

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 31.936, 297.353)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(18, 31.936, 297.353)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(18, 31.613, 297.384)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	272755
RGB	39, 39, 85
RGB Percent	15%, 15%, 33%
CMY	0.8479, 0.8478, 0.6675
CMYK	0.54, 0.54, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	240°, 37%, 24%
HSV	240°, 54%, 33%
XYZ	3.1787, 2.5180, 8.8674
YIQ	44.2440, -14.7660, 14.3060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

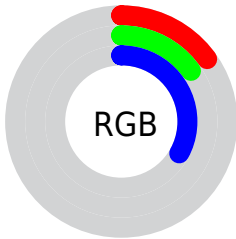
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	39, 39, 85
Decimal	2565973
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	18.00, 14.54, -28.07
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	18, 31.613, 297.384
Yxy	2.5180, 0.2183, 0.1729
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280756053 (0xFF272755)
YUV	44.2440, 20.0927, -4.5990
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, 7.9872, -22.0240

# Details

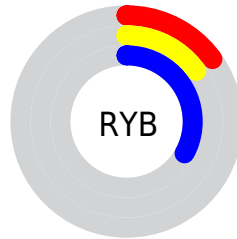
The CIELCh color **18, 31.613, 297.384** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **35, 27.553, 105.448**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 31.444, 297.337**, and **1, 24.129, 292.666** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 38.094, 299.329**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 25.294, 295.618**.

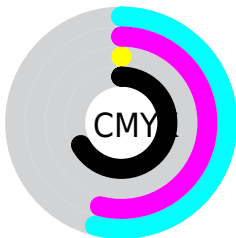
# Distribution



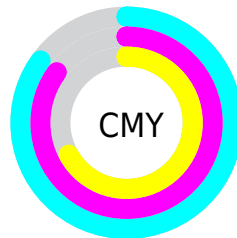
- Red (15%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 31.613, 297.384 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 31.613, 297.384 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18, 31.613,  
297.384

■ 18, 31.613,  
297.384

■ 100, 31.613,  
297.384

■ 8, 31.613, 297.384

■ 38, 31.613,  
297.384

■ 0, 31.613, 297.384

■ 48, 31.613,  
297.384

■ 58, 31.613,  
297.384

■ 68, 31.613,  
297.384

■ 78, 31.613,  
297.384

■ 88, 31.613,

297.384

98, 31.613,  
297.384

18, 31.613,  
297.384

18, 31.613,  
297.384

15, 38.094,  
299.329

21, 25.294,  
295.618

12, 44.567,  
301.362

25, 19.197,  
294.059

9, 50.651, 303.310

28, 13.332,  
292.707

7, 56.084, 304.996

31, 7.690, 291.543

6, 59.162, 305.757

35, 2.258, 290.552

38, 2.981, 109.663

■ 41, 8.038, 108.929

■ 44, 12.927,  
108.289

■ 48, 17.659,  
107.734

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 31.613, 297.384



35, 27.553, 105.448

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 31.613, 297.384



18, 31.613, 347.384



18, 31.613, 117.384



18, 31.613, 167.384

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 31.613, 297.385



40, 10.717, 291.792



33, 16.476, 195.459



19, 7.310, 291.925



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 31.613, 297.385



20, 47.854, 299.917



20, 32.040, 311.076



16, 3.045, 290.981



10, 70.638, 306.273



29, 125.610, 306.282



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 23.523, 25.019



26, 35.835, 27.855



33, 29.675, 126.177



16, 2.127, 19.771



21, 52.668, 36.549



49, 98.156, 39.981



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 18, 31.613, 297.384 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 31.613, 297.384 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

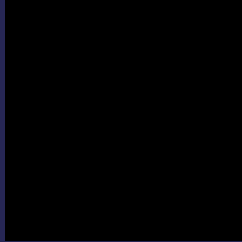
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 18, 31.613, 297.384

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 31.613, 297.384.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 31.613, 297.384.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18, 31.613, 297.384

### Protanopia

18, 31.936, 284.573

### Deuteranopia

18, 24.854, 271.402





**Tritanopia**  
18, 8.473, 217.105

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
18, 31.613, 297.384

**Protanomaly**  
18, 31.808, 288.546

**Deuteranomaly**  
18, 26.790, 280.245

**Tritanomaly**  
18, 13.780, 272.824

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
18, 31.613, 297.384

**Achromatopsia**  
18, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
18, 11.780, 293.098

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 31.613, 297.384 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 39, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 39, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 39, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 39, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 31.613, 297.384 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 39, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 39, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 39, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 39, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 39, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 39, 85)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 31.613, 297.384 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 39, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 39,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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