

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 10.790, 84.451)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 10.790, 84.451) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 10.468, 84.038)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	352D1F
RGB	53, 45, 31
RGB Percent	21%, 18%, 12%
CMY	0.7916, 0.8230, 0.8779
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.41, 0.79
HSL	38°, 26%, 17%
HSV	38°, 41%, 21%
XYZ	2.6676, 2.7468, 1.6945
YIQ	45.7960, 9.2620, -2.6580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

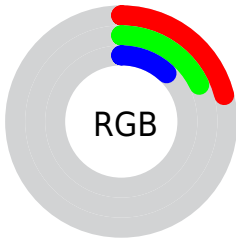
Format	Color
RYB	44, 53, 31
Decimal	3484959
CIELab	19.00, 1.09, 10.41
CIElCh	19, 10.468, 84.038
Yxy	2.7468, 0.3752, 0.3864
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281675039 (0xFF352D1F)
YUV	45.7960, -7.2944, 6.3179
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -0.2728, 5.5395

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 10.468, 84.038** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16, 10.247, 274.338**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 10.581, 85.920**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 13.110, 82.868**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 7.862, 85.190**.

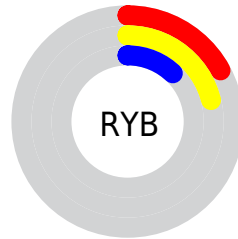
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (18%)

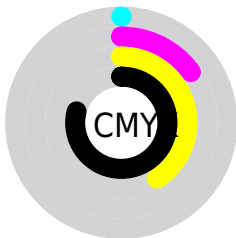
Blue (12%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (12%)

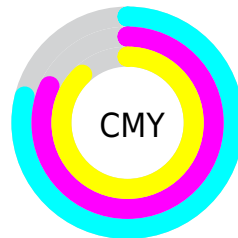


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (88%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 10.468, 84.038 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 10.468, 84.038 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19, 10.468, 84.038

 19, 10.468, 84.038

 100, 10.468,
84.038

 9, 10.468, 84.038

 39, 10.468, 84.038

 0, 10.468, 84.038

 49, 10.468, 84.038

 59, 10.468, 84.038

 69, 10.468, 84.038

 79, 10.468, 84.038

 89, 10.468, 84.038

 99, 10.468, 84.038

■ 19, 10.468, 84.038

■ 19, 10.468, 84.038

■ 18, 13.110, 82.868

■ 20, 7.862, 85.190

■ 18, 15.766, 81.661

■ 21, 5.304, 86.305

■ 17, 18.199, 80.305

■ 21, 2.797, 87.379

■ 16, 19.980, 78.566

■ 22, 0.342, 88.173

■ 15, 21.475, 76.784

■ 23, 2.062, 269.554

■ 15, 22.766, 75.447

■ 24, 4.417, 270.518

■ 25, 6.727, 271.464

■ 25, 8.995, 272.376

■ 26, 11.225,
273.252

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 10.468, 84.038



16, 10.247, 274.338

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 10.468, 84.038



19, 10.468, 134.038



19, 10.468, 264.038



19, 10.468, 314.038

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 10.468, 84.044



28, 3.655, 87.256



15, 12.155, 355.377



13, 2.449, 87.245



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 10.468, 84.044



24, 15.850, 82.740



21, 14.608, 112.727



9, 1.299, 87.711



27, 37.890, 75.003



64, 73.001, 72.426

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 10.247, 274.338



19, 15.455, 276.473



13, 15.891, 298.858



8, 1.300, 269.567



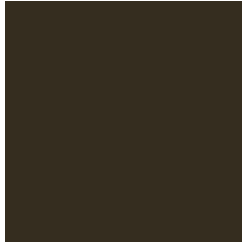
14, 40.024, 291.825



39, 83.264, 295.227

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 10.468, 84.038 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

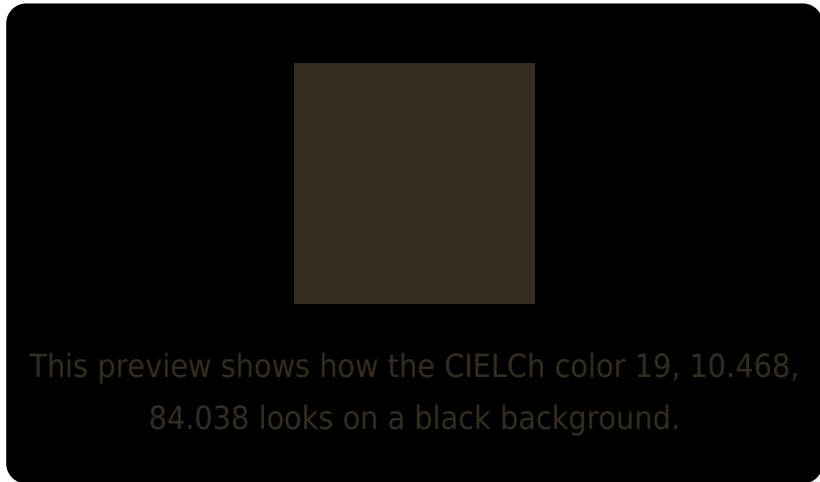
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

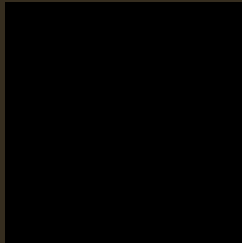
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 10.468, 84.038

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 10.468, 84.038.

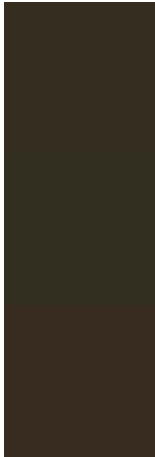


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 10.468, 84.038.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

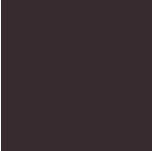
19, 10.468, 84.038

Protanopia

19, 9.743, 95.465

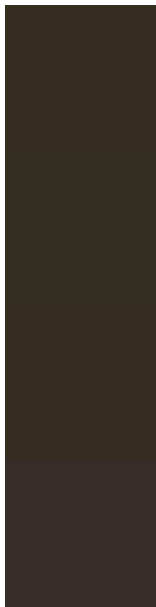
Deuteranopia

19, 10.704, 74.988



Tritanopia
19, 6.363, 355.518

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 10.468, 84.038

Protanomaly
19, 9.874, 92.494

Deuteranomaly
19, 10.406, 77.412

Tritanomaly
19, 5.407, 42.477

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 10.468, 84.038

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 3.714, 85.907

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 10.468, 84.038 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 45, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 45, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 45, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 45, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 10.468, 84.038 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 45, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 45, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 45, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 45, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 45, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 45, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 10.468, 84.038 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 45, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 45,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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