

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 3.026, 339.882)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 3.026, 339.882) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(18, 3.159, 339.236)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	302B2E
RGB	48, 43, 46
RGB Percent	19%, 17%, 18%
CMY	0.8131, 0.8327, 0.8209
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.04, 0.81
HSL	324°, 6%, 18%
HSV	324°, 10%, 19%
XYZ	2.5410, 2.5180, 2.9019
YIQ	44.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	48, 43, 46
Decimal	3156782
CIE Lab	18.00, 2.95, -1.12
CIE LCh	18, 3.159, 339.236
Yxy	2.5180, 0.3192, 0.3163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281346862 (0xFF302B2E)
YUV	44.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, 0.8134, 0.2653

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 3.159, 339.236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19, 3.134, 158.017**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 3.549, 336.022**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 6.216, 339.924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 0.145, 337.716**.

Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (17%)

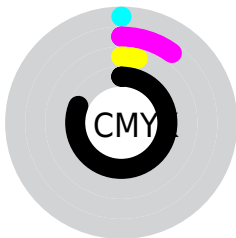
Blue (18%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (18%)

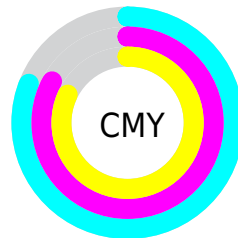


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (82%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 3.159, 339.236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 3.159, 339.236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 3.159, 339.236

 18, 3.159, 339.236


 100, 3.159,
339.236

 8, 3.159, 339.236

 38, 3.159, 339.236

 0, 3.159, 339.236

 48, 3.159, 339.236

 58, 3.159, 339.236

 68, 3.159, 339.236

 78, 3.159, 339.236

 88, 3.159, 339.236

 98, 3.159, 339.236

■ 18, 3.159, 339.236

■ 18, 3.159, 339.236

■ 16, 6.216, 339.924

■ 20, 0.145, 337.716

■ 15, 9.292, 340.644

■ 21, 2.807, 158.130

■ 13, 12.347,
341.420

■ 23, 5.687, 157.558

■ 25, 8.492, 157.034

■ 12, 15.323,
342.268

■ 26, 11.219,
156.543

■ 11, 18.147,
343.207

■ 28, 13.871,
156.080

■ 9, 20.728, 344.265

■ 30, 16.450,
155.642

■ 8, 22.966, 345.474

■ 7, 25.195, 346.594

■ 31, 18.958,
155.228

■ 6, 27.293, 347.543

■ 33, 21.401,
154.836

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 3.159, 339.236



19, 3.134, 158.017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 3.159, 339.236



18, 3.159, 29.236



18, 3.159, 159.236



18, 3.159, 209.236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 3.158, 339.240



25, 1.111, 338.681



18, 3.594, 305.927



11, 0.822, 338.721



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 3.158, 339.240



23, 4.849, 339.458



18, 2.438, 11.785



7, 1.476, 339.084



17, 40.389, 350.401



47, 76.486, 353.236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 3.158, 339.240



23, 4.849, 339.458



19, 2.332, 190.570



7, 1.476, 339.084



17, 40.389, 350.401



47, 76.486, 353.236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 3.159, 339.236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

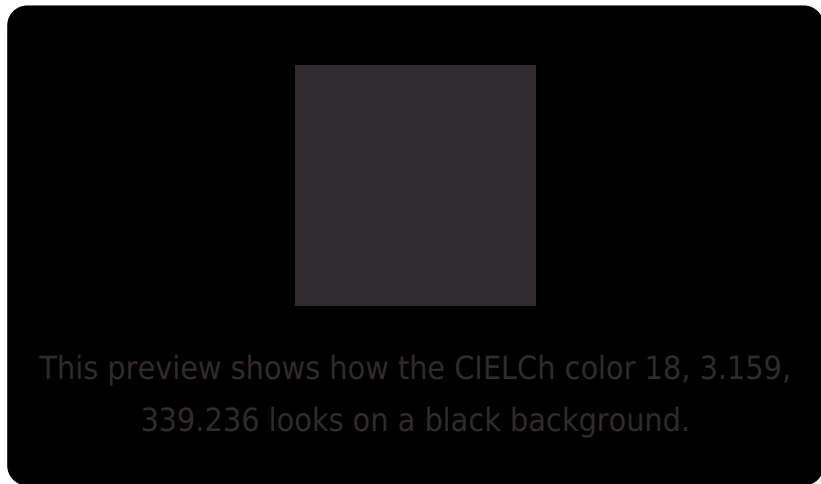
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

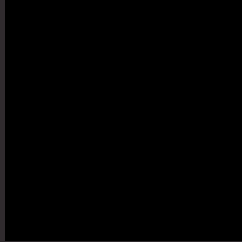
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 3.159, 339.236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 3.159, 339.236.

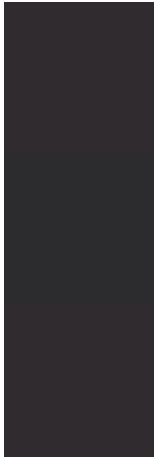


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 3.159, 339.236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18, 3.159, 339.236

Protanopia

18, 1.383, 290.542

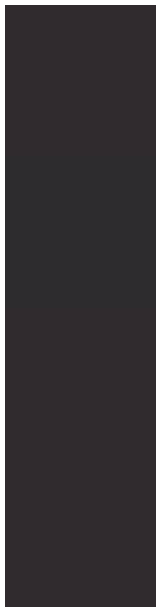
Deuteranopia

18, 3.159, 339.236



Tritanopia
18, 3.159, 339.236

Trichromacy



Original Color

18, 3.159, 339.236

Protanomaly

18, 1.466, 309.194

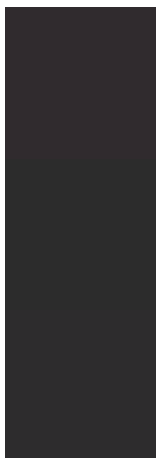
Deuteranomaly

18, 3.159, 339.236

Tritanomaly

18, 3.159, 339.236

Monochromacy



Original Color

18, 3.159, 339.236

Achromatopsia

18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

18, 0.844, 324.432

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 3.159, 339.236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 43, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 43, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 43, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 43, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 3.159, 339.236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 43, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 43, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 43, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 43, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 43, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 43, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 3.159, 339.236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 43, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 43,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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