

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(18, 4.080, 1.976)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 4.080, 1.976) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(18, 4.106, 0.779)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	322A2C
RGB	50, 42, 44
RGB Percent	20%, 16%, 17%
CMY	0.8038, 0.8352, 0.8274
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.12, 0.80
HSL	345°, 9%, 18%
HSV	345°, 16%, 20%
XYZ	2.6002, 2.5180, 2.7339
YIQ	44.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

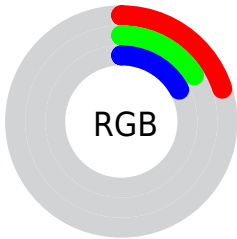
Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 42, 44
Decimal	3287596
CIE Lab	18.00, 4.11, 0.06
CIE LCh	18, 4.106, 0.779
Yxy	2.5180, 0.3311, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281477676 (0xFF322A2C)
YUV	44.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, 1.4791, 0.8930

Details

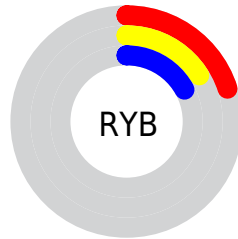
The CIELCh color **18, 4.106, 0.779** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20, 3.924, 178.343**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 4.054, 2.320**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 6.794, 1.765**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 1.509, 359.863**.

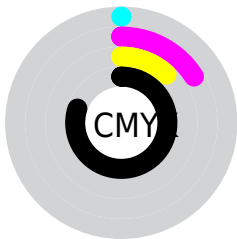
Distribution



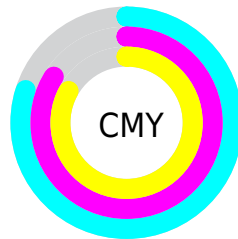
- Red (20%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 4.106, 0.779 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 4.106, 0.779 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18, 4.106, 0.779

■ 18, 4.106, 0.779

■ 100, 4.106, 0.779

■ 8, 4.106, 0.779

■ 38, 4.106, 0.779

■ 0, 4.106, 0.779

■ 48, 4.106, 0.779

■ 58, 4.106, 0.779

■ 68, 4.106, 0.779

■ 78, 4.106, 0.779

■ 88, 4.106, 0.779

■ 98, 4.106, 0.779

■ 18, 4.106, 0.779

■ 18, 4.106, 0.779

16, 6.794, 1.765	20, 1.509, 359.863
15, 9.557, 2.881	22, 0.985, 179.430
13, 12.364, 4.181	23, 3.376, 178.622
12, 15.166, 5.719	25, 5.666, 177.992
10, 17.898, 7.565	27, 7.859, 177.429
9, 20.468, 9.589	29, 9.961, 176.916
8, 22.834, 10.825	30, 11.979, 176.445
7, 25.214, 10.938	32, 13.919, 176.011
6, 26.143, 10.778	34, 15.789, 175.607

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 4.106, 0.779



20, 3.924, 178.343

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 4.106, 0.779



18, 4.106, 50.779



18, 4.106, 180.779



18, 4.106, 230.779

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 4.105, 0.786



27, 1.593, 359.790



18, 6.210, 317.853



12, 1.063, 359.802



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 4.105, 0.786



24, 6.225, 1.173



19, 3.246, 44.810



8, 1.420, 0.080



16, 40.716, 20.880



46, 80.052, 26.138

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 4.105, 0.786



24, 6.225, 1.173



19, 2.995, 226.225



8, 1.420, 0.080



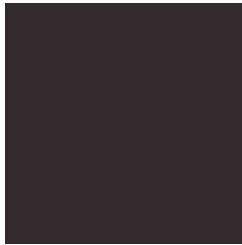
16, 40.716, 20.880



46, 80.052, 26.138

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 4.106, 0.779 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

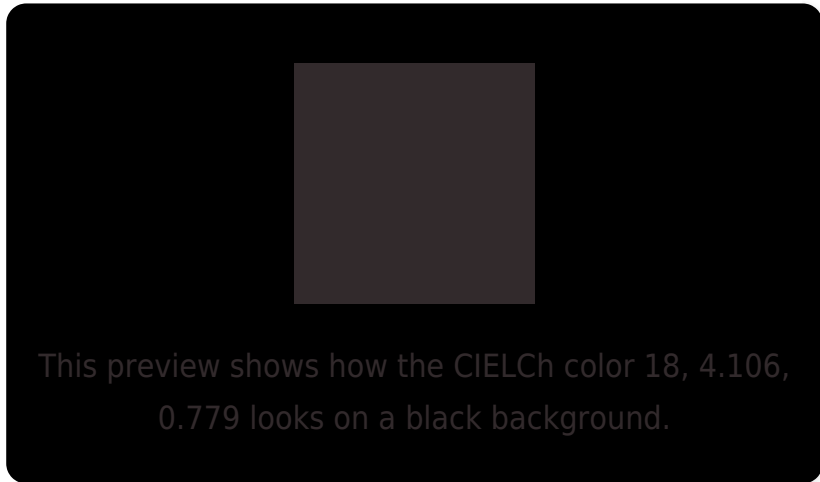
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

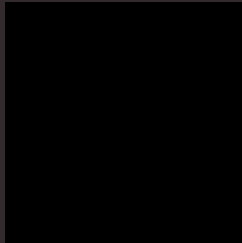
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 4.106, 0.779

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 4.106, 0.779.

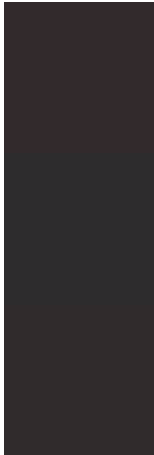


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 4.106, 0.779.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


18, 4.106, 0.779

Protanopia

18, 0.844, 324.432

Deuteranopia

18, 2.504, 3.975



Tritanopia
18, 4.365, 352.197

Trichromacy



Original Color

18, 4.106, 0.779

Protanomaly

18, 2.362, 344.165

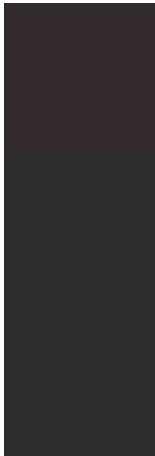
Deuteranomaly

18, 2.976, 6.694

Tritanomaly

18, 4.365, 352.197

Monochromacy



Original Color

18, 4.106, 0.779

Achromatopsia

18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

18, 1.592, 354.066

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 4.106, 0.779 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 42, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 42, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 42, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 42, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 4.106, 0.779 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 42, 44) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 42, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 42, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 42, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 42, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 42, 44)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 4.106, 0.779 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 42, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 42,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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