

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 26.501, 104.169)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 26.501, 104.169)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 26.558, 104.150)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 26.558, 104.150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E2E00
RGB	46, 46, 0
RGB Percent	18%, 18%, 0%
CMY	0.8202, 0.8202, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.82
HSL	60°, 100%, 9%
HSV	60°, 100%, 18%
XYZ	2.0891, 2.5180, 0.3693
YIQ	40.7560, 14.7660, -14.3060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

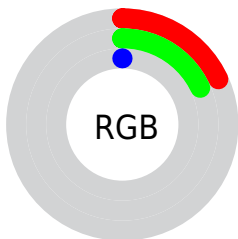
Format	Color
RYB	0, 46, 0
Decimal	3026432
CIELab	18.00, -6.49, 25.75
CIELCh	18, 26.558, 104.150
Yxy	2.5180, 0.4198, 0.5060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281216512 (0xFF2E2E00)
YUV	40.7560, -20.0927, 4.5990
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -4.2694, 9.7280

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 26.558, 104.150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **2, 29.555, 294.894**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 26.781, 104.827**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 26.466, 104.162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 24.618, 104.373**.

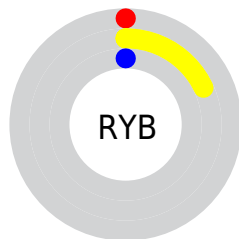
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (18%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (0%)

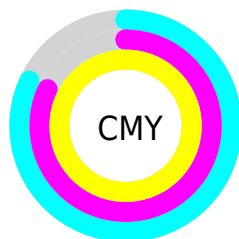


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)


Magenta (82%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 26.558, 104.150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 26.558, 104.150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 26.558,
104.150


 18, 26.558,
104.150


 100, 26.558,
104.150


 8, 26.558, 104.150


 38, 26.558,
104.150

 0, 26.558, 104.150

 48, 26.558,
104.150

 58, 26.558,
104.150


 68, 26.558,
104.150


 78, 26.558,
104.150


 88, 26.558,


104.150


 98, 26.558,
104.150


 18, 26.558,
104.150


 18, 26.558,
104.150


 18, 26.466,
104.162

 18, 24.618,
104.373

 18, 22.772,
104.629

 18, 20.762,
104.971

 18, 18.240,
105.526

 18, 15.378,
106.257

■ 18, 12.402,
107.022

■ 18, 9.353, 107.805

■ 19, 6.257, 108.596

■ 19, 3.134, 109.383

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 26.558, 104.150



2, 29.555, 294.894

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 26.558, 104.150



18, 26.558, 154.150



18, 26.558, 284.150



18, 26.558, 334.150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 26.466, 104.162



24, 11.502, 107.678



5, 23.775, 19.538



11, 7.846, 107.838



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 26.466, 104.162



24, 33.182, 103.171



16, 29.114, 127.824



8, 1.615, 110.163



36, 44.158, 102.845



83, 84.954, 102.844

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2, 29.555, 294.894



3, 39.902, 299.768



3, 31.067, 308.711



7, 1.619, 290.181



6, 60.343, 305.911



26, 117.312, 306.286

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 18, 26.558, 104.150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

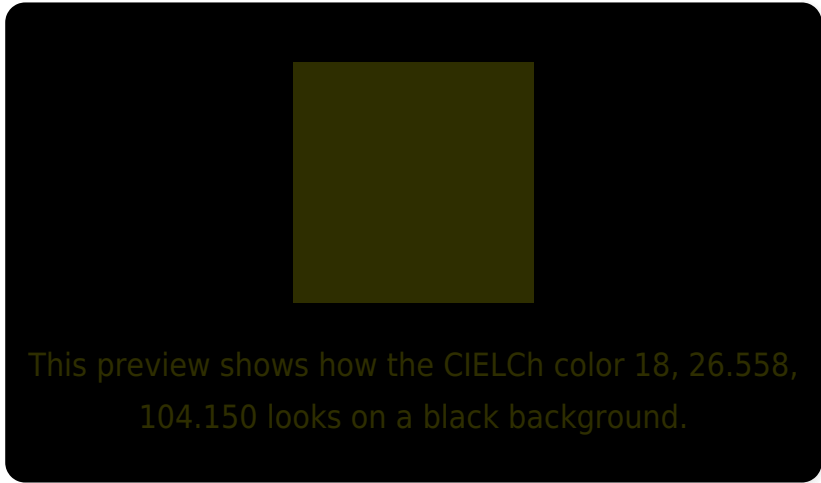
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

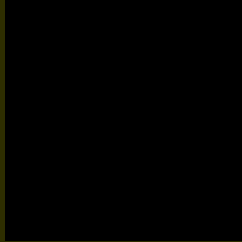
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

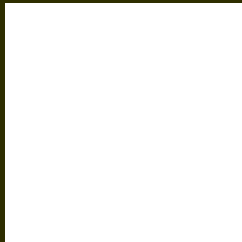
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 26.558, 104.150

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 26.558, 104.150.

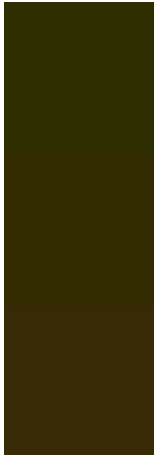


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 26.558, 104.150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

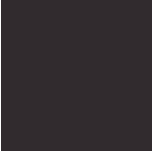
18, 26.558, 104.150

Protanopia

18, 25.730, 96.604

Deuteranopia

18, 23.165, 84.533



Tritanopia
18, 3.533, 344.459

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 26.558, 104.150

Protanomaly
18, 26.078, 100.460

Deuteranomaly
18, 23.931, 92.116

Tritanomaly
18, 10.469, 95.899

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 26.558, 104.150

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 11.619, 107.110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 26.558, 104.150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 46, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 46, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 46, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 46, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 26.558, 104.150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 46, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 46, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 46, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 46, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 46, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 46, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 26.558, 104.150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 46, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 46,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor