

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 45.496, 342.216)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 45.496, 342.216)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 43.533, 342.288)	3
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Color

CIELCh(18, 43.533, 342.288)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	590140
RGB	89, 1, 64
RGB Percent	35%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.6510, 0.9953, 0.7495
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.28, 0.65
HSL	317°, 97%, 18%
HSV	317°, 99%, 35%
XYZ	5.0542, 2.5180, 5.0515
YIQ	34.4940, 32.2250, 38.2490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

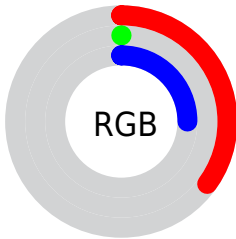
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 1, 64
Decimal	5833024
CIE _{Lab}	18.00, 41.47, -13.24
CIE _{LCh}	18, 43.533, 342.288
Yxy	2.5180, 0.4004, 0.1995
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284023104 (0xFF590140)
YUV	34.4940, 14.5465, 47.8018
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, 29.0837, -7.7664

Details

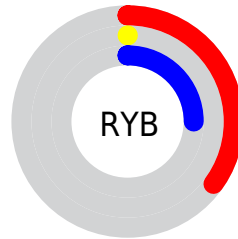
The CIELCh color **18, 43.533, 342.288** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **32, 47.471, 142.486**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 43.705, 341.972**, and **5, 22.079, 353.179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 43.805, 342.445**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 41.613, 341.055**.

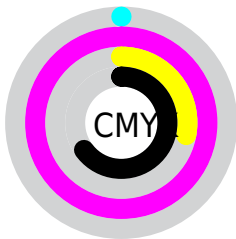
Distribution



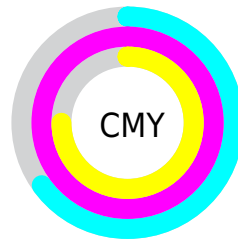
- Red (35%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 43.533, 342.288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 43.533, 342.288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 43.533,
342.288

 18, 43.533,
342.288

 100, 43.533,
342.288

 8, 43.533, 342.288

 38, 43.533,
342.288

 0, 43.533, 342.288

 48, 43.533,
342.288

 58, 43.533,
342.288

 68, 43.533,
342.288

 78, 43.533,
342.288


 88, 43.533,


342.288


 98, 43.533,
342.288


 18, 43.533,
342.288


 18, 43.533,
342.288


 18, 43.805,
342.445

 19, 41.613,
341.055

 20, 39.237,
339.869

 22, 35.821,
338.839

 23, 31.563,
337.921

 26, 26.690,
337.085

■ 28, 21.417,
336.310

■ 30, 15.923,
335.583

■ 33, 10.343,
334.894

■ 35, 4.773, 334.226

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 43.533, 342.288



32, 47.471, 142.486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 43.533, 342.288



18, 43.533, 32.288



18, 43.533, 162.288



18, 43.533, 212.288

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 43.531, 342.288



39, 20.545, 335.745



9, 59.081, 308.638



18, 14.121, 335.939



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 43.531, 342.288



24, 52.070, 343.030



17, 40.764, 23.092



16, 3.016, 334.232



23, 49.651, 342.882



52, 87.200, 344.185

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 43.531, 342.288



24, 52.070, 343.030



33, 28.682, 170.888



16, 3.016, 334.232



23, 49.651, 342.882



52, 87.200, 344.185

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 43.533, 342.288 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

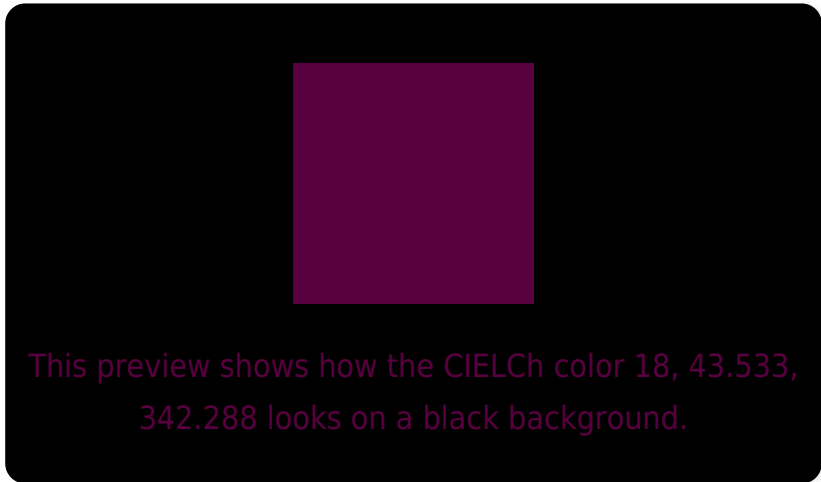
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

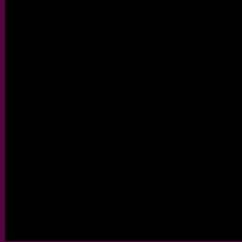
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 43.533, 342.288

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 43.533, 342.288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 43.533, 342.288.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18, 43.630, 342.186

Protanopia

20, 30.120, 284.912

Deuteranopia

20, 8.870, 292.268



Tritanopia
19, 31.952, 27.819

Trichromacy



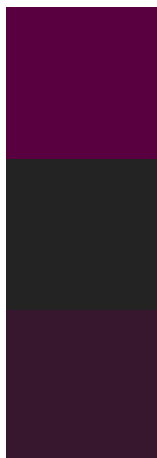
Original Color
18, 43.630, 342.186

Protanomaly
16, 35.730, 307.728

Deuteranomaly
17, 24.869, 327.716

Tritanomaly
18, 33.919, 6.573

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 43.630, 342.186

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 21.255, 337.274

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 43.533, 342.288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 1, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 1, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 1, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 1, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 43.533, 342.288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 1, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 1, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 1, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 1, 64); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 1, 64); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 1, 64) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 43.533, 342.288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 1, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 1,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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