 6.357, 140.732

■ 20, 2.415, 141.206

■ 20, 1.487, 321.510

■ 21, 5.330, 321.900

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 28.406, 137.511



9, 28.733, 324.080

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 28.406, 137.511



17, 28.406, 187.511



17, 28.406, 317.511



17, 28.406, 7.511

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 28.406, 137.511



25, 11.362, 140.319



18, 21.092, 98.316



12, 7.951, 140.262



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 28.406, 137.511



23, 40.326, 135.837



17, 22.384, 150.961



9, 2.247, 141.131



32, 54.889, 134.953



76, 105.270, 135.547

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 28.733, 324.080



12, 40.177, 324.317



9, 22.636, 344.012



8, 2.256, 321.725



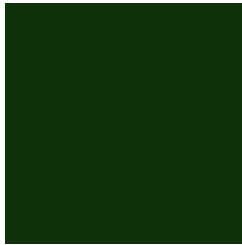
17, 54.103, 324.258



47, 103.028, 323.923

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 28.406, 137.511 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

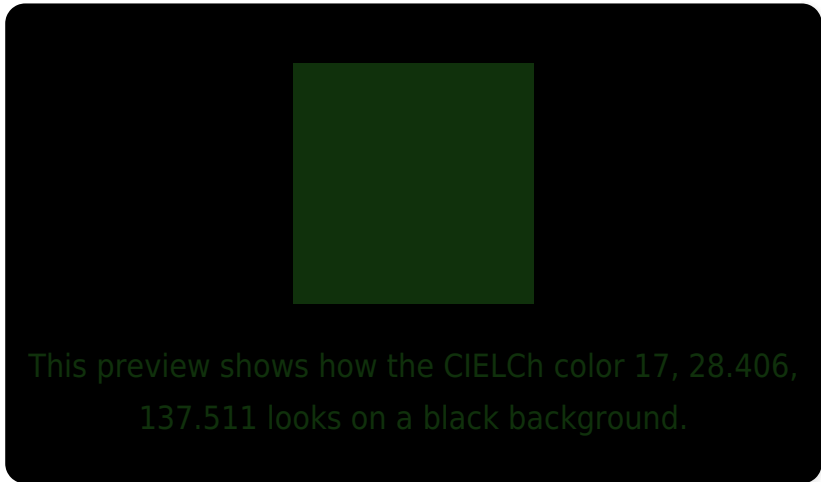
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

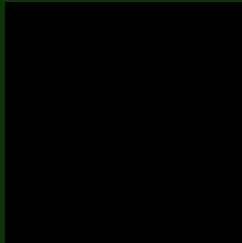
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 28.406, 137.511

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 28.406, 137.511.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 28.406, 137.511.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

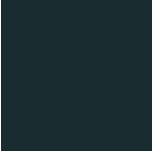
17, 28.406, 137.511

Protanopia

17, 20.442, 97.114

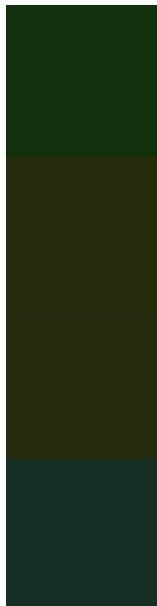
Deuteranopia

17, 18.443, 82.146



Tritanopia
17, 8.478, 217.198

Trichromacy



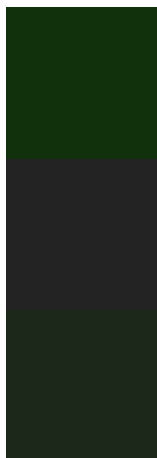
Original Color
17, 28.406, 137.511

Protanomaly
17, 21.423, 116.763

Deuteranomaly
16, 19.108, 111.913

Tritanomaly
17, 13.308, 161.590

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 28.406, 137.511

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 11.553, 138.950

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 28.406, 137.511 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 49, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 49, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 49, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 49, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 28.406, 137.511 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 49, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 49, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 49, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 49, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 49, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 49, 12)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 28.406, 137.511 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 49, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 49,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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