

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 46.391, 33.202)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 46.391, 33.202) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 46.190, 33.811)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D0002
RGB	93, 0, 2
RGB Percent	36%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.6368, 1.0000, 0.9940
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.98, 0.64
HSL	359°, 100%, 18%
HSV	359°, 100%, 36%
XYZ	4.4805, 2.3023, 0.2522
YIQ	28.0350, 54.7860, 20.3380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

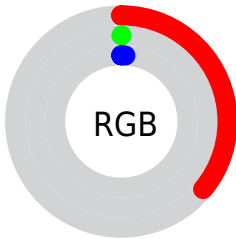
Format	Color
R _Y B	93, 0, 2
Decimal	6094850
CIE Lab	17.00, 38.38, 25.70
CIE LCh	17, 46.190, 33.811
Yxy	2.3023, 0.6369, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284284930 (0xFF5D0002)
YUV	28.0350, -12.8353, 56.9743
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 26.1546, 9.6358

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 46.190, 33.811** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **35, 24.183, 194.042**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 46.340, 33.840**, and **4, 18.543, 18.159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 46.118, 33.947**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 42.744, 32.988**.

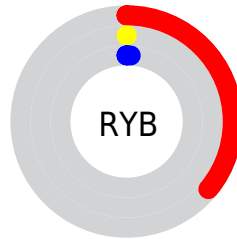
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (0%)

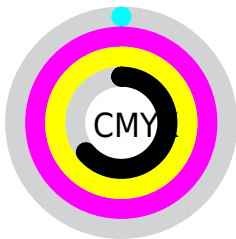
Blue (1%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

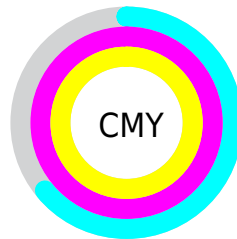


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 46.190, 33.811 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 46.190, 33.811 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 46.190, 33.811

 17, 46.190, 33.811

 100, 46.190,
33.811

 7, 46.190, 33.811

 37, 46.190, 33.811

 0, 46.190, 33.811


 47, 46.190, 33.811

 57, 46.190, 33.811

 67, 46.190, 33.811

 77, 46.190, 33.811

 87, 46.190, 33.811

 97, 46.190, 33.811

■ 17, 46.190, 33.811

■ 17, 46.190, 33.811

■ 17, 46.118, 33.947

■ 18, 42.744, 32.988

■ 19, 38.632, 30.805

■ 21, 33.518, 27.748

■ 23, 28.248, 25.222

■ 25, 22.989, 23.208

■ 28, 17.868, 21.624

■ 31, 12.974, 20.379

■ 33, 8.356, 19.391

■ 36, 4.032, 18.577

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 46.190, 33.811



35, 24.183, 194.042

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 46.190, 33.811



17, 46.190, 83.811



17, 46.190, 213.811



17, 46.190, 263.811

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 46.118, 33.947



40, 16.091, 20.482



20, 55.164, 327.618



18, 11.168, 20.809



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 46.118, 33.947



24, 57.550, 37.142



24, 39.203, 61.104



17, 2.233, 18.485



21, 53.364, 36.202



50, 98.309, 39.501

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 46.118, 33.947



24, 57.550, 37.142



20, 31.229, 278.897



17, 2.233, 18.485



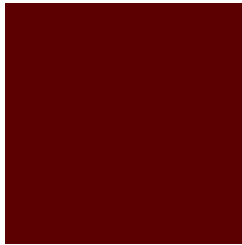
21, 53.364, 36.202



50, 98.309, 39.501

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 46.190, 33.811 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 46.190, 33.811

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 46.190, 33.811.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 46.190, 33.811.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 46.190, 33.811

Protanopia

19, 22.474, 97.577

Deuteranopia

19, 27.221, 85.643



Tritanopia
18, 44.675, 37.578

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 46.190, 33.811

Protanomaly
16, 26.321, 52.459

Deuteranomaly
16, 30.580, 51.967

Tritanomaly
17, 44.929, 36.126

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 46.190, 33.811

Achromatopsia
10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 18.955, 25.232

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 46.190, 33.811 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 0, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 0, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 0, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 0, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 46.190, 33.811 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 0, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 0, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 0, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 0, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 0, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 0, 2) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 46.190, 33.811 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 0, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 0,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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