

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 8.538, 325.386)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 8.538, 325.386) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 8.377, 325.356)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	312731
RGB	49, 39, 49
RGB Percent	19%, 15%, 19%
CMY	0.8088, 0.8480, 0.8088
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	300°, 11%, 17%
HSV	300°, 20%, 19%
XYZ	2.5220, 2.3023, 3.1905
YIQ	43.1300, 2.7500, 5.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

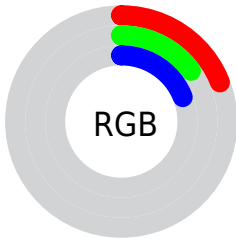
Format	Color
R_YB	49, 39, 49
Decimal	3221297
CIE Lab	17.00, 6.89, -4.76
CIE LCh	17, 8.377, 325.356
Yxy	2.3023, 0.3147, 0.2873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281411377 (0xFF312731)
YUV	43.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 3.1156, -1.8453

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 8.377, 325.356** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19, 8.369, 143.386**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 8.237, 325.012**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 12.471, 325.808**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 4.273, 324.892**.

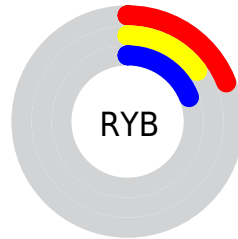
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (15%)

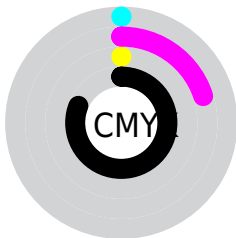
Blue (19%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (19%)

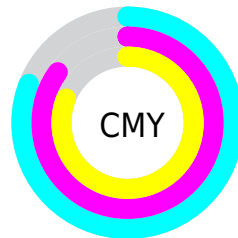


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 8.377, 325.356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 8.377, 325.356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 8.377, 325.356

■ 17, 8.377, 325.356

■ 100, 8.377,
325.356

■ 7, 8.377, 325.356

■ 37, 8.377, 325.356

■ 0, 8.377, 325.356

■ 47, 8.377, 325.356

■ 57, 8.377, 325.356

■ 67, 8.377, 325.356

■ 77, 8.377, 325.356

■ 87, 8.377, 325.356

■ 97, 8.377, 325.356

17, 8.377, 325.356

17, 8.377, 325.356

16, 12.471,
325.808

19, 4.273, 324.892

14, 16.502,
326.245

20, 0.202, 323.983

22, 3.808, 144.042

13, 20.395,
326.658

23, 7.737, 143.595

12, 24.059,
327.040

25, 11.574,
143.170

10, 27.391,
327.379

27, 15.313,
142.764

10, 30.283,
327.668

28, 18.952,
142.377

9, 33.121, 327.946

30, 22.491,
142.010

8, 36.075, 328.228

32, 25.933,
141.661

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 8.377, 325.356



19, 8.369, 143.386

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 8.377, 325.356



17, 8.377, 15.356



17, 8.377, 145.356



17, 8.377, 195.356

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 8.376, 325.356



26, 3.055, 324.688



16, 6.898, 291.397



12, 2.048, 324.688



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 8.376, 325.356



22, 12.812, 325.624



17, 5.997, 344.187



8, 2.334, 324.787



19, 53.728, 328.229



52, 102.224, 328.229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 4.986, 20.546



22, 7.767, 21.003



19, 5.880, 161.335



8, 1.340, 19.515



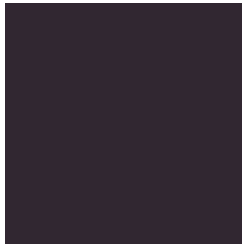
16, 44.929, 34.010



45, 92.497, 39.997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 8.377, 325.356 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

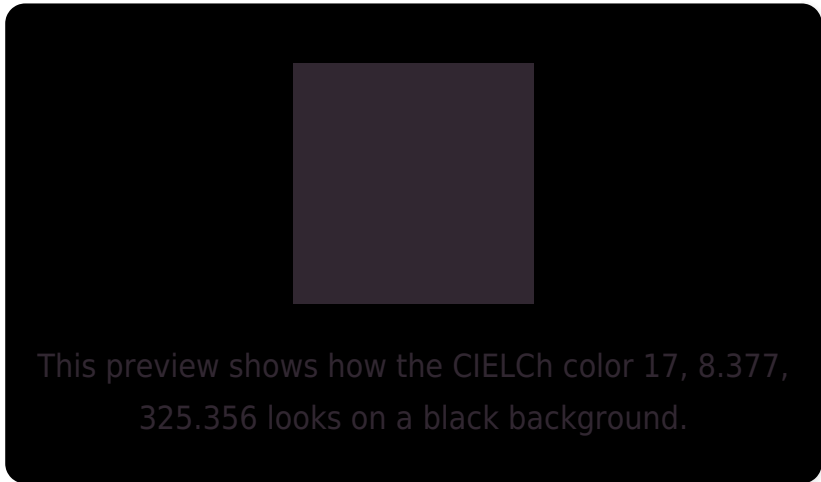
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 8.377, 325.356

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 8.377, 325.356.

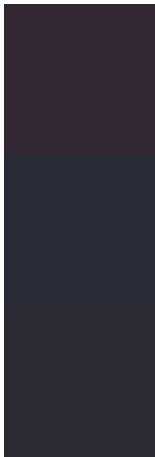


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 8.377, 325.356.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


17, 8.377, 325.356

Protanopia

17, 6.296, 283.758

Deuteranopia

17, 4.977, 302.007



Tritanopia
17, 4.396, 352.243

Trichromacy



Original Color

17, 8.377, 325.356

Protanomaly

17, 6.348, 299.914

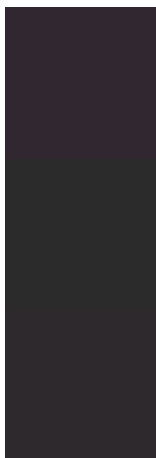
Deuteranomaly

17, 6.063, 313.881

Tritanomaly

17, 5.167, 338.488

Monochromacy



Original Color

17, 8.377, 325.356

Achromatopsia

18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

17, 3.380, 324.810

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 8.377, 325.356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 39, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 39, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 39, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 39, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 8.377, 325.356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 39, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 39, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 39, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 39, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 39, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 39, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 8.377, 325.356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 39, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 39,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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