

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 41.197, 335.344)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 41.197, 335.344)
contains.

CIELCh(17, 41.191, 335.465)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	19
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	22
<i>CSS Examples</i>	25

Color

CIELCh(17, 41.191, 335.465)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	500943
RGB	80, 9, 67
RGB Percent	31%, 4%, 26%
CMY	0.6865, 0.9649, 0.7374
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.16, 0.69
HSL	311°, 80%, 17%
HSV	311°, 89%, 31%
XYZ	4.4133, 2.3023, 5.5155
YIQ	36.8410, 23.6980, 33.0900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

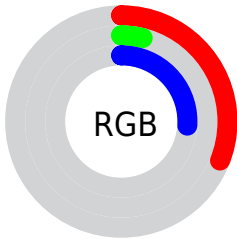
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 9, 67
Decimal	5245251
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, 37.47, -17.10
CIE _{LCh}	17, 41.191, 335.465
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3608, 0.1882
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283435331 (0xFF500943)
YUV	36.8410, 14.8684, 37.8504
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 25.3650, -10.9303




Details

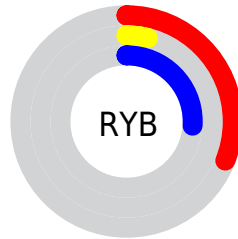
The CIELCh color **17, 41.191, 335.465** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **29, 43.641, 141.041**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 40.899, 335.724**, and **4, 18.570, 338.601** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 43.437, 336.164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 38.695, 334.750**.

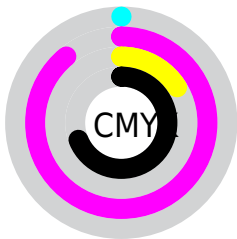
Distribution







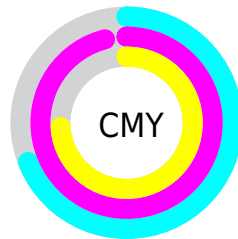
-  Red (31%)
-  Green (4%)
-  Blue (26%)






-  Red (31%)
-  Yellow (4%)
-  Blue (26%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (89%)
-  Yellow (16%)
-  Black (69%)





-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (96%)
-  Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 41.191, 335.465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 41.191, 335.465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 41.191,
335.465

 17, 41.191,
335.465

 100, 41.191,
335.465


 7, 41.191, 335.465

 37, 41.191,
335.465

 0, 41.191, 335.465

 47, 41.191,
335.465


 57, 41.191,
335.465


 67, 41.191,
335.465

 77, 41.191,
335.465


 87, 41.191,


335.465


 97, 41.191,
335.465


 17, 41.191,
335.465


 17, 41.191,
335.465


 16, 43.437,
336.164


 18, 38.695,
334.750

 16, 43.719,
336.243

 19, 35.262,
334.075

 21, 31.053,
333.427

 23, 26.272,
332.797

 25, 21.110,
332.181

■ 27, 15.729,
331.577

■ 29, 10.255,
330.985

■ 32, 4.780, 330.397

■ 34, 0.634, 150.128

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 41.191, 335.465



29, 43.641, 141.041

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 41.191, 335.465



17, 41.191, 25.465



17, 41.191, 155.465



17, 41.191, 205.465

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 41.190, 335.465



36, 18.399, 331.527



8, 50.009, 305.883



17, 12.497, 331.636



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 41.190, 335.465



22, 52.412, 336.592



16, 33.587, 9.088



15, 3.083, 330.394



53, 93.139, 337.297

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 41.190, 335.465



22, 52.412, 336.592



30, 28.356, 163.204



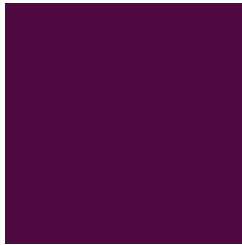
15, 3.083, 330.394



53, 93.139, 337.297

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 41.191, 335.465 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

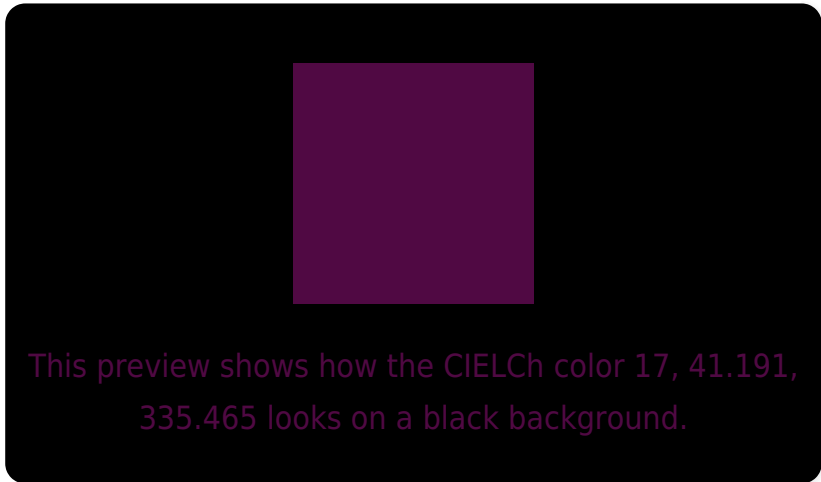
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

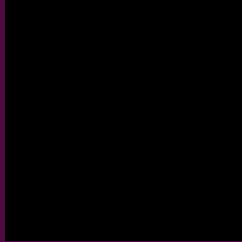
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 41.191, 335.465

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 41.191, 335.465.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 41.191, 335.465.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 41.191, 335.465

Protanopia

18, 33.469, 283.245

Deuteranopia

18, 13.223, 283.129



Tritanopia
18, 26.158, 24.326

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 41.191, 335.465

Protanomaly
15, 35.792, 298.063

Deuteranomaly
16, 24.562, 316.593

Tritanomaly
17, 29.312, 359.581

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 41.191, 335.465

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 18.688, 332.948

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 41.191, 335.465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 9, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 9, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 9, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 9, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 41.191, 335.465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 9, 67) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 9, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 9, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 9, 67); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 9, 67); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 9, 67) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 41.191, 335.465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 9, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 9,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor