

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(19, 1.962, 61.972)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(19, 1.962, 61.972) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(19, 1.983, 62.954)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	312E2C
RGB	49, 46, 44
RGB Percent	19%, 18%, 17%
CMY	0.8094, 0.8211, 0.8289
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.10, 0.81
HSL	24°, 5%, 18%
HSV	24°, 10%, 19%
XYZ	2.6579, 2.7468, 2.7358
YIQ	46.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

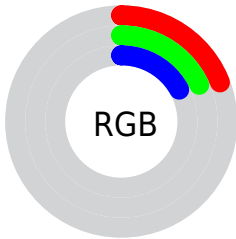
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	49, 47, 44
Decimal	3223084
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	19.00, 0.90, 1.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	19, 1.983, 62.954
Yxy	2.7468, 0.3265, 0.3374
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281413164 (0xFF312E2C)
YUV	46.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -0.3780, 1.8143

# Details

The CIELCh color **19, 1.983, 62.954** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19, 1.919, 244.947**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 2.223, 74.614**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 4.017, 62.187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 0.049, 60.526**.

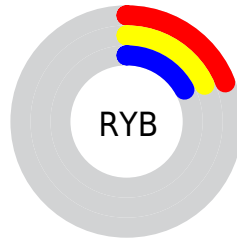
# Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (18%)

Blue (17%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (17%)

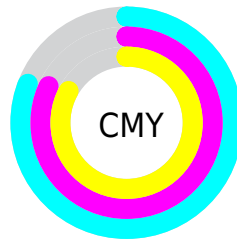


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (83%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 1.983, 62.954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 1.983, 62.954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 19, 1.983, 62.954       19, 1.983, 62.954

 100, 1.983, 62.954       9, 1.983, 62.954

 39, 1.983, 62.954       0, 1.983, 62.954

 49, 1.983, 62.954

 59, 1.983, 62.954

 69, 1.983, 62.954

 79, 1.983, 62.954

 89, 1.983, 62.954

 99, 1.983, 62.954

 19, 1.983, 62.954       19, 1.983, 62.954

■ 18, 4.017, 62.187	■ 20, 0.049, 60.526
■ 17, 6.160, 61.381	■ 21, 1.793, 244.838
■ 16, 8.418, 60.588	■ 22, 3.553, 245.628
■ 15, 10.795, 59.820	■ 24, 5.239, 246.437
■ 14, 13.237, 58.941	■ 25, 6.857, 247.238
■ 13, 15.313, 57.020	■ 26, 8.416, 248.025
■ 12, 16.991, 54.215	■ 27, 9.920, 248.792
■ 11, 18.546, 51.482	■ 28, 11.377, 249.538
■ 10, 20.082, 49.378	■ 29, 12.791, 250.262

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 1.983, 62.954



19, 1.919, 244.947

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 1.983, 62.954



19, 1.983, 112.954



19, 1.983, 242.954



19, 1.983, 292.954

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 1.983, 62.979



27, 0.713, 63.384



18, 3.149, 339.228



12, 0.547, 63.380



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 1.983, 62.979



25, 2.928, 62.794



20, 3.057, 104.910



8, 1.102, 63.054



22, 38.701, 54.087



53, 79.429, 52.739





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 1.919, 244.947



25, 2.807, 245.173



18, 3.107, 286.750



8, 1.077, 244.776



21, 25.915, 268.316



53, 52.589, 272.958



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 1.983, 62.954 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

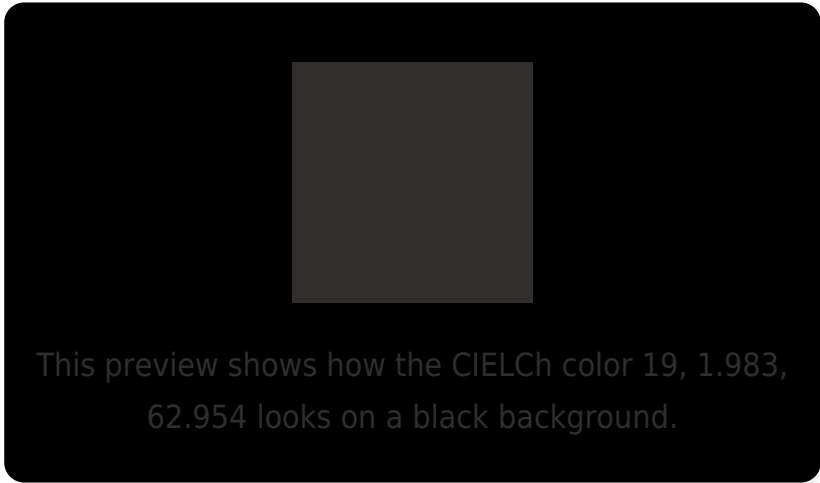
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

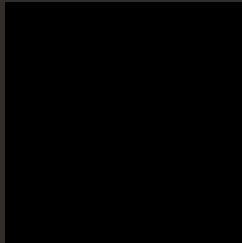
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

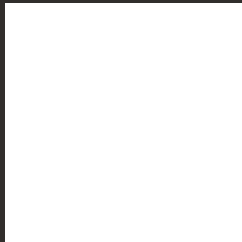
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 19, 1.983, 62.954

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 1.983, 62.954.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 1.983, 62.954.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


19, 1.983, 62.954

### Protanopia

19, 1.663, 74.505

### Deuteranopia

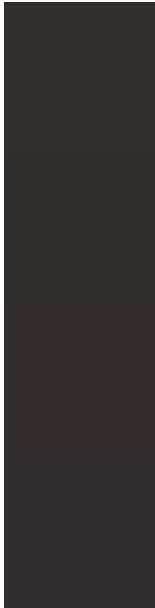
19, 2.989, 33.105



**Tritanopia**  
19, 2.800, 332.733



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19, 1.983, 62.954

## Protanomaly

19, 1.663, 74.505

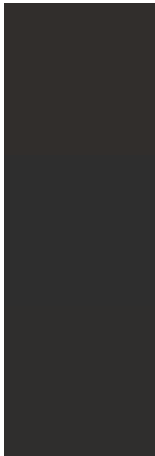
## Deuteranomaly

19, 2.511, 35.574

## Tritanomaly

19, 2.028, 0.060

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19, 1.983, 62.954

## Achromatopsia

19, 0.004, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

19, 0.827, 74.836

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 1.983, 62.954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 46, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 46, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 46, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 46, 44) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 1.983, 62.954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 46, 44) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 46, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 46, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 46, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 46, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 46, 44)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 1.983, 62.954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 46, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 46,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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