

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 11.028, 206.932)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 11.028, 206.932)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 10.861, 208.463)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	163235
RGB	22, 50, 53
RGB Percent	9%, 20%, 21%
CMY	0.9123, 0.8025, 0.7908
CMYK	0.58, 0.06, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	186°, 41%, 15%
HSV	186°, 58%, 21%
XYZ	2.1458, 2.7468, 3.8284
YIQ	41.9700, -17.6510, -5.0030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

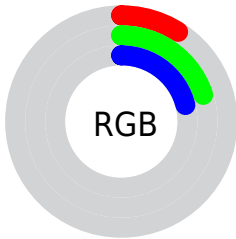
Format	Color
R _Y B	22, 37, 53
Decimal	1454645
CIE Lab	19.00, -9.55, -5.18
CIE LCh	19, 10.861, 208.463
Yxy	2.7468, 0.2460, 0.3150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279644725 (0xFF163235)
YUV	41.9700, 5.4378, -17.5137
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -5.8934, -2.0941

Details

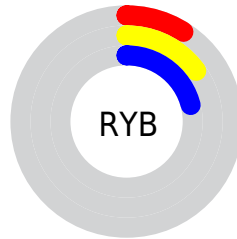
The CIELCh color **19, 10.861, 208.463** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 15.841, 31.478**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 10.756, 208.038**, and **0, 3.226, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 12.107, 208.859**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 9.393, 208.204**.

Distribution



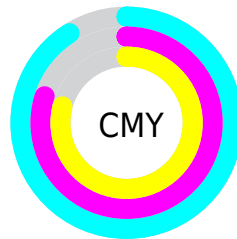
- Red (9%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 10.861, 208.463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 10.861, 208.463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19, 10.861,
208.463

■ 19, 10.861,
208.463

■ 100, 10.861,
208.463

■ 9, 10.861, 208.463

■ 39, 10.861,
208.463

■ 0, 10.861, 208.463

■ 49, 10.861,
208.463

■ 59, 10.861,
208.463

■ 69, 10.861,
208.463


■ 79, 10.861,
208.463


■ 89, 10.861,

208.463


 99, 10.861,
208.463

 19, 10.861,
208.463


 19, 10.861,
208.463

 19, 12.107,
208.859


 19, 9.393, 208.204

 18, 13.114,
209.419


 20, 7.725, 208.068

 18, 13.940,
210.088

 21, 5.883, 208.036

 17, 14.795,
210.644

 21, 3.892, 208.098

 17, 14.965,
210.738

 22, 1.779, 208.278

 22, 0.433, 27.814

 23, 2.724, 28.455

■ 24, 5.074, 28.742

■ 25, 7.467, 29.033

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 10.861, 208.463



13, 15.841, 31.478

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 10.861, 208.463



19, 10.861, 258.463



19, 10.861, 28.463



19, 10.861, 78.463

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 10.861, 208.461



28, 4.536, 208.101



19, 23.767, 142.653



13, 3.062, 208.098



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 10.861, 208.461



25, 14.961, 209.138



14, 13.529, 273.113



9, 1.172, 208.276



31, 20.918, 212.210



72, 39.545, 213.763

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 23.417, 330.012



16, 33.615, 330.716



17, 14.477, 77.310



8, 2.184, 327.538



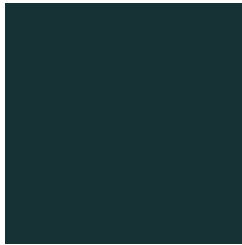
19, 50.063, 332.175



50, 94.670, 332.556

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 10.861, 208.463 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

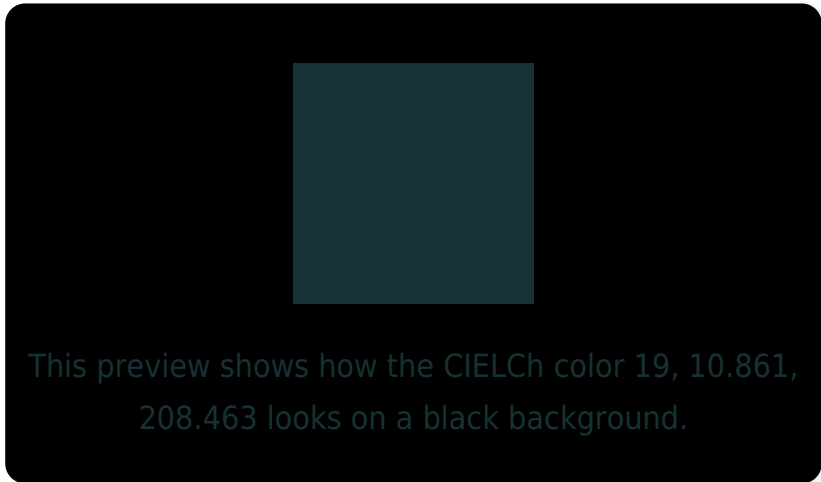
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

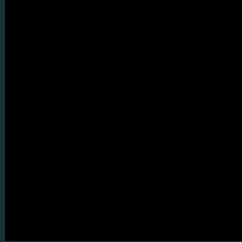
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

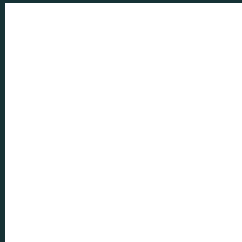
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 10.861, 208.463

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 10.861, 208.463.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 10.861, 208.463.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

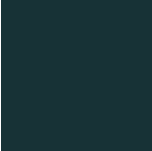
Dichromacy



Original Color
19, 10.861, 208.463

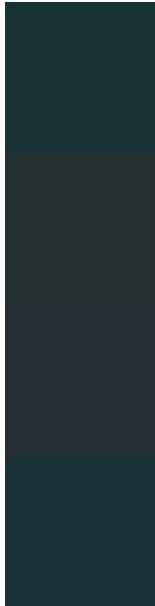
Protanopia
19, 2.744, 290.856

Deuteranopia
19, 6.940, 299.144



Tritanopia
19, 10.605, 212.675

Trichromacy



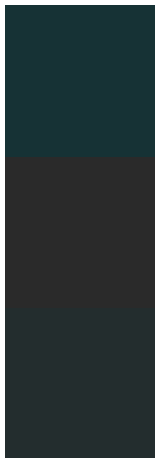
Original Color
19, 10.861, 208.463

Protanomaly
19, 5.146, 222.252

Deuteranomaly
19, 6.043, 251.898

Tritanomaly
19, 10.605, 212.675

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 10.861, 208.463

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 4.507, 207.412

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 10.861, 208.463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 50, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 50, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 50, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 50, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 10.861, 208.463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 50, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 50, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 50, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 50, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 50, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 50, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 10.861, 208.463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 50, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 50,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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