

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 18.082, 179.791)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 18.082, 179.791)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(18, 18.353, 178.279)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00332B
RGB	0, 51, 43
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 17%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8009, 0.8323
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.16, 0.80
HSL	171°, 100%, 10%
HSV	171°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.6024, 2.5180, 2.6651
YIQ	34.8390, -27.8280, -13.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 28, 51
Decimal	13099
CIELab	18.00, -18.34, 0.55
CIELCh	18, 18.353, 178.279
Yxy	2.5180, 0.2361, 0.3711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203179 (0xFF00332B)
YUV	34.8390, 4.0234, -30.5538
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -9.7448, 1.1500

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 18.353, 178.279** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6, 26.589, 15.118**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 18.514, 177.583**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 18.306, 178.241**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 16.993, 179.052**.

Distribution



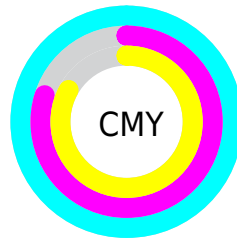
- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (80%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 18.353, 178.279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 18.353, 178.279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 18.353,
178.279


 18, 18.353,
178.279


 100, 18.353,
178.279


 8, 18.353, 178.279


 38, 18.353,
178.279

 0, 18.353, 178.279

 48, 18.353,
178.279


 58, 18.353,
178.279


 68, 18.353,
178.279


 78, 18.353,
178.279


 88, 18.353,


178.279


 98, 18.353,
178.279


 18, 18.353,
178.279


 18, 18.353,
178.279


 18, 18.306,
178.241

 18, 16.993,
179.052

 18, 15.735,
180.004

 19, 14.380,
180.991

 19, 12.802,
181.911

 19, 11.021,
182.778

■ 19, 9.061, 183.601

■ 20, 6.952, 184.390

■ 20, 4.720, 185.157

■ 21, 2.394, 185.927

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 18.353, 178.279



6, 26.589, 15.118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 18.353, 178.279



18, 18.353, 228.279



18, 18.353, 358.279



18, 18.353, 48.279

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 18.306, 178.241



26, 8.669, 184.266



17, 35.196, 135.998



12, 5.777, 184.212



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 18.306, 178.241



24, 21.928, 177.405



12, 15.236, 252.488



9, 1.330, 186.071



33, 27.026, 176.643



78, 52.230, 175.202

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 26.589, 15.118



10, 33.270, 21.642



10, 21.773, 43.490



8, 1.372, 7.047



16, 42.384, 27.260



45, 85.054, 33.041

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 18.353, 178.279 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

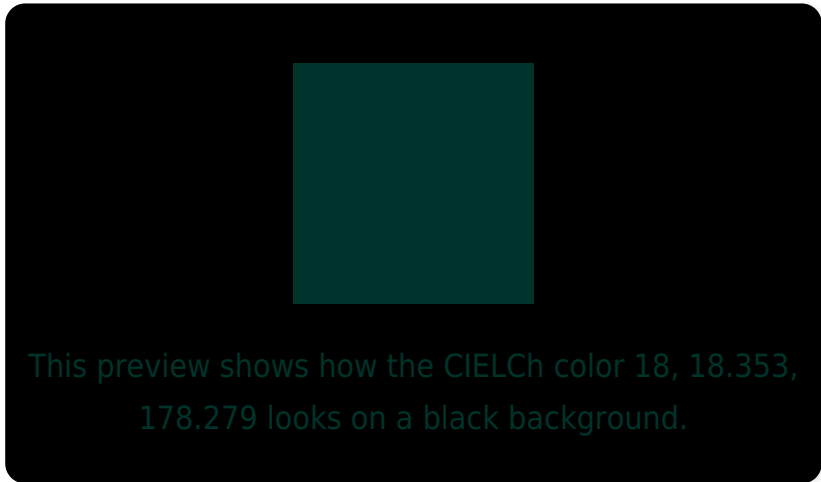
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

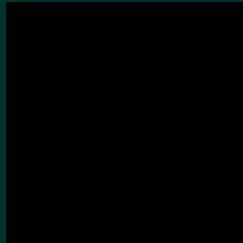
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 18.353, 178.279

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 18.353, 178.279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 18.353, 178.279.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

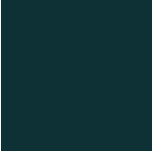
18, 18.353, 178.279

Protanopia

18, 4.224, 95.559

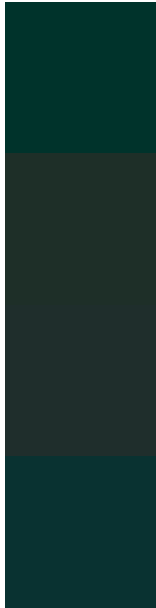
Deuteranopia

18, 2.976, 6.694



Tritanopia
18, 12.570, 209.949

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 18.353, 178.279

Protanomaly
18, 9.217, 165.817

Deuteranomaly
18, 6.845, 186.252

Tritanomaly
18, 14.335, 193.860

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 18.353, 178.279

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 8.671, 183.229

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 18.353, 178.279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 51, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 51, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 51, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 51, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 18.353, 178.279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 51, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 51, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 51, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 51, 43); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 51, 43); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 51, 43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 18.353, 178.279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 51, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 51,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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