

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 41.246, 347.324)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 41.246, 347.324)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 41.393, 347.168)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	570038
RGB	87, 0, 56
RGB Percent	34%, 0%, 22%
CMY	0.6593, 1.0000, 0.7808
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.36, 0.66
HSL	321°, 100%, 17%
HSV	321°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	4.6295, 2.3023, 3.9289
YIQ	32.3970, 33.8760, 35.8600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

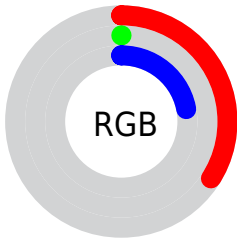
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 0, 56
Decimal	5701688
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, 40.36, -9.19
CIE _{LCh}	17, 41.393, 347.168
Yxy	2.3023, 0.4263, 0.2120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283891768 (0xFF570038)
YUV	32.3970, 11.6363, 47.8868
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 27.9080, -4.7307

Details

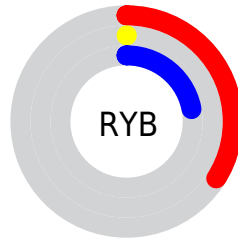
The CIELCh color **17, 41.393, 347.168** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **32, 44.558, 144.814**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 41.104, 347.075**, and **4, 19.070, 5.972** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 41.350, 347.184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 39.411, 345.587**.

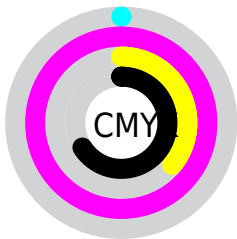
Distribution



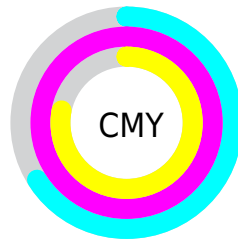
- Red (34%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 41.393, 347.168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 41.393, 347.168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 41.393,
347.168

■ 17, 41.393,
347.168

■ 100, 41.393,
347.168

■ 7, 41.393, 347.168

■ 37, 41.393,
347.168

■ 0, 41.393, 347.168

■ 47, 41.393,
347.168


■ 57, 41.393,
347.168


■ 67, 41.393,
347.168

■ 77, 41.393,
347.168


■ 87, 41.393,


347.168


 97, 41.393,
347.168

 17, 41.393,
347.168


 17, 41.393,
347.168


 17, 41.350,
347.184

 18, 39.411,
345.587

 19, 37.260,
344.002

 21, 34.125,
342.668

 22, 30.177,
341.522

 24, 25.634,
340.515

■ 27, 20.706,
339.611

■ 29, 15.567,
338.785

■ 32, 10.346,
338.019

■ 34, 5.138, 337.293

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 41.393, 347.168



32, 44.558, 144.814

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 41.393, 347.168



17, 41.393, 37.168



17, 41.393, 167.168



17, 41.393, 217.168

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 41.350, 347.184



38, 19.223, 338.862



9, 58.183, 309.828



17, 12.971, 339.062



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 41.350, 347.184



23, 49.155, 348.022



16, 41.584, 27.245



16, 2.868, 337.205



22, 47.608, 347.880



52, 83.577, 349.709

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 41.350, 347.184



23, 49.155, 348.022



32, 26.292, 177.502



16, 2.868, 337.205



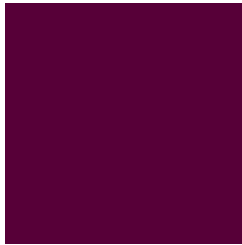
22, 47.608, 347.880



52, 83.577, 349.709

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 41.393, 347.168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

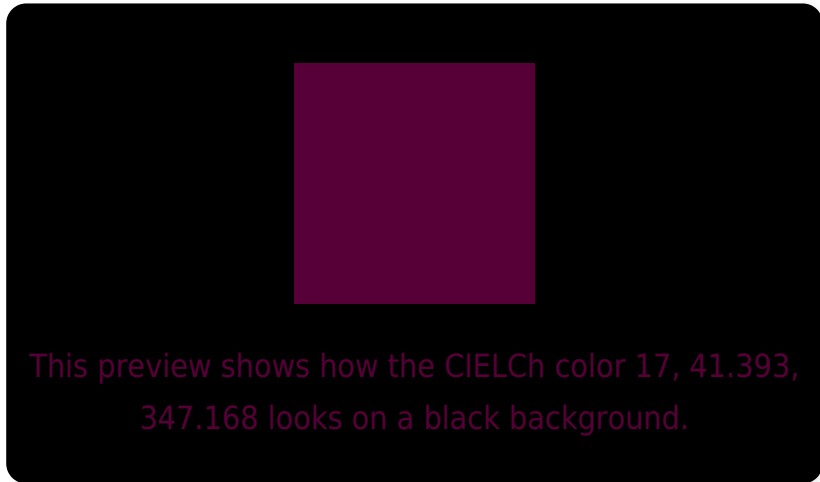
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

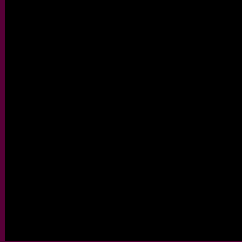
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 41.393, 347.168

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 41.393, 347.168.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 41.393, 347.168.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 41.393, 347.168

Protanopia

19, 24.127, 285.105

Deuteranopia

19, 5.016, 307.082



Tritanopia
18, 33.191, 28.732

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 41.393, 347.168

Protanomaly
16, 30.253, 312.467

Deuteranomaly
16, 21.750, 336.618

Tritanomaly
18, 34.271, 11.062

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 41.393, 347.168

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 20.498, 340.481

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 41.393, 347.168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 0, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 0, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 0, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 0, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 41.393, 347.168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 0, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 0, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 0, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 0, 56); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 0, 56); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 0, 56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 41.393, 347.168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 0, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 0,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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