

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 16.209, 194.874)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 16.209, 194.874)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 15.893, 196.386)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 15.893, 196.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003232
RGB	0, 50, 50
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 20%
CMY	0.9997, 0.8037, 0.8037
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	180°, 100%, 10%
HSV	180°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.7213, 2.5180, 3.4202
YIQ	35.0500, -29.8000, -10.6000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 25, 50
Decimal	12850
CIELab	18.00, -15.25, -4.48
CIELCh	18, 15.893, 196.386
Yxy	2.5180, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202930 (0xFF003232)
YUV	35.0500, 7.3704, -30.7388
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -8.4066, -1.6711

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 15.893, 196.386** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6, 26.517, 21.451**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 16.016, 195.186**, and **0, 0.807, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 15.907, 196.382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 14.916, 196.562**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 15.893, 196.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 15.893, 196.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 15.893,
196.386

 18, 15.893,
196.386


 100, 15.893,
196.386


 8, 15.893, 196.386


 38, 15.893,
196.386

 0, 15.893, 196.386

 48, 15.893,
196.386


 58, 15.893,
196.386


 68, 15.893,
196.386


 78, 15.893,
196.386


 88, 15.893,


196.386


 98, 15.893,
196.386


 18, 15.893,
196.386


 18, 15.893,
196.386


 18, 15.907,
196.382

 18, 14.916,
196.562

 18, 13.969,
196.734

 18, 12.914,
196.929

 19, 11.621,
197.170

 19, 10.105,
197.456

■ 19, 8.385, 197.786

■ 20, 6.486, 198.157

■ 20, 4.433, 198.571

■ 20, 2.251, 199.047

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 15.893, 196.386



6, 26.517, 21.451

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 15.893, 196.386



18, 15.893, 246.386



18, 15.893, 16.386



18, 15.893, 66.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 15.893, 196.385



27, 8.203, 198.086



17, 36.022, 138.765



12, 5.463, 198.060



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 15.893, 196.385



25, 19.056, 196.382



9, 18.911, 273.173



9, 1.285, 199.136



34, 23.299, 196.382



79, 44.330, 196.382

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 26.517, 21.451



10, 34.539, 28.127



12, 20.442, 58.663



8, 1.340, 19.520



16, 44.930, 34.013



45, 92.500, 39.999

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 15.893, 196.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

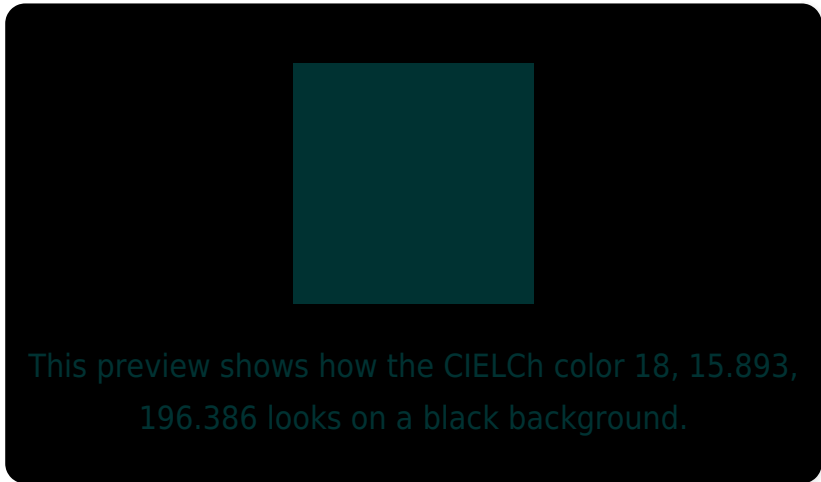
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

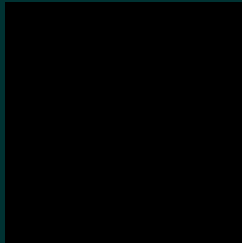
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 15.893, 196.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 15.893, 196.386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 15.893, 196.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


18, 15.893, 196.386

Protanopia

18, 2.130, 303.324

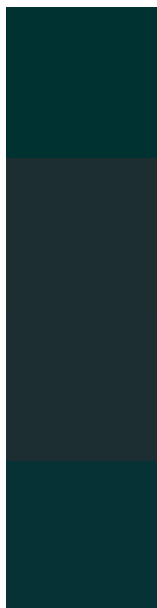
Deuteranopia

18, 5.603, 300.768



Tritanopia
18, 13.759, 208.609

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 15.893, 196.386

Protanomaly
18, 7.279, 209.060

Deuteranomaly
18, 7.684, 225.136

Tritanomaly
18, 14.348, 205.153

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 15.893, 196.386

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 7.750, 197.692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 15.893, 196.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 50, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 50, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 50, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 50, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 15.893, 196.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 50, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 50, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 50, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 50, 50); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 50); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 50) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 15.893, 196.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 50, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 50,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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