

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 50.687, 328.233)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 50.687, 328.233)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 50.266, 328.233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 510051 |
| RGB | 81, 0, 81 |
| RGB Percent | 32%, 0%, 32% |
| CMY | 0.6843, 1.0000, 0.6842 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.68 |
| HSL | 300°, 100%, 16% |
| HSV | 300°, 100%, 32% |
| XYZ | 4.8126, 2.3023, 7.8839 |
| YIQ | 33.4530, 22.2750, 42.3630 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

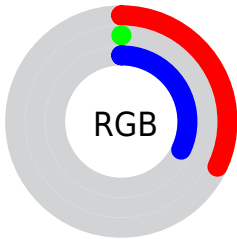
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 81, 0, 81 |
| Decimal | 5308497 |
| CIELab | 17.00, 42.74, -26.46 |
| CIElCh | 17, 50.266, 328.233 |
| Yxy | 2.3023, 0.3209, 0.1535 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283498577 (0xFF510051) |
| YUV | 33.4530, 23.4407, 41.6987 |
| Hunter-Lab | 15.1734, 30.0624, -20.1849 |

Details

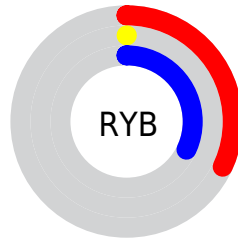
The CIELCh color **17, 50.266, 328.233** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **29, 51.890, 136.012**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 50.146, 328.025**, and **4, 26.403, 324.860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 50.069, 328.220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 47.355, 328.034**.

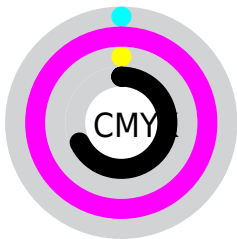
Distribution



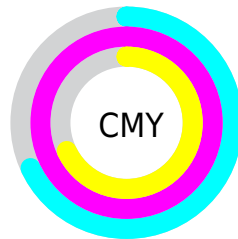
- Red (32%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)





- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 50.266, 328.233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 50.266, 328.233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 50.266,
328.233

 17, 50.266,
328.233


 100, 50.266,
328.233

 7, 50.266, 328.233

 37, 50.266,
328.233

 0, 50.266, 328.233

 47, 50.266,
328.233


 57, 50.266,
328.233


 67, 50.266,
328.233


 77, 50.266,
328.233


 87, 50.266,


328.233

 97, 50.266,
328.233


 17, 50.266,
328.233


 17, 50.266,
328.233


 17, 50.069,
328.220

 18, 47.355,
328.034

 19, 44.460,
327.832

 20, 40.606,
327.559

 21, 35.906,
327.218

 23, 30.555,
326.821

■ 25, 24.748,
326.380

■ 27, 18.664,
325.907

■ 29, 12.444,
325.415

■ 32, 6.199, 324.907

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 50.266, 328.233



29, 51.890, 136.012

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 50.266, 328.233



17, 50.266, 18.233



17, 50.266, 148.233



17, 50.266, 198.233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 50.069, 328.220



36, 23.150, 325.959



6, 55.723, 305.002



16, 15.908, 326.075



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 50.069, 328.220



24, 60.007, 328.219



15, 37.237, 356.690



15, 3.500, 324.841



55, 107.612, 328.218

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 41.024, 32.219



20, 51.588, 36.263



29, 37.518, 150.519



15, 2.019, 19.782



48, 97.360, 39.989

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 50.266, 328.233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

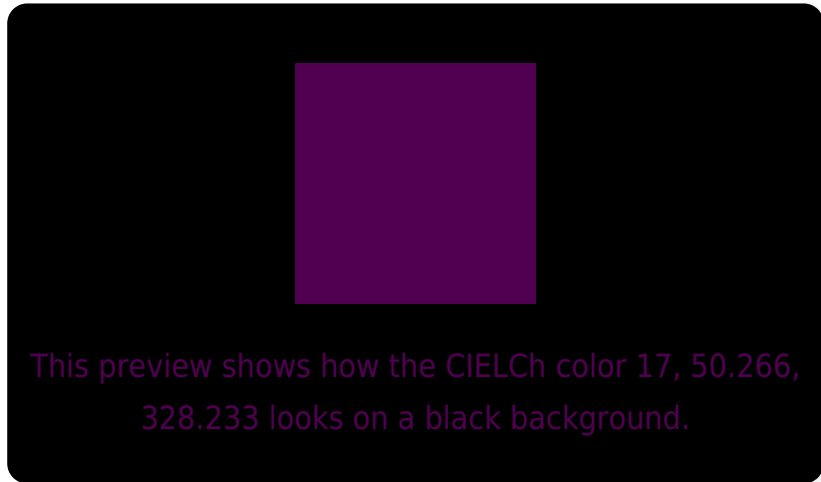
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

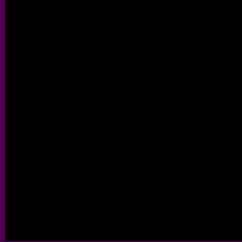
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 50.266, 328.233

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 50.266, 328.233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 50.266, 328.233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 50.266, 328.233

Protanopia

19, 33.978, 282.868

Deuteranopia

19, 21.030, 278.951



Tritanopia
19, 22.234, 22.113

Trichromacy



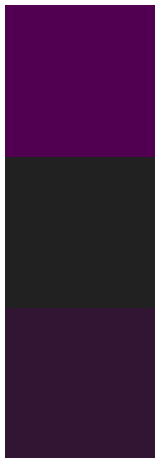
Original Color
17, 50.266, 328.233

Protanomaly
15, 41.852, 300.081

Deuteranomaly
16, 34.549, 308.097

Tritanomaly
17, 30.587, 349.076

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 50.266, 328.233

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 23.658, 326.963

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 50.266, 328.233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 0, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 0, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 0, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 0, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 50.266, 328.233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 0, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 0, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 0, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 0, 81); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 0, 81); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 0, 81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 50.266, 328.233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 0, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 0,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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