

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 17.633, 182.543)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 17.633, 182.543)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 17.661, 182.365)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 17.661, 182.365)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00332D
RGB	0, 51, 45
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 18%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8015, 0.8250
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.12, 0.80
HSL	173°, 100%, 10%
HSV	173°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.6287, 2.5180, 2.8453
YIQ	35.0670, -28.4700, -12.6780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 27, 51
Decimal	13101
CIELab	18.00, -17.65, -0.73
CIElCh	18, 17.661, 182.365
Yxy	2.5180, 0.2329, 0.3601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203181 (0xFF00332D)
YUV	35.0670, 4.8970, -30.7538
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -9.4485, 0.4769

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 17.661, 182.365** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6, 26.570, 16.707**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 17.712, 183.027**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 17.584, 182.318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 16.369, 183.020**.

Distribution



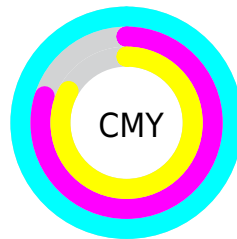
- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (80%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 17.661, 182.365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 17.661, 182.365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 17.661,
182.365

 18, 17.661,
182.365


 100, 17.661,
182.365


 8, 17.661, 182.365


 38, 17.661,
182.365

 0, 17.661, 182.365

 48, 17.661,
182.365


 58, 17.661,
182.365


 68, 17.661,
182.365

 78, 17.661,
182.365


 88, 17.661,


182.365


 98, 17.661,
182.365

 18, 17.661,
182.365

 18, 17.661,
182.365


 18, 17.584,
182.318

 18, 16.369,
183.020

 18, 15.204,
183.829

 19, 13.939,
184.668

 19, 12.446,
185.462

 19, 10.744,
186.221

■ 19, 8.857, 186.953

■ 20, 6.811, 187.667

■ 20, 4.635, 188.371

■ 21, 2.356, 189.090

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 17.661, 182.365



6, 26.570, 16.707

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 17.661, 182.365



18, 17.661, 232.365



18, 17.661, 2.365



18, 17.661, 52.365

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 17.584, 182.318



26, 8.511, 187.552



17, 35.375, 136.608



12, 5.671, 187.504



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 17.584, 182.318



24, 21.050, 181.632



11, 15.875, 257.759



9, 1.313, 189.226



33, 25.883, 181.012



78, 49.794, 179.830

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 26.570, 16.707



10, 33.546, 23.300



10, 21.362, 46.567



8, 1.358, 10.103



16, 43.019, 29.182



45, 87.240, 35.373

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 17.661, 182.365 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

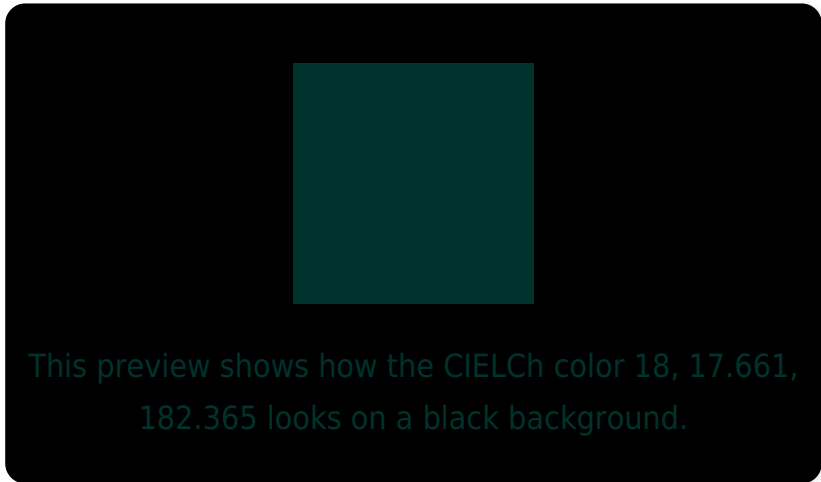
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

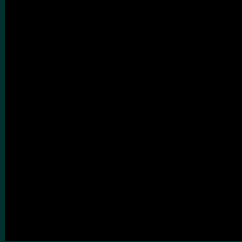
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 17.661, 182.365

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 17.661, 182.365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 17.661, 182.365.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
18, 17.661, 182.365

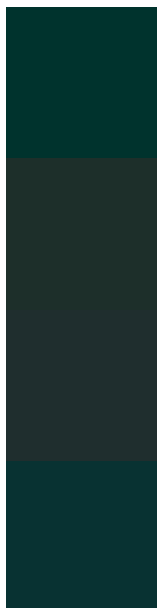
Protanopia
18, 2.781, 99.380

Deuteranopia
18, 3.159, 339.236



Tritanopia
18, 12.778, 209.701

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 17.661, 182.365

Protanomaly
18, 8.816, 174.418

Deuteranomaly
18, 6.552, 198.077

Tritanomaly
18, 14.344, 196.667

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 17.661, 182.365

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 8.429, 187.812

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 17.661, 182.365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 51, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 51, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 51, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 51, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 17.661, 182.365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 51, 45) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 51, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 51, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 51, 45); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 51, 45); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 51, 45) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 17.661, 182.365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 51, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 51,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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