

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 34.751, 134.617)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 34.751, 134.617)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 34.900, 134.588)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 34.900, 134.588)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D3401
RGB	13, 52, 1
RGB Percent	5%, 20%, 0%
CMY	0.9500, 0.7971, 0.9974
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.99, 0.80
HSL	106°, 97%, 10%
HSV	106°, 99%, 20%
XYZ	1.3825, 2.5180, 0.4320
YIQ	34.5250, -6.8730, -24.1290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

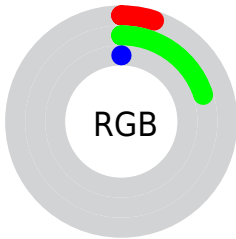
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 52, 40
Decimal	865281
CIE Lab	18.00, -24.50, 24.85
CIE LCh	18, 34.900, 134.588
Yxy	2.5180, 0.3191, 0.5812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279055361 (0xFF0D3401)
YUV	34.5250, -16.5278, -18.8774
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, -12.2183, 9.4936

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 34.900, 134.588** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **6, 37.080, 320.356**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 34.622, 134.565**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 35.223, 134.572**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 32.331, 134.608**.

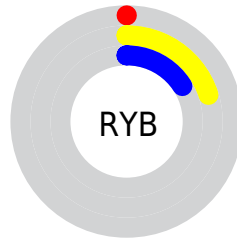
Distribution



Red (5%)

Green (20%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (16%)

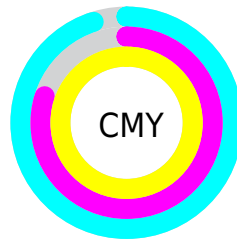


Cyan (75%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (95%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 34.900, 134.588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 34.900, 134.588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18, 34.900,
134.588

■ 18, 34.900,
134.588

■ 100, 34.900,
134.588

■ 8, 34.900, 134.588

■ 38, 34.900,
134.588

■ 0, 34.900, 134.588

■ 48, 34.900,
134.588

■ 58, 34.900,
134.588


■ 68, 34.900,
134.588


■ 78, 34.900,
134.588


■ 88, 34.900,

134.588


 98, 34.900,
134.588

 18, 34.900,
134.588


 18, 34.900,
134.588


 18, 35.223,
134.572

 18, 32.331,
134.608

 18, 29.696,
134.431

 19, 26.635,
134.488

 19, 23.079,
134.982

 19, 19.314,
135.510

■ 20, 15.419,
136.029

■ 20, 11.452,
136.520

■ 21, 7.454, 136.975

■ 21, 3.460, 137.396

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 34.900, 134.588



6, 37.080, 320.356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 34.900, 134.588



18, 34.900, 184.588



18, 34.900, 314.588



18, 34.900, 4.588

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 34.900, 134.588



26, 14.723, 136.388



16, 23.610, 86.486



12, 9.820, 136.390



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 34.900, 134.588



24, 43.250, 133.210



18, 32.278, 143.608



9, 2.162, 137.441



33, 53.755, 133.322



76, 103.526, 134.285

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 37.080, 320.356



10, 44.848, 320.342



8, 31.425, 338.797



8, 2.175, 317.967



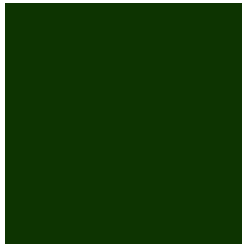
15, 54.918, 320.000



43, 104.808, 319.347

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 34.900, 134.588 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

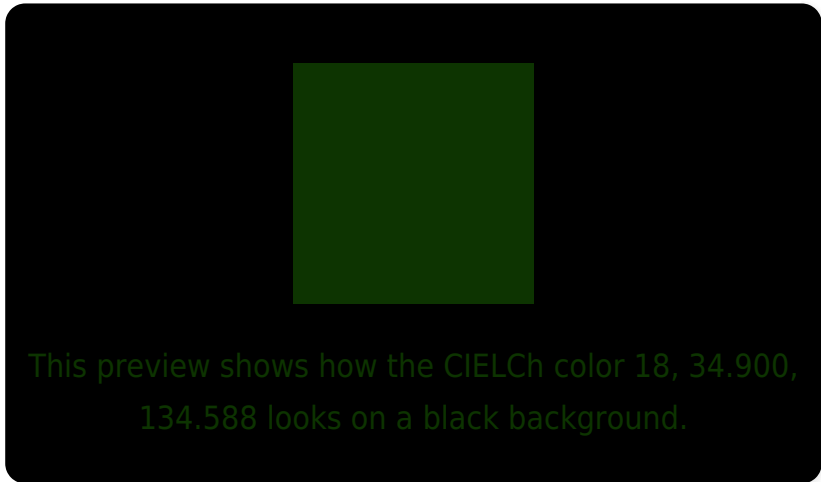
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

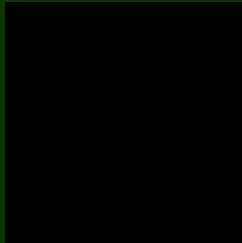
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 34.900, 134.588

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 34.900, 134.588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 34.900, 134.588.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

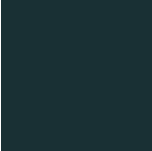
Dichromacy



Original Color
18, 34.900, 134.588

Protanopia
18, 26.215, 97.930

Deuteranopia
18, 21.609, 83.430



Tritanopia
18, 9.416, 214.916

Trichromacy



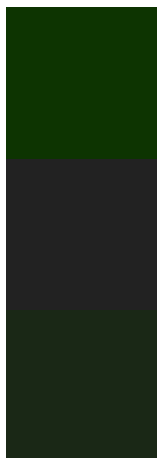
Original Color
18, 34.900, 134.588

Protanomaly
17, 27.807, 116.730

Deuteranomaly
18, 23.956, 112.489

Tritanomaly
18, 16.773, 155.263

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 34.900, 134.588

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 14.455, 136.258

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 34.900, 134.588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 52, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 52, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 52, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 52, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 34.900, 134.588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 52, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 52, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(13, 52, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 52, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 52, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 52, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 34.900, 134.588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 52, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 52,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor