

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 62.842, 299.988)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 62.842, 299.988)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 62.721, 300.002)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	011D7A
RGB	1, 29, 122
RGB Percent	0%, 11%, 48%
CMY	0.9976, 0.8856, 0.5207
CMYK	0.99, 0.76, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	226°, 99%, 24%
HSV	226°, 99%, 48%
XYZ	3.9784, 2.3023, 18.7216
YIQ	31.2300, -46.5410, 22.9870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

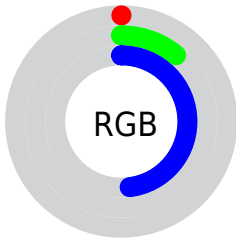
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 24, 122
Decimal	73082
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, 31.36, -54.32
CIE _{LCh}	17, 62.721, 300.002
Yxy	2.3023, 0.1591, 0.0921
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278263162 (0xFF011D7A)
YUV	31.2300, 44.7496, -26.5117
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 20.2480, -62.5328

Details

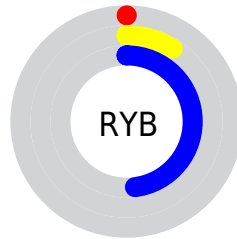
The CIELCh color **17, 62.721, 300.002** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **41, 48.896, 85.588**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 63.044, 300.163**, and **4, 50.540, 303.992** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 63.046, 300.124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 56.061, 297.232**.

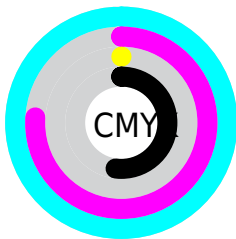
Distribution



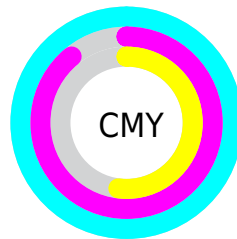
- Red (0%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 62.721, 300.002 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 62.721, 300.002 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 62.721,
300.002

■ 17, 62.721,
300.002

■ 100, 62.721,
300.002

■ 7, 62.721, 300.002

■ 37, 62.721,
300.002

■ 0, 62.721, 300.002

■ 47, 62.721,
300.002


■ 57, 62.721,
300.002


■ 67, 62.721,
300.002


■ 77, 62.721,
300.002


■ 87, 62.721,


300.002


 97, 62.721,
300.002


 17, 62.721,
300.002


 17, 62.721,
300.002


 17, 63.046,
300.124

 20, 56.061,
297.232

 23, 49.194,
294.202

 26, 42.370,
291.274

 30, 35.719,
288.578

 33, 29.275,
286.175

■ 37, 23.031,
284.075

■ 40, 16.970,
282.259

■ 44, 11.074,
280.697

■ 48, 5.330, 279.360

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 62.721, 300.002



41, 48.896, 85.588

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 62.721, 300.002



17, 62.721, 350.002



17, 62.721, 120.002



17, 62.721, 170.002

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 62.722, 300.003



51, 21.338, 282.466



45, 37.939, 166.952



24, 14.543, 283.058



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 62.722, 300.003



23, 77.768, 300.852



14, 75.360, 307.990



24, 3.163, 279.307



17, 64.193, 300.195



38, 113.549, 301.750

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 51.721, 24.284



33, 63.242, 25.981



47, 58.177, 116.899



24, 2.990, 1.376



25, 52.798, 24.637



53, 91.038, 27.902

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 62.721, 300.002 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 62.721, 300.002 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

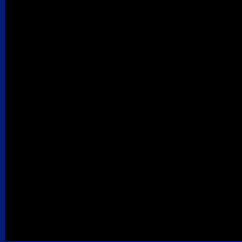
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 62.721, 300.002

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 62.721, 300.002.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 62.721, 300.002.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 62.701, 300.064

Protanopia

17, 32.267, 282.566

Deuteranopia

17, 22.589, 266.843



Tritanopia
17, 15.063, 204.619

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 62.701, 300.064

Protanomaly
17, 43.541, 292.024

Deuteranomaly
17, 36.945, 287.563

Tritanomaly
16, 26.079, 275.726

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 62.701, 300.064

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 24.538, 289.881

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 62.721, 300.002 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 29, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 29, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 29, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 29, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 62.721, 300.002 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 29, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 29, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 29, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 29, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 29, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 29, 122)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 62.721, 300.002 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 29, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 29,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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