

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 6.807, 213.102)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 6.807, 213.102) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 6.656, 216.605)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D2C2F
RGB	29, 44, 47
RGB Percent	11%, 17%, 18%
CMY	0.8849, 0.8261, 0.8143
CMYK	0.38, 0.06, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	190°, 23%, 15%
HSV	190°, 38%, 19%
XYZ	1.9508, 2.3023, 3.0689
YIQ	39.8570, -9.9030, -2.2470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

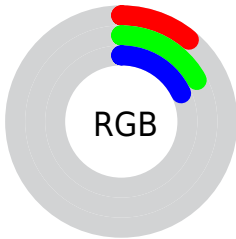
Format	Color
RYB	29, 37, 47
Decimal	1911855
CIELab	17.00, -5.34, -3.97
CIELCh	17, 6.656, 216.605
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2664, 0.3144
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280101935 (0xFF1D2C2F)
YUV	39.8570, 3.5215, -9.5216
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -3.6039, -1.3703

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 6.656, 216.605** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14, 8.310, 35.992**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 6.760, 220.248**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 8.118, 217.122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 5.055, 216.229**.

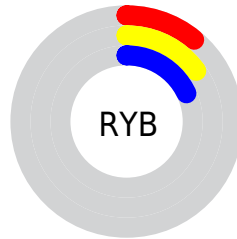
Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (17%)

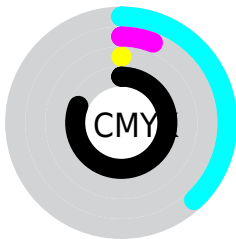
Blue (18%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (18%)

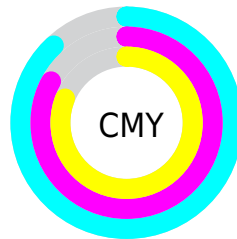


Cyan (38%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 6.656, 216.605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 6.656, 216.605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 6.656, 216.605

■ 17, 6.656, 216.605

■ 100, 6.656,
216.605

■ 7, 6.656, 216.605

■ 37, 6.656, 216.605

■ 0, 6.656, 216.605

■ 47, 6.656, 216.605

■ 57, 6.656, 216.605

■ 67, 6.656, 216.605

■ 77, 6.656, 216.605

■ 87, 6.656, 216.605

■ 97, 6.656, 216.605

■ 17, 6.656, 216.605

■ 17, 6.656, 216.605

■ 16, 8.118, 217.122

■ 18, 5.055, 216.229

■ 16, 9.421, 217.818

■ 18, 3.337, 215.986

■ 15, 10.547,
218.724

■ 19, 1.519, 215.894

■ 15, 11.481,
219.875

■ 20, 0.379, 35.140

■ 20, 2.341, 35.567

■ 14, 12.323,
221.070

■ 21, 4.353, 35.637

■ 14, 13.219,
222.009

■ 22, 6.404, 35.722

■ 23, 8.483, 35.833

■ 14, 13.403,
222.166

■ 24, 10.580, 35.965

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 6.656, 216.605



14, 8.310, 35.992

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 6.656, 216.605



17, 6.656, 266.605



17, 6.656, 36.605



17, 6.656, 86.605

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 6.656, 216.601



25, 2.563, 215.903



18, 13.487, 147.032



11, 1.681, 215.902



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 6.656, 216.601



22, 9.629, 217.151



14, 8.842, 276.012



7, 0.958, 216.520



28, 19.850, 225.609



67, 38.178, 228.643

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 13.524, 331.334



17, 20.156, 331.898



17, 8.902, 87.091



7, 1.753, 329.563



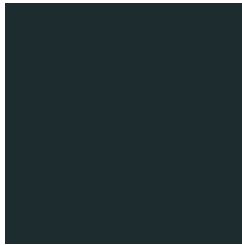
18, 46.678, 335.505



49, 88.852, 336.290

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 6.656, 216.605 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

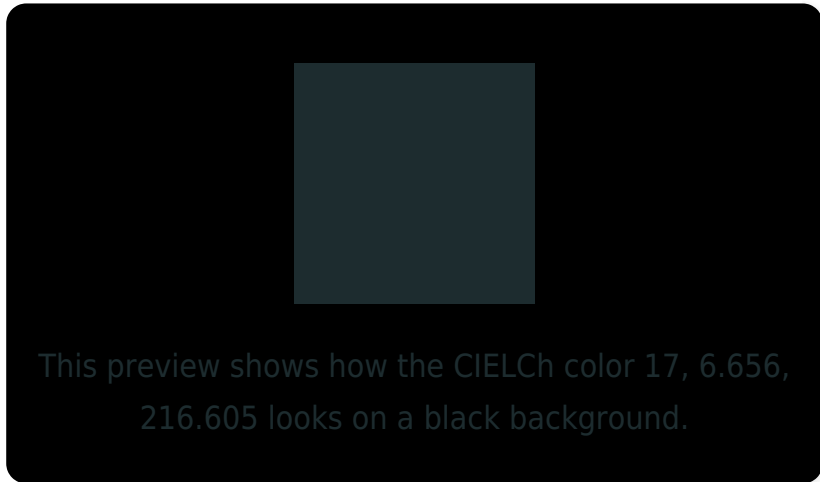
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

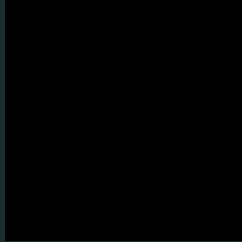
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

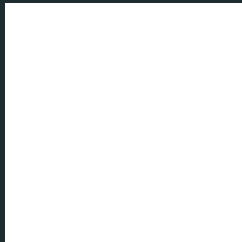
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 6.656, 216.605

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 6.656, 216.605.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 6.656, 216.605.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

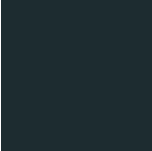
17, 6.656, 216.605

Protanopia

17, 2.812, 281.479

Deuteranopia

17, 4.977, 302.007



Tritanopia
17, 6.824, 222.494

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 6.656, 216.605

Protanomaly
17, 3.376, 237.280

Deuteranomaly
17, 4.499, 267.885

Tritanomaly
17, 6.824, 222.494

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 6.656, 216.605

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 2.835, 213.189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 6.656, 216.605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 44, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 44, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 44, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 44, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 6.656, 216.605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 44, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 44, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 44, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 44, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 44, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 44, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 6.656, 216.605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 44, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 44,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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