

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(18, 21.810, 122.130)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(18, 21.810, 122.130)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(18, 21.828, 121.916)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	243010
RGB	36, 48, 16
RGB Percent	14%, 19%, 6%
CMY	0.8591, 0.8121, 0.9376
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.67, 0.81
HSL	82°, 50%, 13%
HSV	82°, 67%, 19%
XYZ	1.8713, 2.5180, 0.8744
YIQ	40.7640, 3.1200, -12.4960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

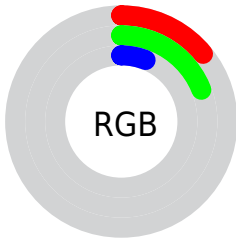
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	16, 48, 28
Decimal	2371600
CIELab	18.00, -11.54, 18.53
CIELCh	18, 21.828, 121.916
Yxy	2.5180, 0.3555, 0.4784
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280561680 (0xFF243010)
YUV	40.7640, -12.2087, -4.1780
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -6.7197, 7.8409

# Details

The CIELCh color **18, 21.828, 121.916** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **7, 24.355, 308.122**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 21.785, 121.521**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 24.346, 122.129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 18.831, 122.185**.

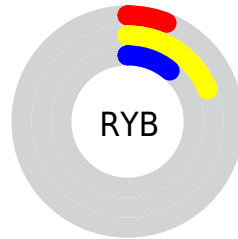
# Distribution



Red (14%)

Green (19%)

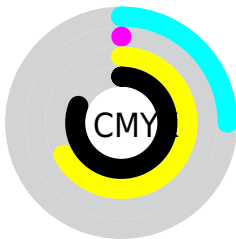
Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (11%)

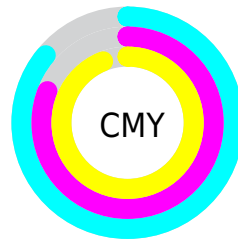


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (67%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (86%)

Magenta (81%)


Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 21.828, 121.916 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 21.828, 121.916 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 18, 21.828,  
121.916


 18, 21.828,  
121.916


 100, 21.828,  
121.916


 8, 21.828, 121.916


 38, 21.828,  
121.916

 0, 21.828, 121.916

 48, 21.828,  
121.916


 58, 21.828,  
121.916


 68, 21.828,  
121.916


 78, 21.828,  
121.916


 88, 21.828,


121.916


 98, 21.828,  
121.916


 18, 21.828,  
121.916


 18, 21.828,  
121.916


 18, 24.346,  
122.129


 18, 18.831,  
122.185

 18, 26.506,  
122.605

 18, 15.650,  
122.577

 17, 28.667,  
123.033

 19, 12.374,  
123.003

 17, 29.366,  
123.160

 19, 9.039, 123.443

 19, 5.671, 123.883

 20, 2.290, 124.318

■ 20, 1.090, 304.691

■ 20, 4.458, 305.100

■ 21, 7.805, 305.471

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 21.828, 121.916



7, 24.355, 308.122

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 21.828, 121.916



18, 21.828, 171.916



18, 21.828, 301.916



18, 21.828, 351.916

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 21.828, 121.917



25, 8.299, 123.697



12, 14.464, 54.256



11, 5.528, 123.686



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 21.828, 121.917



23, 31.032, 121.581



17, 25.078, 137.217



8, 1.677, 124.981



33, 47.274, 122.083



78, 91.885, 123.455



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7, 24.355, 308.122



8, 35.887, 309.146



10, 25.344, 323.150



7, 1.675, 304.190



9, 57.822, 310.255

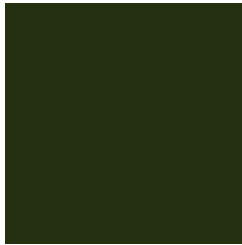


31, 112.420, 309.334



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 21.828, 121.916 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

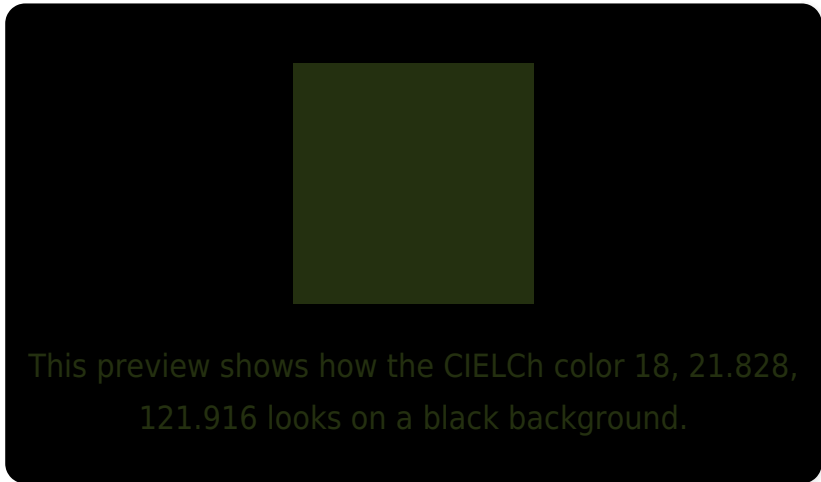
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

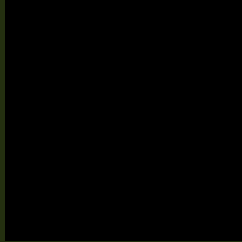
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 18, 21.828, 121.916**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 21.828, 121.916.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 21.828, 121.916.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18, 21.828, 121.916

### Protanopia

18, 19.313, 96.964

### Deuteranopia

18, 17.938, 81.931





**Tritanopia**  
18, 3.026, 242.396

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
18, 21.828, 121.916

**Protanomaly**  
18, 19.649, 106.787

**Deuteranomaly**  
18, 18.129, 98.489

**Tritanomaly**  
18, 7.693, 134.942

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
18, 21.828, 121.916

**Achromatopsia**  
17, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
17, 8.637, 125.021

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 21.828, 121.916 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 48, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 48, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 48, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 48, 16) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 21.828, 121.916 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 48, 16) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 48, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 48, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 48, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 48, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 48, 16)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 21.828, 121.916 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 48, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 48,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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