

Converting Colors

CIELCh(17, 91.879, 306.949)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(17, 91.879, 306.949)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 90.915, 306.608)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	090098
RGB	9, 0, 152
RGB Percent	4%, 0%, 60%
CMY	0.9642, 1.0000, 0.4042
CMYK	0.94, 1.00, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	244°, 100%, 30%
HSV	244°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	5.7655, 2.3023, 29.8173
YIQ	20.0190, -43.4280, 49.1800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

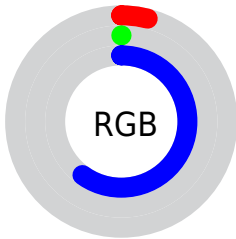
Format	Color
R_{YB}	9, 0, 152
Decimal	589976
CIE _{Lab}	17.00, 54.22, -72.98
CIE _{LCh}	17, 90.915, 306.608
Yxy	2.3023, 0.1522, 0.0608
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278780056 (0xFF090098)
YUV	20.0190, 65.0666, -9.6637
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, 41.2711, -105.8893

Details

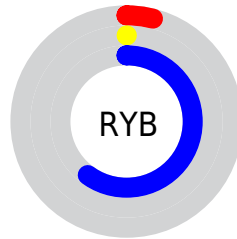
The CIELCh color **17, 90.915, 306.608** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **60, 66.023, 106.503**, and the grayscale version is **6, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 90.803, 306.586**, and **8, 66.867, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 90.590, 306.512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 85.097, 305.525**.

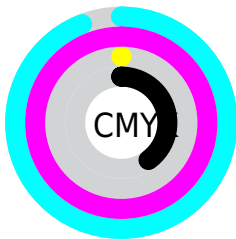
Distribution



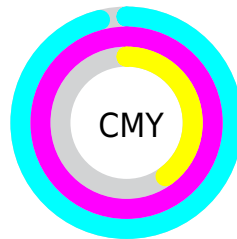
- Red (4%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 90.915, 306.608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 90.915, 306.608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17, 90.915,
306.608

■ 17, 90.915,
306.608

■ 100, 90.915,
306.608

■ 7, 90.915, 306.608

■ 37, 90.915,
306.608

■ 0, 90.915, 306.608

■ 47, 90.915,
306.608


■ 57, 90.915,
306.608


■ 67, 90.915,
306.608

■ 77, 90.915,
306.608


■ 87, 90.915,


306.608

 97, 90.915,
306.608

 17, 90.915,
306.608


 17, 90.915,
306.608


 17, 90.590,
306.512

 19, 85.097,
305.525

 22, 77.346,
304.163

 26, 67.724,
302.419

 31, 57.382,
300.564

 36, 46.992,
298.782

■ 42, 36.856,
297.164

■ 47, 27.082,
295.740

■ 52, 17.693,
294.509

■ 58, 8.676, 293.454

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 90.915, 306.608



60, 66.023, 106.503

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 90.915, 306.608



17, 90.915, 356.608



17, 90.915, 126.608



17, 90.915, 176.608

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 90.590, 306.512



60, 33.418, 295.818



54, 31.889, 204.549



29, 23.164, 296.351



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 90.590, 306.512



24, 109.620, 306.453



24, 83.757, 313.266



30, 4.924, 293.379



15, 85.420, 306.534



0, 5.237, 292.505

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 74.957, 330.739



46, 90.535, 330.791



56, 75.108, 129.357



30, 5.701, 326.581



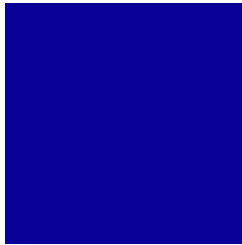
32, 70.728, 330.721



1, 6.098, 326.303

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 17, 90.915, 306.608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

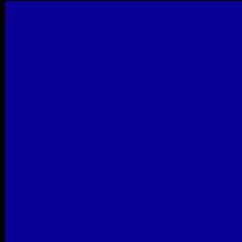
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 90.915, 306.608 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

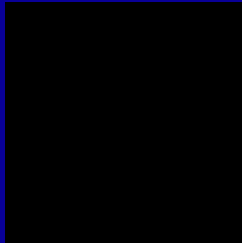
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 90.915, 306.608

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 90.915, 306.608.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 90.915, 306.608.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 90.624, 306.508

Protanopia

18, 34.037, 283.332

Deuteranopia

19, 23.217, 266.211



Tritanopia
18, 15.773, 201.569

Trichromacy



Original Color
17, 90.624, 306.508

Protanomaly
16, 58.648, 299.656

Deuteranomaly
16, 51.689, 297.204

Tritanomaly
14, 40.150, 292.581

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 90.624, 306.508

Achromatopsia
6, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
7, 40.333, 302.857

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 90.915, 306.608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 0, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 0, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 0, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 0, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 90.915, 306.608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 0, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 0, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 0, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 0, 152); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 0, 152); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 0, 152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 90.915, 306.608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 0, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 0,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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