

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 33.138, 325.912)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 33.138, 325.912)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 33.138, 325.912)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	431945
RGB	67, 25, 69
RGB Percent	26%, 10%, 27%
CMY	0.7380, 0.9026, 0.7301
CMYK	0.03, 0.64, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	297°, 47%, 18%
HSV	297°, 64%, 27%
XYZ	3.7150, 2.3023, 5.8503
YIQ	42.5740, 10.9080, 22.5880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

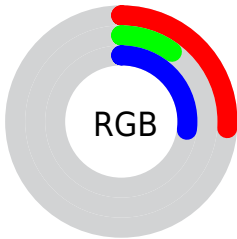
Format	Color
R_{YB}	67, 25, 69
Decimal	4397381
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, 27.44, -18.57
CIE _{LCh}	17, 33.138, 325.912
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3130, 0.1940
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282587461 (0xFF431945)
YUV	42.5740, 13.0280, 21.4216
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 17.1501, -12.2387

Details

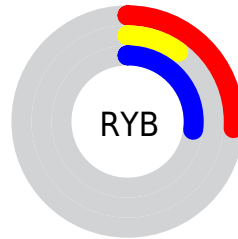
The CIELCh color **17, 33.138, 325.912** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **25, 33.261, 138.778**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 33.074, 326.446**, and **2, 15.214, 315.018** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 37.167, 326.186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 28.537, 325.572**.

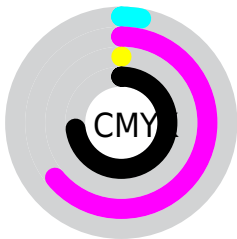
Distribution



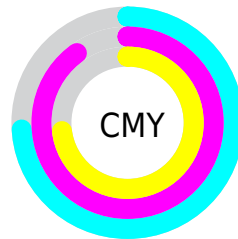
- Red (26%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 33.138, 325.912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 33.138, 325.912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 33.138,
325.912

■ 17, 33.138,
325.912

■ 100, 33.138,
325.912

■ 7, 33.138, 325.912

■ 37, 33.138,
325.912

■ 0, 33.138, 325.912

■ 47, 33.138,
325.912


■ 57, 33.138,
325.912


■ 67, 33.138,
325.912


■ 77, 33.138,
325.912


■ 87, 33.138,


325.912


 97, 33.138,
325.912


 17, 33.138,
325.912


 17, 33.138,
325.912


 16, 37.167,
326.186


 19, 28.537,
325.572


 15, 40.461,
326.379

 20, 23.534,
325.182

 14, 43.298,
326.527

 22, 18.281,
324.755

 13, 45.135,
326.631

 24, 12.899,
324.306

 26, 7.482, 323.842

■ 28, 2.097, 323.344

■ 31, 3.210, 142.983

■ 33, 8.408, 142.522

■ 35, 13.481,
142.093

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 33.138, 325.912



25, 33.261, 138.778

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 33.138, 325.912



17, 33.138, 15.912



17, 33.138, 145.912



17, 33.138, 195.912

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 33.137, 325.912



33, 12.700, 324.114



12, 30.055, 297.104



15, 8.819, 324.181



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 33.137, 325.912



21, 46.876, 326.316



16, 24.991, 346.979



12, 2.888, 323.581



21, 57.011, 326.549



52, 105.175, 326.420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 23.326, 23.414



19, 35.461, 27.766



26, 24.080, 154.945



12, 1.690, 16.065



18, 47.405, 33.452



47, 93.124, 38.565

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 33.138, 325.912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

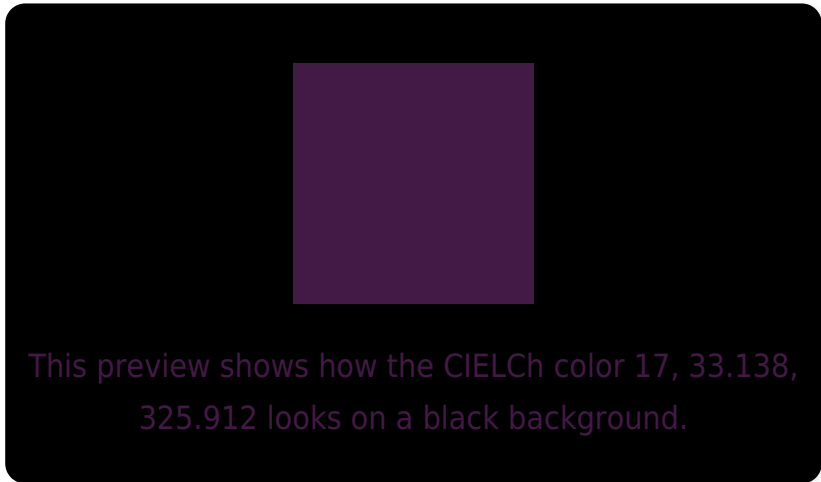
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

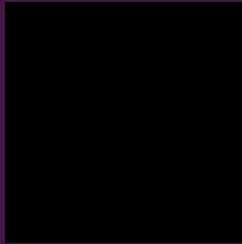
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 33.138, 325.912

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 33.138, 325.912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 33.138, 325.912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 33.138, 325.912

Protanopia

18, 29.964, 284.586

Deuteranopia

18, 16.229, 279.827



Tritanopia
17, 14.884, 15.574

Trichromacy



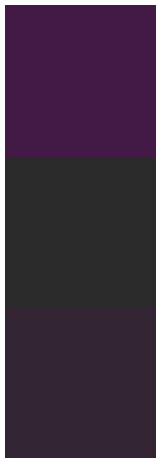
Original Color
17, 33.138, 325.912

Protanomaly
16, 29.930, 296.196

Deuteranomaly
17, 21.961, 304.456

Tritanomaly
17, 19.335, 345.648

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 33.138, 325.912

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 13.061, 324.055

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 33.138, 325.912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 25, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 25, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 25, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 25, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 33.138, 325.912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 25, 69) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 25, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 25, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 25, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 25, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 25, 69)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 33.138, 325.912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 25, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 25,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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