

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 22.497, 105.724)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 22.497, 105.724)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 22.530, 106.091)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 22.530, 106.091)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D2E0A
RGB	45, 46, 10
RGB Percent	18%, 18%, 4%
CMY	0.8241, 0.8202, 0.9616
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.79, 0.82
HSL	62°, 65%, 11%
HSV	62°, 79%, 18%
XYZ	2.1002, 2.5180, 0.6563
YIQ	41.5970, 10.9600, -11.4080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

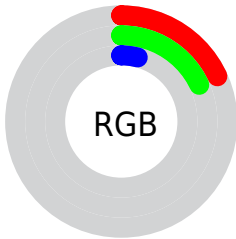
Format	Color
R_{YB}	10, 46, 11
Decimal	2960906
CIE Lab	18.00, -6.24, 21.65
CIE LCh	18, 22.530, 106.091
Yxy	2.5180, 0.3982, 0.4774
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281150986 (0xFF2D2E0A)
YUV	41.5970, -15.5773, 2.9844
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -4.1444, 8.6557

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 22.530, 106.091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4, 25.405, 296.536**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 22.809, 106.504**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 24.376, 105.907**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 20.461, 106.384**.

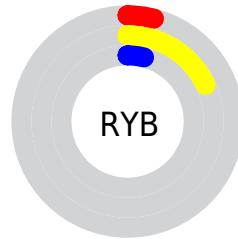
Distribution



 Red (18%)

 Green (18%)

 Blue (4%)



 Red (4%)

 Yellow (18%)

 Blue (4%)

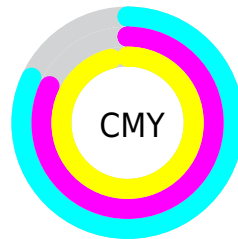


 Cyan (2%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (79%)

 Black (82%)



 Cyan (82%)


 Magenta (82%)


 Yellow (96%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 22.530, 106.091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 22.530, 106.091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 22.530,
106.091


 18, 22.530,
106.091


 100, 22.530,
106.091


 8, 22.530, 106.091


 38, 22.530,
106.091

 0, 22.530, 106.091

 48, 22.530,
106.091


 58, 22.530,
106.091


 68, 22.530,
106.091


 78, 22.530,
106.091


 88, 22.530,


106.091


 98, 22.530,
106.091


 18, 22.530,
106.091


 18, 22.530,
106.091


 18, 24.376,
105.907


 18, 20.461,
106.384

 18, 26.224,
105.760

 18, 17.872,
106.926

 18, 26.472,
105.743

 18, 14.991,
107.626

 18, 12.003,
108.359

 18, 8.945, 109.110

■ 19, 5.843, 109.866

■ 19, 2.715, 110.617

■ 19, 0.425, 291.415

■ 19, 3.569, 292.104

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 22.530, 106.091



4, 25.405, 296.536

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 22.530, 106.091



18, 22.530, 156.091



18, 22.530, 286.091



18, 22.530, 336.091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 22.530, 106.093



24, 9.230, 109.364



7, 19.591, 22.548



11, 6.409, 109.327



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 22.530, 106.093



24, 31.770, 104.898



17, 24.687, 127.912



8, 1.616, 111.309



35, 44.188, 104.442



83, 85.021, 104.585

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4, 25.405, 296.536



4, 38.456, 300.814



6, 26.859, 311.879



7, 1.620, 291.229



6, 60.252, 306.170



26, 117.187, 306.355

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 22.530, 106.091 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

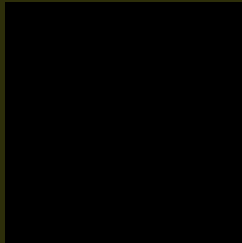
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 22.530, 106.091

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 22.530, 106.091.

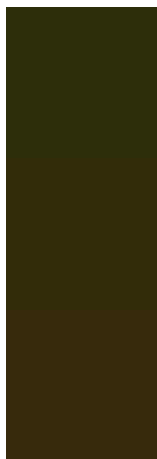


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 22.530, 106.091.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


18, 22.530, 106.091

Protanopia

18, 22.118, 95.950

Deuteranopia

18, 20.948, 84.520



Tritanopia
18, 3.159, 339.236

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 22.530, 106.091

Protanomaly
18, 22.451, 100.385

Deuteranomaly
18, 20.985, 92.543

Tritanomaly
18, 7.698, 96.658

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 22.530, 106.091

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 8.948, 111.140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 22.530, 106.091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 46, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 46, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 46, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 46, 10) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 22.530, 106.091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 46, 10) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 46, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 46, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 46, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 46, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 46, 10)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 22.530, 106.091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 46, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 46,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor