

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 30.281, 279.797)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 30.281, 279.797)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 30.264, 279.849)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 30.264, 279.849)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	012C57
RGB	1, 44, 87
RGB Percent	0%, 17%, 34%
CMY	0.9945, 0.8266, 0.6579
CMYK	0.98, 0.49, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	210°, 97%, 17%
HSV	210°, 98%, 34%
XYZ	2.6560, 2.5180, 9.4145
YIQ	36.0450, -39.4310, 4.2570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

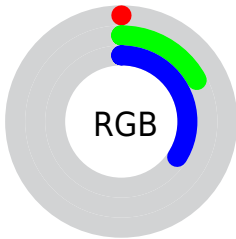
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 30, 87
Decimal	76887
CIE Lab	18.00, 5.18, -29.82
CIE LCh	18, 30.264, 279.849
Yxy	2.5180, 0.1821, 0.1726
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278266967 (0xFF012C57)
YUV	36.0450, 25.1208, -30.7345
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, 2.1074, -24.0682

Details

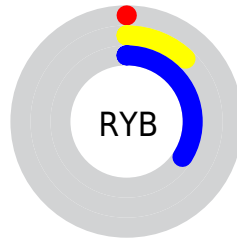
The CIELCh color **18, 30.264, 279.849** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **23, 36.499, 62.916**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 30.132, 279.517**, and **2, 24.403, 291.542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 30.766, 280.368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 27.214, 276.242**.

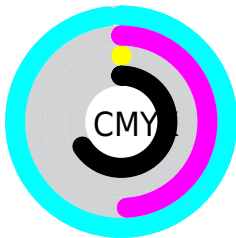
Distribution



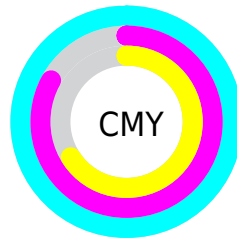
- Red (0%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 30.264, 279.849 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 30.264, 279.849 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18, 30.264,
279.849

■ 18, 30.264,
279.849

■ 100, 30.264,
279.849

■ 8, 30.264, 279.849

■ 38, 30.264,
279.849

■ 0, 30.264, 279.849

■ 48, 30.264,
279.849

■ 58, 30.264,
279.849

■ 68, 30.264,
279.849

■ 78, 30.264,
279.849

■ 88, 30.264,

279.849

■ 98, 30.264,
279.849

■ 18, 30.264,
279.849

■ 18, 30.264,
279.849

■ 18, 30.766,
280.368

■ 20, 27.214,
276.242

■ 21, 24.266,
272.468

■ 23, 21.322,
269.083

■ 25, 18.350,
266.118

■ 27, 15.328,
263.560

■ 29, 12.251,
261.374

■ 31, 9.119, 259.513

■ 33, 5.941, 257.934

■ 35, 2.726, 256.616

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 30.264, 279.849



23, 36.499, 62.916

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 30.264, 279.849



18, 30.264, 329.849



18, 30.264, 99.849



18, 30.264, 149.849

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 30.264, 279.851



40, 11.835, 259.959



32, 38.760, 151.305



18, 7.974, 260.410



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 30.264, 279.851



24, 37.816, 281.967



7, 59.775, 305.734



17, 1.806, 256.659



22, 36.402, 281.700



50, 69.017, 284.930

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 38.724, 358.292



23, 46.443, 0.053



36, 43.902, 102.921



16, 2.593, 344.333



22, 44.962, 359.817



51, 79.465, 2.844

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 30.264, 279.849 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 30.264, 279.849 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

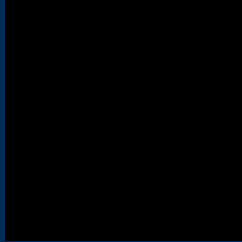
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 30.264, 279.849

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 30.264, 279.849.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 30.264, 279.849.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


18, 30.264, 279.849

Protanopia

18, 29.796, 285.320

Deuteranopia

18, 24.859, 270.807



Tritanopia
18, 15.459, 204.355

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 30.264, 279.849

Protanomaly
18, 29.997, 283.161

Deuteranomaly
18, 27.178, 275.464

Tritanomaly
18, 16.738, 242.762

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 30.264, 279.849

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 12.469, 264.757

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 30.264, 279.849 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 44, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 44, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 44, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 44, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 30.264, 279.849 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 44, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 44, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 44, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 44, 87); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 44, 87); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 44, 87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 30.264, 279.849 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 44, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 44,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor