

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 3.480, 117.375)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 3.480, 117.375) contains.

CIELCh(18, 3.468, 117.386)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 3.468, 117.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C2D28
RGB	44, 45, 40
RGB Percent	17%, 18%, 16%
CMY	0.8292, 0.8253, 0.8449
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.11, 0.83
HSL	72°, 6%, 16%
HSV	72°, 11%, 17%
XYZ	2.3160, 2.5180, 2.3320
YIQ	44.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

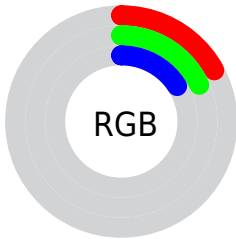
Format	Color
RYB	40, 45, 41
Decimal	2895144
CIELab	18.00, -1.60, 3.08
CIElCh	18, 3.468, 117.386
Yxy	2.5180, 0.3232, 0.3514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281085224 (0xFF2C2D28)
YUV	44.1310, -2.0366, -0.1149
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -1.7172, 2.3948

Details

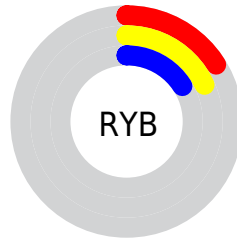
The CIELCh color **18, 3.468, 117.386** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16, 3.539, 298.649**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 3.776, 122.731**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 6.554, 116.834**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 0.371, 117.950**.

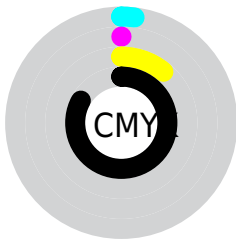
Distribution



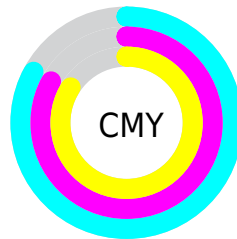
- Red (17%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 3.468, 117.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 3.468, 117.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18, 3.468, 117.386

■ 18, 3.468, 117.386

■ 100, 3.468,
117.386

■ 8, 3.468, 117.386

■ 0, 3.468, 117.386

■ 38, 3.468, 117.386

■ 48, 3.468, 117.386

■ 58, 3.468, 117.386

■ 68, 3.468, 117.386

■ 78, 3.468, 117.386

■ 88, 3.468, 117.386

■ 98, 3.468, 117.386

■ 18, 3.468, 117.386

■ 18, 3.468, 117.386

■ 18, 6.554, 116.834

■ 18, 0.371, 117.950

■ 18, 9.613, 116.273

■ 18, 2.729, 298.469

■ 17, 12.627,
115.720

■ 19, 5.822, 298.981

■ 17, 15.568,
115.189

■ 19, 8.904, 299.471

■ 17, 18.374,
114.738

■ 19, 11.970,
299.937

■ 17, 20.757,
114.672

■ 20, 15.015,
300.379

■ 17, 22.702,
114.898

■ 20, 18.037,
300.797

■ 17, 24.564,
115.165

■ 20, 21.034,
301.191

■ 21, 24.003,
301.562

■ 17, 26.208,
115.394

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 3.468, 117.386



16, 3.539, 298.649

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 3.468, 117.386



18, 3.468, 167.386



18, 3.468, 297.386



18, 3.468, 347.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 3.469, 117.393



25, 1.169, 117.836



17, 2.076, 39.214



11, 0.897, 117.813



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 3.469, 117.393



24, 5.072, 117.249



18, 3.848, 135.361



8, 1.635, 118.282



34, 45.169, 113.902



80, 87.238, 114.828

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 3.539, 298.649



22, 5.196, 298.810



16, 3.879, 316.096



7, 1.637, 297.726



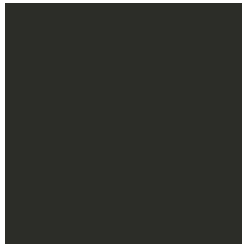
7, 59.476, 307.786



28, 115.660, 307.195

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 3.468, 117.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

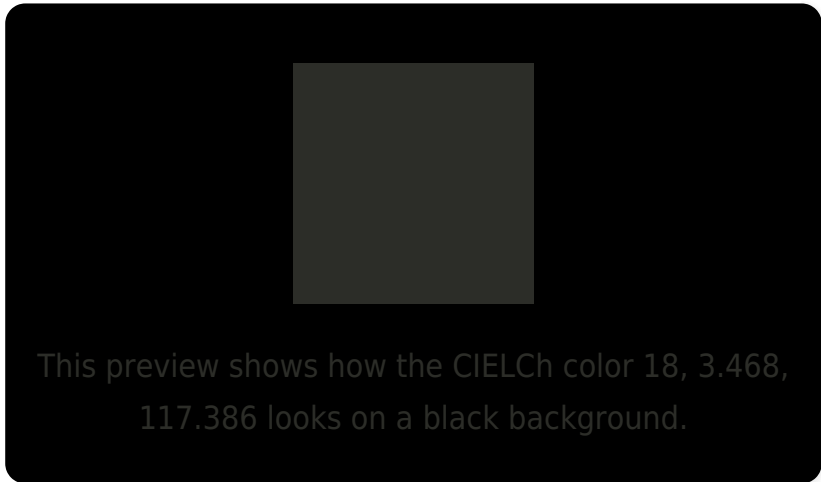
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

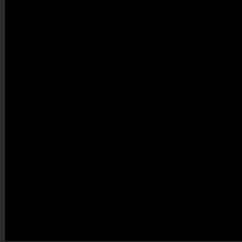
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

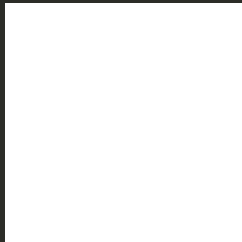
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 3.468, 117.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 3.468, 117.386.

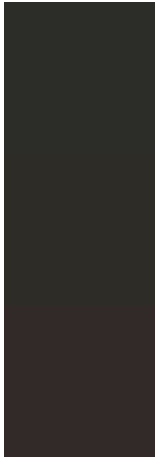


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 3.468, 117.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18, 3.468, 117.386

Protanopia

18, 3.572, 93.219

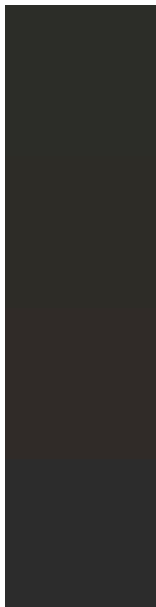
Deuteranopia

18, 4.214, 39.172



Tritanopia
18, 2.933, 309.363

Trichromacy



Original Color

18, 3.468, 117.386

Protanomaly

18, 3.470, 101.125

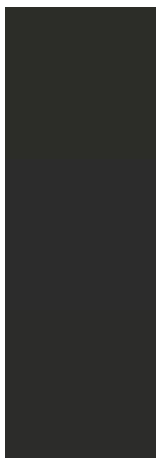
Deuteranomaly

18, 3.220, 59.513

Tritanomaly

18, 0.003, 296.813

Monochromacy



Original Color

18, 3.468, 117.386

Achromatopsia

18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

18, 1.375, 109.811

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 3.468, 117.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 45, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 45, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 45, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 45, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 3.468, 117.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 45, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 45, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 45, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 45, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 45, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 45, 40)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 3.468, 117.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 45, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 45,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor