

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 12.370, 345.921)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(18, 12.370, 345.921)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(18, 12.386, 345.174)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B2631
RGB	59, 38, 49
RGB Percent	23%, 15%, 19%
CMY	0.7694, 0.8517, 0.8086
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.17, 0.77
HSL	329°, 22%, 19%
HSV	329°, 36%, 23%
XYZ	3.0292, 2.5180, 3.2109
YIQ	45.5330, 8.9850, 7.8730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

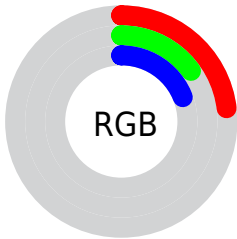
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	59, 38, 49
Decimal	3876401
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	18.00, 11.97, -3.17
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	18, 12.386, 345.174
Yxy	2.5180, 0.3459, 0.2875
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282066481 (0xFF3B2631)
YUV	45.5330, 1.7092, 11.8106
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, 6.3051, -0.8893

# Details

The CIELCh color **18, 12.386, 345.174** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 11.979, 159.562**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 12.545, 345.508**, and **1, 2.773, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 15.836, 346.161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 8.880, 344.289**.

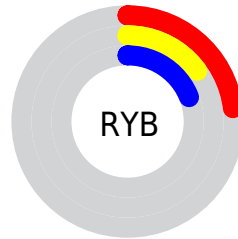
# Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (15%)

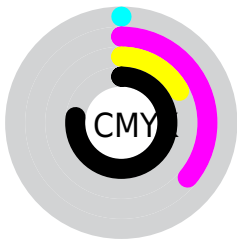
Blue (19%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (19%)

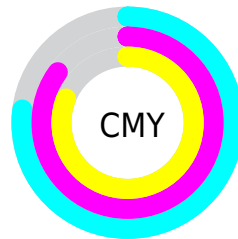


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 12.386, 345.174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 12.386, 345.174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18, 12.386,  
345.174

■ 18, 12.386,  
345.174

■ 100, 12.386,  
345.174

■ 8, 12.386, 345.174

■ 38, 12.386,  
345.174

■ 0, 12.386, 345.174

■ 48, 12.386,  
345.174


■ 58, 12.386,  
345.174


■ 68, 12.386,  
345.174


■ 78, 12.386,  
345.174


■ 88, 12.386,

345.174


 98, 12.386,  
345.174

 18, 12.386,  
345.174


 18, 12.386,  
345.174

 16, 15.836,  
346.161


 20, 8.880, 344.289

 15, 19.147,  
347.277


 22, 5.383, 343.478

 13, 22.211,  
348.564


 24, 1.934, 342.691

 12, 24.896,  
350.077

 28, 4.729, 161.511

 11, 27.103,  
351.865

 30, 7.921, 160.913

 32, 11.016,

■ 10, 29.423,  
353.485

160.362

■ 9, 30.545, 354.076

■ 34, 14.016,  
159.847

■ 36, 16.925,  
159.365

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 12.386, 345.174



23, 11.979, 159.562

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 12.386, 345.174



18, 12.386, 35.174



18, 12.386, 165.174



18, 12.386, 215.174

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 12.385, 345.175



30, 4.683, 343.154



17, 15.252, 309.464



14, 3.089, 343.174



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 12.385, 345.175



23, 18.569, 346.090



18, 10.663, 19.463



10, 1.956, 342.919



18, 41.488, 356.966



48, 76.546, 0.278



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 12.385, 345.175



23, 18.569, 346.090



23, 8.754, 194.793



10, 1.956, 342.919



18, 41.488, 356.966

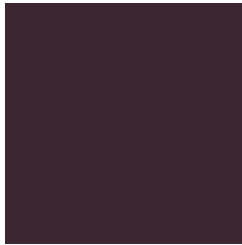


48, 76.546, 0.278



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 12.386, 345.174 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

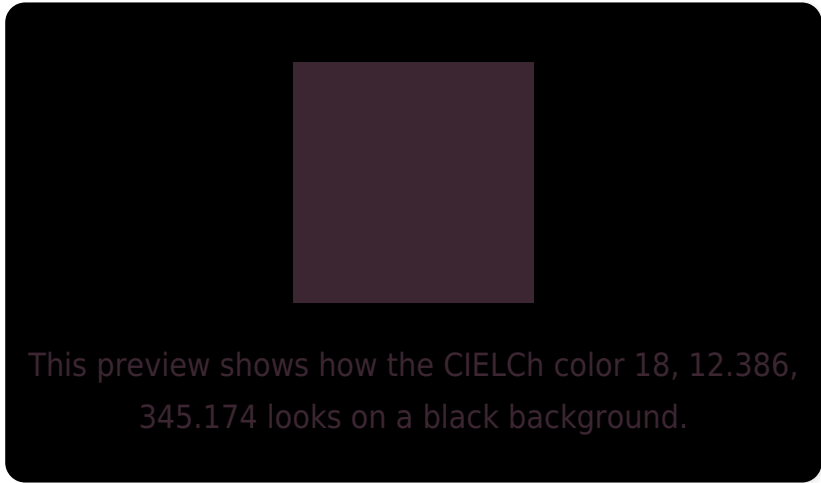
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

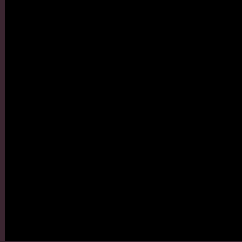
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 18, 12.386, 345.174**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 12.386, 345.174.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 12.386, 345.174.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18, 12.386, 345.174

### Protanopia

18, 6.253, 283.681

### Deuteranopia

18, 3.943, 319.170





**Tritanopia**  
18, 9.616, 9.521

# Trichromacy



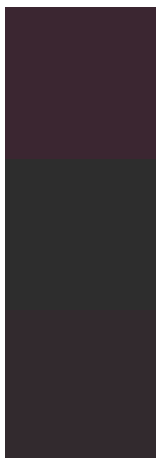
**Original Color**  
18, 12.386, 345.174

**Protanomaly**  
18, 6.831, 315.280

**Deuteranomaly**  
18, 6.757, 335.408

**Tritanomaly**  
18, 9.862, 1.653

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
18, 12.386, 345.174

**Achromatopsia**  
18, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
18, 4.714, 344.753

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 12.386, 345.174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 38, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 38, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 38, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 38, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 12.386, 345.174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 38, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 38, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 38, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 38, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 38, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 38, 49)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 12.386, 345.174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 38, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 38,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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