

Converting Colors

CIELCh(18, 58.502, 296.418)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(18, 58.502, 296.418)
contains.

CIELCh(18, 58.606, 297.754)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(18, 58.606, 297.754)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002279
RGB	0, 34, 121
RGB Percent	0%, 13%, 47%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8659, 0.5256
CMYK	1.00, 0.72, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	223°, 100%, 24%
HSV	223°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	3.9949, 2.5180, 18.3558
YIQ	33.7520, -48.1910, 19.8490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

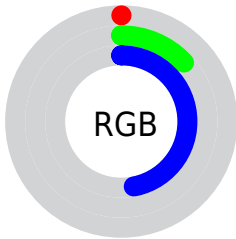
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 27, 121
Decimal	8825
CIE _{Lab}	18.00, 27.29, -51.86
CIE _{LCh}	18, 58.606, 297.754
Yxy	2.5180, 0.1606, 0.1013
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278198905 (0xFF002279)
YUV	33.7520, 43.0133, -29.6005
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, 17.1678, -57.4761

Details

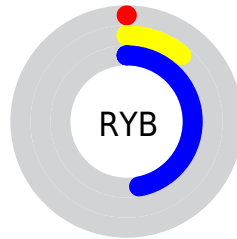
The CIELCh color **18, 58.606, 297.754** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **39, 47.986, 81.351**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 58.614, 298.175**, and **4, 49.795, 303.778** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 58.564, 297.936**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 52.216, 294.933**.

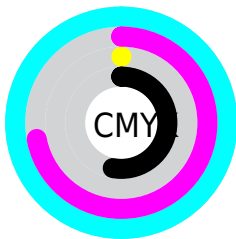
Distribution



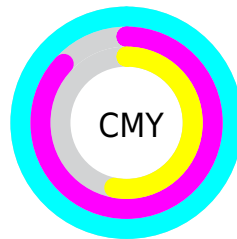
- Red (0%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 58.606, 297.754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 58.606, 297.754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18, 58.606,
297.754

■ 18, 58.606,
297.754

■ 100, 58.606,
297.754

■ 8, 58.606, 297.754

■ 38, 58.606,
297.754

■ 0, 58.606, 297.754

■ 48, 58.606,
297.754

■ 58, 58.606,
297.754

■ 68, 58.606,
297.754


■ 78, 58.606,
297.754


■ 88, 58.606,


297.754

 98, 58.606,
297.754


 18, 58.606,
297.754


 18, 58.606,
297.754


 18, 58.564,
297.936

 21, 52.216,
294.933

 24, 45.839,
291.698

 27, 39.568,
288.613

 30, 33.469,
285.794

 33, 27.545,
283.291

■ 37, 21.781,
281.108

■ 40, 16.157,
279.222

■ 44, 10.659,
277.599

■ 47, 5.278, 276.210

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 58.606, 297.754



39, 47.986, 81.351

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 58.606, 297.754



18, 58.606, 347.754



18, 58.606, 117.754



18, 58.606, 167.754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 58.564, 297.936



52, 20.130, 279.354



45, 39.327, 164.058



25, 13.709, 279.965



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 58.564, 297.936



25, 72.963, 298.791



13, 75.459, 307.680



24, 2.999, 276.094



19, 60.146, 298.052



41, 106.781, 299.812

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 50.312, 20.356



33, 61.615, 21.918



47, 57.408, 115.191



24, 3.054, 357.933



25, 51.549, 20.565



53, 88.437, 23.876

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 18, 58.606, 297.754 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 58.606, 297.754 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

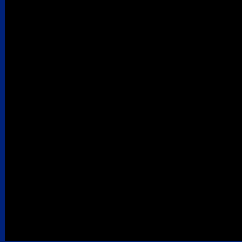
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 58.606, 297.754

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 58.606, 297.754.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 58.606, 297.754.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18, 58.710, 298.015

Protanopia

18, 33.410, 282.772

Deuteranopia

18, 23.742, 268.006



Tritanopia
18, 15.773, 201.569

Trichromacy



Original Color
18, 58.710, 298.015

Protanomaly
18, 43.237, 290.906

Deuteranomaly
18, 36.068, 285.780

Tritanomaly
18, 24.278, 270.340

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 58.710, 298.015

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 22.879, 286.782

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 58.606, 297.754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 34, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 34, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 34, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 34, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 58.606, 297.754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 34, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 34, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 34, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 34, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 34, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 34, 121)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 58.606, 297.754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 34, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 34,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor