

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 17.173, 197.332)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 17.173, 197.332)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 16.486, 196.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003434
RGB	0, 52, 52
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7942, 0.7942
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	180°, 100%, 10%
HSV	180°, 100%, 21%
XYZ	1.8727, 2.7468, 3.7370
YIQ	36.4520, -30.9920, -11.0240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 26, 52
Decimal	13364
CIELab	19.00, -15.82, -4.65
CIELCh	19, 16.486, 196.386
Yxy	2.7468, 0.2241, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203444 (0xFF003434)
YUV	36.4520, 7.6652, -31.9684
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -8.8343, -1.7672

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 16.486, 196.386** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7, 27.947, 22.303**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 16.304, 195.226**, and **0, 2.420, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 16.381, 196.403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 15.415, 196.572**.

Distribution



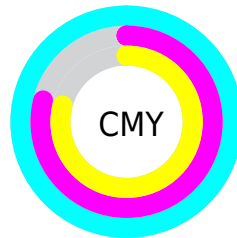
- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 16.486, 196.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 16.486, 196.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19, 16.486,
196.386

■ 19, 16.486,
196.386

■ 100, 16.486,
196.386

■ 9, 16.486, 196.386

■ 39, 16.486,
196.386

■ 0, 16.486, 196.386

■ 49, 16.486,
196.386


■ 59, 16.486,
196.386


■ 69, 16.486,
196.386


■ 79, 16.486,
196.386


■ 89, 16.486,


196.386


 99, 16.486,
196.386


 19, 16.486,
196.386


 19, 16.486,
196.386


 19, 16.381,
196.403

 19, 15.415,
196.572

 19, 14.477,
196.737

 19, 13.401,
196.928

 20, 12.076,
197.167

 20, 10.514,
197.452

■ 20, 8.738, 197.782

■ 21, 6.770, 198.155

■ 21, 4.640, 198.571

■ 21, 2.374, 199.048

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 16.486, 196.386



7, 27.947, 22.303

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 16.486, 196.386



19, 16.486, 246.386



19, 16.486, 16.386



19, 16.486, 66.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



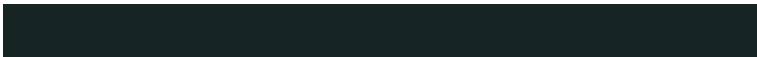
19, 16.381, 196.403



28, 8.459, 198.093



18, 37.620, 138.499



13, 5.808, 198.048



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 16.381, 196.403



26, 19.534, 196.404



9, 20.246, 275.598



9, 1.285, 199.150



34, 23.295, 196.405



79, 44.320, 196.407

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 37.778, 328.237



14, 45.050, 328.237



13, 21.652, 60.805



8, 2.334, 324.793



19, 53.722, 328.237



52, 102.213, 328.238

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 16.486, 196.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 16.486, 196.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

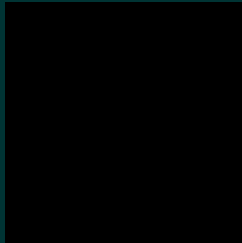
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 16.486, 196.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 16.486, 196.386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 16.486, 196.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 16.289, 196.386

Protanopia

19, 1.369, 290.526

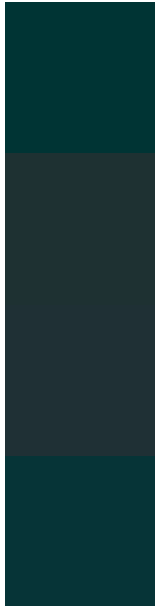
Deuteranopia

19, 5.566, 300.740



Tritanopia
19, 14.221, 208.129

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 16.289, 196.386

Protanomaly
19, 7.982, 202.847

Deuteranomaly
19, 7.670, 225.020

Tritanomaly
19, 14.792, 204.830

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 16.289, 196.386

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 8.092, 197.692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 16.486, 196.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 52, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 52, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 52, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 52, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 16.486, 196.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 52, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 52, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 52, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 52, 52); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 52, 52); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 52, 52) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 16.486, 196.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 52, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 52,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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