

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 39.525, 311.556)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 39.525, 311.556)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 39.664, 311.388)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	371C55
RGB	55, 28, 85
RGB Percent	22%, 11%, 33%
CMY	0.7841, 0.8900, 0.6665
CMYK	0.35, 0.67, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	268°, 50%, 22%
HSV	268°, 67%, 33%
XYZ	3.6355, 2.3023, 8.8561
YIQ	42.5710, -2.2050, 23.4510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

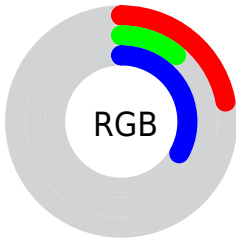
Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 28, 85
Decimal	3611733
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, 26.22, -29.76
CIE _{LCh}	17, 39.664, 311.388
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2457, 0.1556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281801813 (0xFF371C55)
YUV	42.5710, 20.9175, 10.9002
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 16.2141, -23.9837

Details

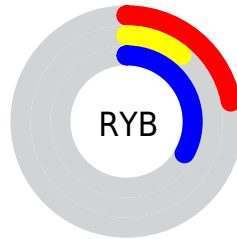
The CIELCh color **17, 39.664, 311.388** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **33, 35.899, 125.462**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 39.729, 311.309**, and **1, 24.182, 294.642** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 45.157, 311.743**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 33.771, 310.923**.

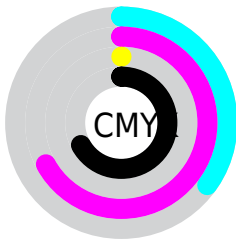
Distribution



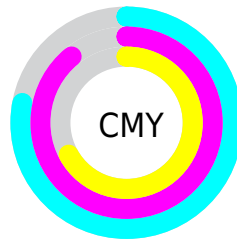
- Red (22%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 39.664, 311.388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 39.664, 311.388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 39.664,
311.388

■ 17, 39.664,
311.388

■ 100, 39.664,
311.388

■ 7, 39.664, 311.388

■ 37, 39.664,
311.388

■ 0, 39.664, 311.388

■ 47, 39.664,
311.388


■ 57, 39.664,
311.388

■ 67, 39.664,
311.388

■ 77, 39.664,
311.388


■ 87, 39.664,


311.388


 97, 39.664,
311.388

 17, 39.664,
311.388


 17, 39.664,
311.388


 15, 45.157,
311.743


 20, 33.771,
310.923


 12, 49.934,
311.907

 22, 27.709,
310.407

 11, 54.431,
312.081

 25, 21.624,
309.879

 10, 55.946,
312.219

 28, 15.606,
309.365

 31, 9.708, 308.878

■ 34, 3.955, 308.422

■ 37, 1.640, 128.065

■ 40, 7.075, 127.671

■ 43, 12.351,
127.340

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 39.664, 311.388



33, 35.899, 125.462

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 39.664, 311.388



17, 39.664, 1.388



17, 39.664, 131.388



17, 39.664, 181.388

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 39.664, 311.388



39, 14.129, 309.051



24, 19.523, 264.581



19, 9.738, 309.134



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 39.664, 311.388



19, 57.252, 311.864



21, 40.869, 326.451



16, 3.206, 308.501



14, 65.913, 311.882



37, 118.019, 311.146

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 30.432, 349.225



25, 41.988, 352.162



31, 41.190, 138.514



16, 2.641, 342.863



22, 45.281, 357.398



51, 79.853, 0.200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 39.664, 311.388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 39.664, 311.388 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

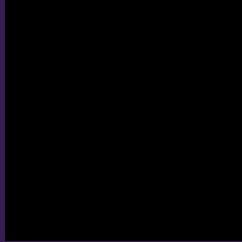
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 39.664, 311.388

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 39.664, 311.388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 39.664, 311.388.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

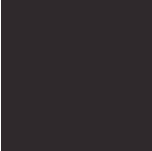
17, 39.664, 311.388

Protanopia

17, 32.326, 283.059

Deuteranopia

17, 23.695, 269.848



Tritanopia
17, 3.558, 344.489

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 39.664, 311.388

Protanomaly
16, 34.866, 292.030

Deuteranomaly
16, 28.766, 287.413

Tritanomaly
17, 17.135, 314.255

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 39.664, 311.388

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 14.513, 308.845

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 39.664, 311.388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 28, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 28, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 28, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 28, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 39.664, 311.388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 28, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 28, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 28, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 28, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 28, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 28, 85)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 39.664, 311.388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 28, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 28,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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