

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 8.134, 18.403)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 8.134, 18.403) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 8.109, 21.344)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	362626
RGB	54, 38, 38
RGB Percent	21%, 15%, 15%
CMY	0.7886, 0.8513, 0.8513
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.30, 0.79
HSL	0°, 17%, 18%
HSV	0°, 30%, 21%
XYZ	2.5557, 2.3023, 2.1366
YIQ	42.7840, 9.5360, 3.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

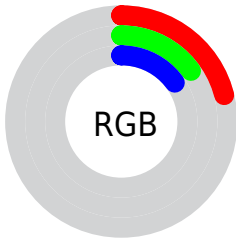
Format	Color
R_{YB}	54, 38, 38
Decimal	3548710
CIE Lab	17.00, 7.55, 2.95
CIE LCh	17, 8.109, 21.344
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3654, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281738790 (0xFF362626)
YUV	42.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 3.5119, 2.2726

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 8.109, 21.344** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 6.852, 198.153**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 7.950, 20.528**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 11.188, 22.368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 5.201, 20.528**.

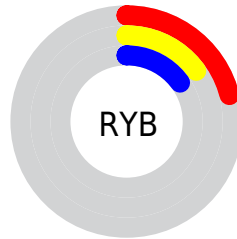
Distribution



 Red (21%)

 Green (15%)

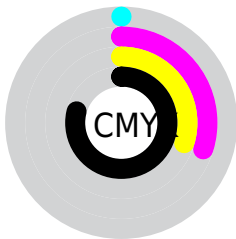
 Blue (15%)



 Red (21%)

 Yellow (15%)

 Blue (15%)

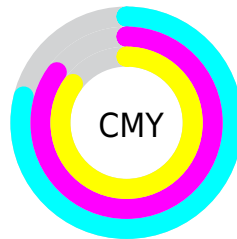



 Cyan (0%)


 Magenta (30%)

 Yellow (30%)

 Black (79%)



 Cyan (79%)

 Magenta (85%)

 Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 8.109, 21.344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 8.109, 21.344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 8.109, 21.344  17, 8.109, 21.344

 100, 8.109, 21.344  7, 8.109, 21.344

 37, 8.109, 21.344  0, 8.109, 21.344

 47, 8.109, 21.344

 57, 8.109, 21.344

 67, 8.109, 21.344

 77, 8.109, 21.344

 87, 8.109, 21.344

 97, 8.109, 21.344

 17, 8.109, 21.344  17, 8.109, 21.344

■ 15, 11.188, 22.368

■ 19, 5.201, 20.528

■ 14, 14.422, 23.643

■ 21, 2.472, 19.833

■ 12, 17.769, 25.205

■ 23, 0.083, 202.067

■ 11, 20.901, 25.665

■ 25, 2.473, 199.062

■ 9, 23.595, 25.115

■ 27, 4.712, 198.670

■ 8, 26.041, 24.124

■ 28, 6.813, 198.366

■ 7, 28.641, 22.901

■ 30, 8.790, 198.118

■ 7, 28.727, 22.864

■ 32, 10.656,
197.911

■ 34, 12.423,
197.737

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 8.109, 21.344



21, 6.852, 198.153

Rectangle

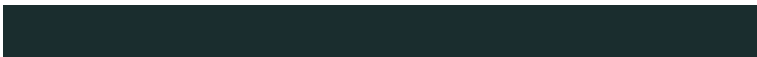
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 8.109, 21.344



17, 8.109, 71.344



17, 8.109, 201.344



17, 8.109, 251.344

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 8.108, 21.350



27, 2.823, 19.817



18, 13.207, 325.803



13, 1.985, 19.853



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 8.108, 21.350



21, 12.387, 22.149



20, 6.819, 72.304



9, 1.459, 19.747



17, 46.058, 34.460



46, 93.317, 40.001

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 6.852, 198.153



27, 9.946, 197.848



18, 6.371, 259.192



10, 1.395, 199.127



35, 23.756, 196.392



80, 44.718, 196.393

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 8.109, 21.344 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 8.109, 21.344 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

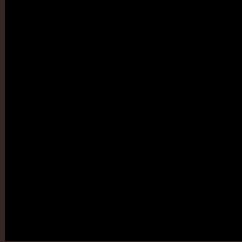
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 8.109, 21.344

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 8.109, 21.344.

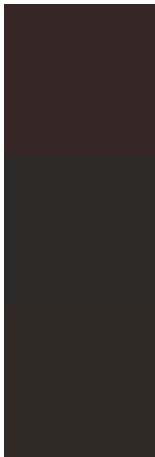


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 8.109, 21.344.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

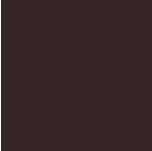
17, 8.109, 21.344

Protanopia

17, 1.463, 90.378

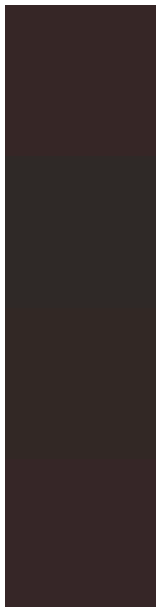
Deuteranopia

17, 4.501, 57.736



Tritanopia
17, 8.091, 11.643

Trichromacy



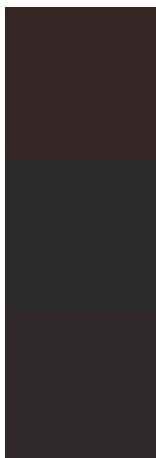
Original Color
17, 8.109, 21.344

Protanomaly
17, 3.286, 44.789

Deuteranomaly
17, 5.502, 42.456

Tritanomaly
17, 8.069, 16.499

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 8.109, 21.344

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 2.936, 20.013

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 8.109, 21.344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 38, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 38, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 38, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 38, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 8.109, 21.344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 38, 38) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 38, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 38, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 38, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 38, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 38, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 8.109, 21.344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 38, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 38,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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