

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 12.465, 184.085)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 12.465, 184.085)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 12.448, 184.164)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15332F
RGB	21, 51, 47
RGB Percent	8%, 20%, 18%
CMY	0.9171, 0.7995, 0.8152
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.08, 0.80
HSL	172°, 41%, 14%
HSV	172°, 59%, 20%
XYZ	2.0178, 2.7468, 3.1272
YIQ	41.5740, -16.5960, -7.6040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

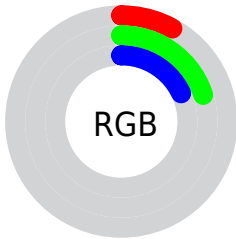
Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 37, 51
Decimal	1389359
CIE Lab	19.00, -12.42, -0.90
CIE LCh	19, 12.448, 184.164
Yxy	2.7468, 0.2557, 0.3481
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279579439 (0xFF15332F)
YUV	41.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -7.2716, 0.4141

Details

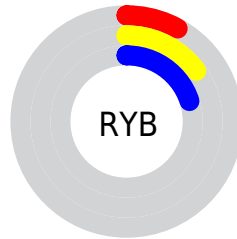
The CIELCh color **19, 12.448, 184.164** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11, 16.162, 15.069**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 12.564, 183.652**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 14.011, 183.320**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 10.679, 184.963**.

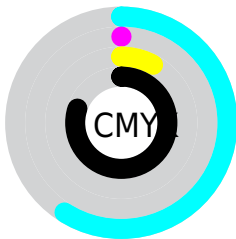
Distribution



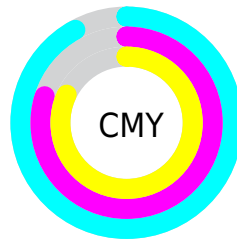
- Red (8%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 12.448, 184.164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 12.448, 184.164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19, 12.448,
184.164

■ 19, 12.448,
184.164

■ 100, 12.448,
184.164

■ 9, 12.448, 184.164

■ 39, 12.448,
184.164

■ 0, 12.448, 184.164

■ 49, 12.448,
184.164


■ 59, 12.448,
184.164


■ 69, 12.448,
184.164


■ 79, 12.448,
184.164


■ 89, 12.448,


184.164


 99, 12.448,
184.164

 19, 12.448,
184.164


 19, 12.448,
184.164

 19, 14.011,
183.320

 19, 10.679,
184.963


 19, 15.349,
182.425

 20, 8.728, 185.731


 18, 16.547,
181.535

 20, 6.625, 186.475

 20, 4.396, 187.206

 18, 17.792,
180.766

 21, 2.071, 187.956

 18, 17.963,
180.671

 21, 0.327, 7.916

■ 22, 2.774, 9.135

■ 23, 5.251, 9.827

■ 23, 7.742, 10.484

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 12.448, 184.164



11, 16.162, 15.069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 12.448, 184.164



19, 12.448, 234.164



19, 12.448, 4.164



19, 12.448, 54.164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 12.448, 184.162



27, 5.272, 187.186



19, 23.431, 137.196



12, 3.579, 187.130



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 12.448, 184.162



25, 17.384, 182.883



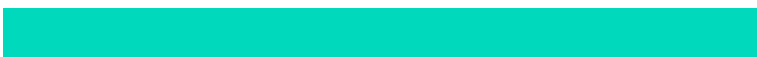
15, 10.203, 245.247



9, 1.319, 187.991



33, 26.313, 179.271



78, 50.710, 177.982

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 16.162, 15.069



14, 24.272, 18.301



14, 13.543, 54.044



8, 1.363, 8.910



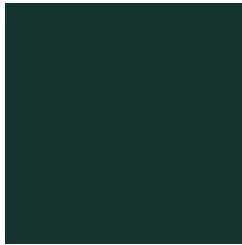
16, 42.781, 28.484



45, 86.403, 34.515

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 12.448, 184.164 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 12.448, 184.164 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

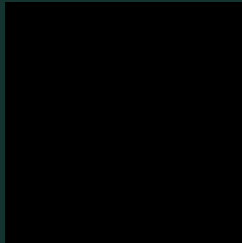
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 12.448, 184.164

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 12.448, 184.164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 12.448, 184.164.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 12.448, 184.164

Protanopia

19, 1.443, 90.420

Deuteranopia

19, 3.620, 331.012



Tritanopia
19, 10.319, 213.152

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 12.448, 184.164

Protanomaly
19, 5.063, 174.370

Deuteranomaly
19, 3.223, 211.180

Tritanomaly
19, 10.589, 204.951

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 12.448, 184.164

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 5.042, 190.425

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 12.448, 184.164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 51, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 51, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 51, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 51, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 12.448, 184.164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 51, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 51, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 51, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 51, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 51, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 51, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 12.448, 184.164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 51, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 51,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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